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- (d) Special considerations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (e) Conditions of use. (1) Swine—(i) Amount. 3 to 5 mg per kilogram (/kg) of body weight by intramuscular injection. Treatment should be repeated at 24-hour intervals for a total of 3 consecutive days.
- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment and control of swine bacterial respiratory disease (swine bacterial pneumonia) associated with Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae, Pasteurella multocida, Salmonella Choleraesuis, and Streptococcus suis.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Treated swine must not be slaughtered for 4 days following the last treatment.
- (2) Cattle—(i) Amount. For bovine respiratory disease and acute bovine interdigital necrobacillosis, administer 1.1 to 2.2 mg/kg of body weight at 24hour intervals for 3 to 5 consecutive days. For bovine respiratory disease only, 2.2 mg/kg of body weight may be administered twice at a 48-hour interval. For acute metritis only, administer 2.2 mg/kg of body weight at 24hour intervals for 5 consecutive days. Product in peanut oil suspension may administered by either intramuscular or subcutaneous injec-Product in caprylic/capric tion. triglyceride suspension may be administered by subcutaneous injection only.
- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD, shipping fever, pneumonia) associated with Mannheimia haemolytica, P. multocida, and Histophilus somni; acute bovine interdigital necrobacillosis (foot rot, pododermatitis) associated with Fusobacterium necrophorum and Bacteroides melaninogenicus; and acute metritis (0 to 14 days post-partum) associated with bacteria susceptible to ceftiofur.
- (iii) Limitations. Treated cattle must not be slaughtered for 3 days following the last treatment. A withdrawal period has not been established in

preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for yeal.

[61 FR 29479, June 11, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 53578, Oct. 6, 1998; 67 FR 45901, July 11, 2002; 69 FR 47362, Aug. 5, 2004. Redesignated and amended at 71 FR 39544, July 13, 2006; 73 FR 45612, Aug. 6, 2008; 76 FR 17338, Mar. 29, 2011]

§522.313c Ceftiofur sodium.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of aqueous solution constituted from ceftiofur sodium powder contains 50 milligrams (mg) ceftiofur equivalents.
- (b) Sponsors. See Nos. 000009 and 068330 in $\S510.600(c)$ of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.113 of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) Swine—(i) Amount. 3 to 5 mg per kilogram (/kg) body weight by intramuscular injection for 3 consecutive days.
- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment and control of swine bacterial respiratory disease (swine bacterial pneumonia) associated with Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae, Pasteurella multocida, Salmonella choleraesuis, and Streptococcus suis.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Treated pigs must not be slaughtered for 4 days following the last treatment.
- (2) Cattle—(i) Amount. 0.5 to 1.0 mg/lb body weight by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection for 3 days. Additional treatments may be given on days 4 and 5 for animals which do not show satisfactory response.
- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment of bovine respiratory disease (shipping fever, pneumonia) associated with Mannheimia haemolytica, P. multocida, and Histophilus somni in beef and dairy cattle; and for treatment of acute bovine interdigital necrobacillosis (foot rot, pododermatitis) associated with Fusobacterium necrophorum and Bacteroides melaninogenicus.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Treated cattle must not be slaughtered for 4 days following the last treatment.
- (3) Sheep—(i) Amount. 0.5 to 1.0 mg/lb body weight by intramuscular injection for 3 days. Additional treatments

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may be given on days 4 and 5 for animals which do not show satisfactory response.

- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment of sheep respiratory disease (pneumonia) associated with $M.\ haemolytica$ and $P.\ multocida$.
- (4) Goats—(i) Amount. 0.5 to 1.0 mg/lb body weight by intramuscular injection for 3 days. Additional treatments may be given on days 4 and 5 for animals which do not show satisfactory response.
- (ii) Indications for use. For treatment of caprine respiratory disease (goat pneumonia) associated with M. haemolytica and P. multocida.
- (5) Chickens—(i) Amount. 0.08 to 0.20 mg as a single subcutaneous injection in the neck.
- (ii) Indications for use. For control of early mortality associated with Escherichia coli organisms susceptible to ceftiofur in day-old chicks.
- (6) Turkeys—(i) Amount. 0.17 to 0.5 mg as a single subcutaneous injection in the neck.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For control of early mortality associated with *E. coli* organisms susceptible to ceftiofur in day-old poults.
- (7) Horses—(i) Amount. 2.2 to 4.4 mg/kg (1.0 to 2.0 mg/lb) body weight by intramuscular injection. Treatment should be repeated every 24 hours, continued for 48 hours after clinical signs have disappeared, and should not exceed 10 days. A maximum of 10 mL should be administered per injection site.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For treatment of respiratory infections in horses associated with *Streptococcus zooepidemicus*.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Do not use in horses intended for human consumption.
- (8) Dogs—(i) Amount. 1.0 mg/lb (2.2 mg/kg) body weight by subcutaneous injection. Treatment should be repeated at 24-hour intervals, continued for 48 hours after clinical signs have disappeared, for 5 to 14 days.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For treatment of canine urinary tract infections associated with *E. coli* and *Proteus mirabilis*.

[53 5369, Feb. 24, 1988, as amended at 55 FR 13768, Apr. 12, 1990; 56 FR 12119, Mar. 22, 1991; 57 FR 41862, Sept. 14, 1992; 59 FR 41666, Aug. 15, 1994; 59 FR 54518, Nov. 1, 1994; 60 FR 51719, Oct. 3, 1995; 61 FR 35130, July 5, 1996; 61 FR 66583, Dec. 18, 1996; 66 FR 21283, Apr. 30, 2001; 66 FR 32540, June 15, 2001; 69 FR 47362, Aug. 5, 2004. Redesignated and amended at 71 FR 39544, July 13, 2006; 74 FR 34236, July 15, 2009]

§ 522.380 Chloral hydrate, pentobarbital, and magnesium sulfate sterile aqueous solution.

(a) [Reserved]

- (b)(1) Specifications. Chloral hydrate, pentobarbital, and magnesium sulfate sterile aqueous solution contains 42.5 milligrams of chloral hydrate, 8.86 milligrams of pentobarbital, and 21.2 milligrams of magnesium sulfate in each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution containing water, 33.8 percent propylene glycol, and 14.25 percent ethyl alcohol.
- (2) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (3) Conditions of use. (i) It is used for general anesthesia and as a sedative-relaxant in cattle and horses.
- (ii) For intravenous use only. The drug is administered at a dosage level of 20 to 50 milliliters per 100 pounds of body weight for general anesthesia until the desired effect is produced. Cattle usually require a lower dosage on the basis of body weight. When used as a sedative-relaxant, it is administered at a level of one-fourth to one-half of the anesthetic dosage level.
- (iii) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 45 FR 16482, Mar. 14, 1980]

§522.390 Chloramphenicol injection.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter contains 100 milligrams of chloramphenical
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 000069 and 059130 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. Dogs—(1) Amount. 5 to 15 milligrams per pound of