§453.15

computing the amount of "funds" handled

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§ 453.15 The meaning of funds handled "during the preceding fiscal year".

The funds handled by personnel required to be bonded and their predecessors during the course of a fiscal year would ordinarily include the total of whatever such funds were on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year plus any items received or added in the form of funds during the year for any reason, such as dues, fees and assessments, trust receipts, or items received as a result of sales, investments, reinvestments, or otherwise. It would not. however, be necessary to count the same item twice in arriving at the total funds handled by personnel during a year. Once an item properly within the category of "funds" had been counted as handled by personnel during a year, there would be no need to count it again should it subsequently be handled by the same personnel during the same year in some other connection.

§ 453.16 Funds handled by more than one person.

The amount of any required bond is determined by the total funds handled during a fiscal year by each "person" bonded, and any predecessors of such "person". The term "person", however, is defined in section 3(d) of the Act to include "one or more" of the various individuals or entities there listed, so that there may be numerous instances where the bond of a "person" may include several individuals. Wherever this is the case, the amount of the bond for that "person" would, of course, be based on the total funds handled by all who comprise the "person" included in the bond, without regard to the precise extent to which any particular individual might have handled such funds. This would be the situation, for example, in many cases of joint or group activity in the performance of a single function. It would also be true where various individuals performed the same type of function for an organization, even though they acted independently of one another. There would, however, be no objection to bonding each individual separately, and fixing

amount of his bond on the basis of the total funds which he individually handled during the year.

§ 453.17 Term of the bond.

The amount of any required bond must in each instance be based on funds handled "during the preceding fiscal year." and must be fixed "at the beginning" of an organization's fiscal year—that is, as soon after the date when such year begins as the necessary information from the preceding fiscal year can practicably be ascertained. This does not mean, however, that a new bond must be obtained each year. There is nothing in the Act which prohibits a bond for a term longer than one year, with whatever advantages such a bond might offer by way of a lower premium, but at the beginning of each fiscal year during its term the bond must be in at least the requisite amount. If it is below that level at that time for any reason, it would then be necessary either to modify the existing bond to increase it to the proper amount or to obtain a supplementary bond. In either event, the terms upon which this could best be done would be left to the parties directly concerned.

FORM OF BONDS

§ 453.18 Bonds "individual or schedule in form".

(a) General consideration. In addition to such substantive matters as the personnel who must be bonded and the scope and the amount of the prescribed bonds, which have been discussed previously, the form of the bonds is the subject of a specific provision of section 502(a). Under this provision, a bond meeting the substantive requirements of the section may be either "individual or schedule in form." These terms are not specially defined and could be descriptive of a variety of possible forms of bonds. According to trade usage, an individual bond is a single bond covering a single named individual to a designated amount, and bonds "schedule in form" may include either name schedule or position schedule bonds. A name schedule bond is typically a single bond covering a series or list of named individuals, each