§ 866.5370

§866.5370 Cohn fraction V immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A Cohn fraction V immunological test system is a device that consists of or measures that fraction of plasma containing predominantly albumin (a plasma protein). This test aids in the diagnosis of diseases where albumin levels may be depressed, e.g., nephrosis (disease of the kidney), proteinuria (protein in the urine), gastroenteropathy (disease of the stomach and small intestine), rheumatoid arthritis, and viral hepatitis.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994; 66 FR 38793, July 25, 2001]

§866.5380 Free secretory component immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A free secretory component immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques free secretory component (normally a portion of the secretory IgA antibody molecule) in body fluids. Measurement of free secretory component (protein molecules) aids in the diagnosis or repetitive lung infections and other hypogammaglobulinemic conditions (low antibody levels).

(b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

 $[47\ FR\ 50823,\ Nov.\ 9,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 63\ FR\ 59227,\ Nov.\ 3,\ 1998]$

§ 866.5400 Alpha-globulin immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. An *alpha*-globulin immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the *alpha*-globulin (a serum protein) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of *alpha*-globulin may aid in the diagnosis of inflammatory lesions, infections, severe burns, and a variety of other conditions.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§866.5420 Alpha-1-glycoproteins immunological test system.

Identification. An alpha-1glycoproteins immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used measure to immunochemical techniques alpha-1glycoproteins (a group of plasma proteins found in the alpha-1 group when subjected to electrophoresis) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of specific alpha-1-glycoproteins may aid in the diagnosis of collagen (connective tissue) disorders, tuberculosis, infections, extensive malignancy, and diabe-

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

 $[47\ {\rm FR}\ 50823,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 9,\ 1982,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 65\ {\rm FR}\ 2312,\ {\rm Jan.}\ 14,\ 2000]$

§ 866.5425 Alpha-2-glycoproteins immunological test system.

Identification. An alpha-2glycoproteins immunolgical test system is a device that consists of the remeasure agents used to immunochemical techniques the alpha-2-glycoproteins (a group of plasma proteins found in the alpha-2 group when subjected to electrophoresis) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of alpha-2-glycoproteins aids in the diagnosis of some cancers and genetically inherited deficiencies of these plasma proteins.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

 $[47\ FR\ 50823,\ Nov.\ 9,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 65\ FR\ 2312,\ Jan.\ 14,\ 2000]$