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tax, assistance from the National Taxpayer Advocate, or an administrative hearing before Appeals under its Collection Appeals Program or any successor program.

(j) Effective date. This section is applicable on or after November 16, 2006, with respect to requests made for CDP hearings or equivalent hearings on or after November 16, 2006.

[T.D. 8979, 67 FR 2561, Jan. 18, 2002, as amended by T.D. 9290, 71 FR 60839, Oct. 17, 2006]

§ 301.6321-1 Lien for taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, belonging to such person. For purposes of section 6321 and this section, the term "any tax" shall include a State individual income tax which is a "qualified tax", as defined in paragraph (b) of §301.6361-4. The lien attaches to all property and rights to property belonging to such person at any time during the period of the lien, including any property or rights to property acquired by such person after the lien arises. Solely for purposes of sections 6321 and 6331, any interest in restricted land held in trust by the United States for an individual noncompetent Indian (and not for a tribe) shall not be deemed to be property, or a right to property, belonging to such Indian. For the method of allocating amounts collected pursuant to a lien between the Federal Government and a State or States imposing a qualified tax with respect to which the lien attached, see paragraph (f) of §301.6361-1. For the special lien for estate and gift taxes, see section 6324 and §301.6324-1

[T.D. 7577, 43 FR 59361, Dec. 20, 1978]

§ 301.6323(a)-1 Purchasers, holders of security interests, mechanic's lienors, and judgment lien creditors.

(a) Invalidity of lien without notice. The lien imposed by section 6321 is not valid against any purchaser (as defined

in paragraph (f) of §301.6323(h)-1), holder of a security interest (as defined in paragraph (a) of §301.6323(h)—1), mechanic's lienor (as defined in paragraph (b) of §301.6323(h)-1), or judgment lien creditor (as defined in paragraph (g) of §301.6323(h)-1) until a notice of lien is filed in accordance with §301.6323(f)-1). Except as provided by section 6323, if a person becomes a purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor after a notice of lien is filed in accordance with §301.6323(f)-1, the interest acquired by such person is subject to the lien imposed by section 6321.

(b) Cross references. For provisions relating to the protection afforded a security interest arising after tax lien filing, which interest is covered by a commercial transactions financing agreement, real property construction or improvement financing agreement, or an obligatory disbursement agreement, see §§ 301.6323(c)-1, 301.6323(c)-2, and 301.6323(c)-3, respectively. For provisions relating to the protection afforded to a security interest coming into existence by virtue of disbursements, made before the 46th day after the date of tax lien filing, see §301.6323(d)-1. For provisions relating to priority afforded to interest and certain other expenses with respect to a lien or security interest having priority over the lien imposed by section 6321, see §301.6323(e)-1. For provisions relating to certain other interests arislien filing, after tax § 301.6323(b)-1.

[T.D. 7429, 41 FR 35498, Aug. 23, 1976]

§ 301.6323(b)-1 Protection for certain interests even though notice filed.

- (a) Securities—(1) In general. Even though a notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 is filed in accordance with $\S 301.6323(f)-1$, the lien is not valid with respect to a security (as defined in paragraph (d) of $\S 301.6323(h)-1$) against—
- (i) A purchaser (as defined in paragraph (f) of §301.6323(h)-1) of the security who at the time of purchase did not have actual notice or knowledge (as defined in paragraph (a) of §301.6323(i)-1) of the existence of the lien: