

§ 63.706

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-12 Edition)

stream entering or exiting the treatment process, and the HAP concentration of each individual HAP compound of the entering or exiting wastewater streams, respectively.

(A) The flow rate of the entering and exiting wastewater streams shall be determined using inlet and outlet flow meters, respectively.

(B) The average HAP concentration of each individual HAP of the entering and exiting wastewater streams shall be determined according to the procedures specified in either paragraph (b)(9)(i)(A) or (b)(9)(ii)(B) of this section. If measuring the VOHAP concentration of an individual HAP in accordance with § 63.705(b)(9)(i)(A), the concentrations of the individual organic VOHAP measured in the water shall be corrected to a HAP concentration by dividing each VOHAP concentration by the compound-specific fraction measured factor ( $F_M$ ) listed in table 34 of 40 CFR part 63, subpart G.

(C) Three grab samples of the entering wastewater stream shall be taken at equally spaced time intervals over a 1-hour period. Each 1-hour period constitutes a run, and the performance test shall consist of a minimum of three runs.

(D) Three grab samples of the exiting wastewater stream shall be taken at equally spaced time intervals over a 1-hour period. Each 1-hour period constitutes a run, and the performance test shall consist of a minimum of three runs conducted over the same 3-hour period at which the total HAP mass flow rate entering the treatment process is determined.

(E) The HAP mass flow rates of each individual HAP compound entering and exiting the treatment process are calculated as follows:

$$E_b = \frac{K}{n \times 10^6} \left( \sum_{p=1}^n V_{bp} C_{bp} \right)$$

$$E_a = \frac{K}{n \times 10^6} \left( \sum_{p=1}^n V_{ap} C_{ap} \right)$$

where:

$E_b$  = HAP mass flow rate of an individually speciated HAP compound entering the treatment process, kilograms per hour.

$E_a$  = HAP mass flow rate of an individually speciated HAP compound exiting the treatment process, kilograms per hour.

$K$  = Density of the wastewater stream, kilograms per cubic meter.

$V_{bp}$  = Average volumetric flow rate of wastewater entering the treatment process during each run  $p$ , cubic meters per hour.

$V_{ap}$  = Average volumetric flow rate of wastewater exiting the treatment process during each run  $p$ , cubic meters per hour.

$C_{bp}$  = Average HAP concentration of an individually speciated HAP in the wastewater stream entering the treatment process during each run  $p$ , parts per million by weight.

$C_{ap}$  = Average HAP concentration of an individually speciated HAP in the wastewater stream exiting the treatment process during each run  $p$ , parts per million by weight.

$n$  = Number of runs.

(iii) The fraction removed across the treatment process for each individually speciated HAP compound shall be calculated as follows:

$$F_R = \frac{E_b - E_a}{E_b}$$

where:

$F_R$  = Fraction removed for an individually speciated HAP compound of the treatment process.

$E_b$  = HAP mass flow rate of an individually speciated HAP compound entering the treatment process, kilogram per hour.

$E_a$  = HAP mass flow rate of an individually speciated HAP compound exiting the treatment process, kilograms per hour.

(i) Startups and shutdowns are normal operation for this source category. Emissions from these activities are to be included when determining if the standards specified in § 63.703 are being attained.

(j) An owner or operator who uses compliance techniques other than those specified in this subpart shall submit a description of those compliance procedures, subject to the Administrator's approval, in accordance with § 63.7(f) of subpart A.

**§ 63.706 Recordkeeping requirements.**

(a) Except as stipulated in § 63.703 (b), (c)(5), and (h), the owner or operator of

## Environmental Protection Agency

## § 63.707

a magnetic tape manufacturing operation subject to this subpart shall fulfill all applicable recordkeeping requirements in §63.10 of subpart A, as outlined in Table 1.

(b) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to this subpart that is also subject to the requirements of §63.703(e)(1)(ii) (a minimum freeboard ratio of 75 percent), shall record whether or not the minimum freeboard ratio has been achieved every time that HAP solvent is added to the wash sink. A measurement of the actual ratio is not necessary for each record as long as the owner or operator has a reliable method for making the required determination. For example, the record may be made by comparing the HAP solvent level to a permanent mark on the sink that corresponds to a 75 percent freeboard ratio. A HAP solvent level in the sink higher than the mark would indicate the minimum ratio has not been achieved.

(c) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to this subpart that is subject to the requirements of §63.704(c)(10) shall:

(1) If complying with §63.704(c)(10)(i), maintain hourly records of whether the flow indicator was operating and whether flow was detected at any time during the hour, as well as records of the times and durations of all periods when the vent stream is diverted from the control device or the monitor is not operating;

(2) If complying with §63.704(c)(10)(ii), (iii), or (iv), maintain a record of monthly inspections, and the records of the times and durations of all periods when:

(i) Flow was diverted through any bypass line such that the seal mechanism was broken;

(ii) The key for a lock-and-key type lock had been checked out;

(iii) The valve position on any bypass line changed to the open position; or

(iv) The diversion of flow through any bypass line caused a shutdown of HAP-emitting operations.

(d) The owner or operator of an affected source that is complying with §63.703(c) by performing a material balance in accordance with §63.705(c)(1) shall:

(1) Maintain a record of each 7-day rolling average calculation; and

(2) Maintain a record of the certification of the accuracy of the device that measures the amount of HAP or VOC recovered.

(e) The owner or operator of a magnetic tape manufacturing operation subject to the provisions of §63.703 (b) and (h) shall maintain records of the calculations used to determine the limits on the amount of HAP utilized as specified in §63.703(b)(2), and of the HAP utilized in each month and the sum over each 12-month period.

(f) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of §63.703(c)(5) shall keep records of the HAP content of each batch of coating applied as calculated according to §63.705(c)(5), and records of the formulation data that support the calculations. When a batch of coating applied is identical to a previous batch applied, only one set of records is required to be kept.

(g) The owner or operator of an affected source that is complying with §63.703(c)(1) through the use of a non-regenerative carbon adsorber and demonstrating initial compliance in accordance with §63.705(c)(6) shall maintain records to support the outlet VOC or HAP concentration value or the carbon replacement time established as the site-specific operating parameter to demonstrate compliance.

(h) In accordance with §63.10(b)(1) of subpart A, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this subpart shall retain all records required by this subpart and subpart A for at least 5 years following their collection.

### § 63.707 Reporting requirements.

(a) Except as stipulated in §63.703(b), (c)(5), and (h), the owner or operator of a magnetic tape manufacturing operation subject to this subpart shall fulfill all applicable reporting requirements in §63.7 through §63.10, as outlined in Table 1 to this subpart. These reports shall be submitted to the Administrator or delegated State.

(b) The owner or operator of an existing magnetic tape manufacturing operation subject to §63.703(b) and (h) shall include the values of the limits on the