### § 200.9

(iii) To the extent practicable, in a language that parents can understand.

- (b) Itemized score analyses for LEAs and schools. (1) A State's academic assessment system must produce and report to LEAs and schools itemized score analyses, consistent with §200.2(b)(4), so that parents, teachers, principals, and administrators can interpret and address the specific academic needs of students.
- (2) The requirement to report itemized score analyses in paragraph (b)(1) of this section does not require the release of test items.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(3)) [67 FR 45042, July 5, 2002]

#### § 200.9 Deferral of assessments.

- (a) A State may defer the start or suspend the administration of the assessments required under §200.2 that were not required prior to January 8, 2002 for one year for each year for which the amount appropriated for State assessment grants under section 6113(a)(2) of the Act is less than the trigger amount in section 1111(b)(3)(D) of the Act.
- (b) A State may not cease the development of the assessments referred to in paragraph (a) of this section even if sufficient funds are not appropriated under section 6113(a)(2) of the Act.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(3); 7301b(a)(2)) [67 FR 45043, July 5, 2002]

# § 200.10 Applicability of a State's academic assessments to private schools and private school students.

- (a) Nothing in §200.1 or §200.2 requires a private school, including a private school whose students receive services under subpart A of this part, to participate in a State's academic assessment system.
- (b)(1) If an LEA provides services to eligible private school students under subpart A of this part, the LEA must, through timely consultation with appropriate private school officials, determine how services to eligible private school students will be academically assessed and how the results of that assessment will be used to improve those services.
- (2) The assessments referred to in paragraph (b)(1) of this section may be

the State's academic assessments under §200.2 or other appropriate academic assessments.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6320, 7886(a))

[67 FR 45043, July 5, 2002]

PARTICIPATION IN NATIONAL ASSESS-MENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS (NAEP)

#### § 200.11 Participation in NAEP.

- (a) State participation. Beginning in the 2002–2003 school year, each State that receives funds under subpart A of this part must participate in biennial State academic assessments of fourth and eighth grade reading and mathematics under the State National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), if the Department pays the costs of administering those assessments.
- (b) Local participation. In accordance with section 1112(b)(1)(F) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), and notwithstanding section 411(d)(1) of the National Education Statistics Act of 1994, an LEA that receives funds under subpart A of this part must participate, if selected, in the State-NAEP assessments referred to in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Report cards. Each State and LEA must report on its annual State and LEA report card, respectively, the most recent available academic achievement results in grades four and eight on the State's NAEP reading and mathematics assessments under paragraph (a) of this section. The report cards must include—
- (1) The percentage of students at each achievement level reported on the NAEP in the aggregate and, for State report cards, disaggregated for each subgroup described in \$200.13(b)(7)(ii); and
- (2) The participation rates for students with disabilities and for limited English proficient students.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0581)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6311(c)(2); 6312(b)(1)(F), 9010(d)(1))

[67 FR 71715, Dec. 2, 2002, as amended at 73 FR 64508, Oct. 29, 2008]

STATE ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM

### § 200.12 Single State accountability system.

- (a)(1) Each State must demonstrate in its State plan that the State has developed and is implementing, beginning with the 2002–2003 school year, a single, statewide accountability system
- (2) The State's accountability system must be effective in ensuring that all public elementary and secondary schools and LEAs in the State make AYP as defined in §§ 200.13 through 200.20.
- (b) The State's accountability system must—
- (1) Be based on the State's academic standards under §200.1, academic assessments under §200.2, and other academic indicators under §200.19;
- (2) Take into account the achievement of all public elementary and secondary school students;
- (3) Be the same accountability system the State uses for all public elementary and secondary schools and all LEAs in the State; and
- (4) Include sanctions and rewards that the State will use to hold public elementary and secondary schools and LEAs accountable for student achievement and for making AYP, except that the State is not required to subject schools and LEAs not participating under subpart A of this part to the requirements of section 1116 of the ESEA.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0576)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(A))

[67 FR 71715, Dec. 2, 2002, as amended at 73 FR 78637, Dec. 23, 2008]

ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS (AYP)

## §200.13 Adequate yearly progress in general.

- (a) Each State must demonstrate in its State plan what constitutes AYP of the State and of all public schools and LEAs in the State—
- (1) Toward enabling all public school students to meet the State's student academic achievement standards; while
- (2) Working toward the goal of narrowing the achievement gaps in the State, its LEAs, and its public schools.

- (b) A State must define adequate yearly progress, in accordance with §§ 200.14 through 200.20, in a manner that—
- (1) Applies the same high standards of academic achievement to all public school students in the State, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section;
  - (2) Is statistically valid and reliable;
- (3) Results in continuous and substantial academic improvement for all students;
- (4) Measures the progress of all public schools, LEAs, and the State based primarily on the State's academic assessment system under \$200.2:
- (5) Measures progress separately for reading/language arts and for mathematics:
- (6) Is the same for all public schools and LEAs in the State; and
- (7) Consistent with §200.7, applies the same annual measurable objectives under §200.18 separately to each of the following:
- (i) All public school students.
- (ii) Students in each of the following subgroups:
- (A) Economically disadvantaged students.
- (B) Students from major racial and ethnic groups.
- (C) Students with disabilities, as defined in section 9101(5) of the ESEA.
- (D) Students with limited English proficiency, as defined in section 9101(25) of the ESEA.
- (c)(1) In calculating AYP for schools, LEAs, and the State, a State must, consistent with §200.7(a), include the scores of all students with disabilities.
- (2) With respect to scores based on alternate or modified academic achievement standards, a State may include—
- (i) The proficient and advanced scores of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities based on the alternate academic achievement standards described in §200.1(d), provided that the number of those scores at the LEA and at the State levels, separately, does not exceed 1.0 percent of all students in the grades assessed in reading/language arts and in mathematics; and
- (ii) The proficient and advanced scores of students with disabilities based on the modified academic