notice of intent to suspend the institution's participation or servicer's eligibility.

- (3) A suspension may not exceed 60 days unless a designated department official begins a limitation or termination proceeding under this subpart before the expiration of that period. In that case, the period may be extended until a final decision is issued in that proceeding according to paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c)(1) In a fine, limitation, or termination proceeding, the hearing official's initial decision automatically becomes the Secretary's final decision 30 days after the initial decision is issued and received by both parties unless, within that 30-day period, the institution or servicer, as applicable, or the designated department official appeals the initial decision to the Secretary.
- (2)(i) A party may appeal the hearing official's initial decision by submitting to the Secretary, within 30 days after the party receives the initial decision, a brief or other written statement that explains why the party believes that the Secretary should reverse or modify the decision of the hearing official.
- (ii) At the time the party files its appeal submission, the party shall provide a copy of that submission to the opposing party.
- (iii) The opposing party shall submit its brief or other responsive statement to the Secretary, with a copy to the appellant, within 30 days after the opposing party receives the appellant's brief or written statement.
- (iv) The appealing party may submit proposed findings of fact or conclusions of law. However, the proposed findings of fact must be supported by—
- (A) The evidence introduced into the record at the hearing:
- (B) Stipulations of the parties if the hearing consisted of written submissions; or
- (C) Matters that may be judicially noticed.
- (v) Neither party may introduce new evidence on appeal.
- (vi) The initial decision of the hearing official imposing a fine or limiting or terminating the institution's participation or servicer's eligibility does not take effect pending the appeal.

- (vii) The Secretary renders a final decision. The Secretary may delegate to a designated department official the functions described in paragraph (c)(2) (vii) through (ix) of this section.
- (viii) In rendering a final decision, the Secretary considers only evidence introduced into the record at the hearing and facts agreed to by the parties if the hearing consisted only of written submissions and matters that may be judicially noticed.
- (ix) If the hearing official finds that a termination is warranted pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this section, the Secretary may affirm, modify, or reverse the initial decision, or may remand the case to the hearing official for further proceedings consistent with the Secretary's decision. If the Secretary affirms the initial decision without issuing a statement of reasons, the Secretary adopts the opinion of the hearing official as the decision of the Secretary. If the Secretary modifies, remands, or reverses the initial decision, in whole or in part, the Secretary's decision states the reasons for the action taken.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0537)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1082, 1094)

[59 FR 22448, Apr. 29, 1994, as amended at 59 FR 34964, July 7, 1994; 60 FR 61774, Dec. 1, 1995; 65 FR 65637, Nov. 1, 2000]

## § 668.91 Filing of requests for hearings and appeals; confirmation of mailing and receipt dates.

- (a) Filing of request for hearing, show-cause opportunity, or appeal. (1) A request by an institution or third-party servicer for a hearing or show-cause opportunity, other material submitted by an institution or third-party servicer in response to a notice of proposed action under this subpart, or an appeal to the Secretary under this subpart must be filed with the designated department official by hand-delivery, mail, or facsimile transmission.
- (2) Documents filed by facsimile transmission must be transmitted to the designated department official identified, either in the notice initiating the action, or, for an appeal, in instructions provided by the hearing official, as the individual responsible

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to receive them. A party filing a document by facsimile transmission must confirm that a complete and legible copy of the document was received by the Department of Education, and may be required by the designated department official to provide a hard copy of the document.

- (3) The Secretary discourages the use of facsimile transmission for documents longer than five pages.
- (4) If agreed upon by the parties, service of a document required to be served on another party may be made upon the other party by facsimile transmission.
- (b) Confirmation of mailing and receipt dates. (1) The mailing date of a notice from a designated department official initiating an action under this subpart is the date evidenced on the original receipt of mailing from the U.S. Postal Service.
- (2) The date on which a request for a show-cause opportunity, a request for a hearing, other material submitted in response to a notice of action under this subpart, a decision by a hearing official, or a notice of appeal is received is, as applicable—
- (i) The date of receipt evidenced on the original receipt for a document sent by certified mail
- (ii) The date following the date recorded by the delivery service as the date material was sent for a document sent by next-day delivery service.
- (iii) The date a document sent by regular mail is recorded, according to the regular business practice of the office receiving the document, as received.
- (iv) The date a document sent by facsimile transmission is recorded as received by the facsimile equipment that receives the transmission.
- (c) Refusals. If an institution or thirdparty servicer refuses to accept a notice mailed under this subpart, the Secretary considers the notice as being received on the date that the institution or servicer refuses to accept the notice.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1094)

[51 FR 43325, Dec. 1, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 13345, Mar. 10, 1993; 59 FR 22450, Apr. 29, 1994]

## § 668.92 Fines.

(a) In determining the amount of a fine, the designated department offi-

cial, hearing official, and Secretary take into account—

- (1) (i) The gravity of an institution's or third-party servicer's violation or failure to carry out the relevant statutory provision, regulatory provision, special arrangement, agreement, or limitation entered into under the authority of statutes applicable to Title IV of the HEA; or
- (ii) The gravity of the institution's or servicer's misrepresentation;
  - (2) The size of the institution:
- (3) The size of the servicer's business, including the number of institutions and students served by the servicer;
- (4) In the case of a violation by a third-party servicer, the extent to which the servicer can document that the institution contributed to that violation: and
- (5) For purposes of assessing a fine on a third-party servicer, the extent to which—
- (i) Violations are caused by repeated mechanical systemic unintentional errors. The Secretary counts the total of violations caused by a repeated mechanical systemic unintentional error as a single violation, unless the servicer has been cited for a similar violation previously and had failed to make the appropriate corrections to the system; and
- (ii) The financial loss of Title IV, HEA program funds was attributable to a repeated mechanical systemic unintentional error.
- (b) In determining the gravity of the institution's or servicer's violation, failure, or misrepresentation under paragraph (a) of this section, the designated department official, hearing official, and Secretary take into account the amount of any liability owed by the institution and any third-party servicer that contracts with the institution, and the number of students affected as a result of that violation, failure, or misrepresentation on—
- (1) Improperly expended or unspent Title IV, HEA program funds received by the institution or servicer, as applicable: or
- (2) Required refunds, including the treatment of title IV, HEA program funds when a student withdraws under § 668.22.