Part 63, Subpt. AAAAA, Table 1

to produce lime product from limestone or other calcareous material by calcination.

Lime product means the product of the lime kiln calcination process including, calcitic lime, dolomitic lime, and dead-burned dolomite.

Limestone means the material comprised primarily of calcium carbonate (referred to sometimes as calcitic or high calcium limestone), magnesium carbonate, and/or the double carbonate of both calcium and magnesium (referred to sometimes as dolomitic limestone or dolomite).

Monovent means an exhaust configuration of a building or emission control device (e.g., positive pressure FF) that extends the length of the structure and has a width very small in relation to its length (*i.e.*, length-to-width ratio is typically greater than 5:1). The exhaust may be an open vent with or without a roof, louvered vents, or a combination of such features.

Particulate matter (PM) detector means a system that is continuously capable of monitoring PM loading in the exhaust of FF or ESP in order to detect bag leaks, upset conditions, or control device malfunctions and sounds an alarm at a preset level. A PM detector system includes, but is not limited to, an instrument that operates on triboelectric, light scattering, light transmittance, or other effects to continuously monitor relative particulate 40 CFR Ch. I (7–1–11 Edition)

loadings. A BLDS is a type of PM detector.

Positive pressure FF or ESP means a FF or ESP with the fan(s) on the upstream side of the control device.

Process stone handling operations means the equipment and transfer points between the equipment used to transport processed stone, and includes, storage bins, conveying system transfer points, bulk loading or unloading systems, screening operations, bucket elevators, and belt conveyors.

Processed stone means limestone or other calcareous material that has been processed to a size suitable for feeding into a lime kiln.

Screening operation means a device for separating material according to size by passing undersize material through one or more mesh surfaces (screens) in series and retaining oversize material on the mesh surfaces (screens).

Stack emissions means the PM that is released to the atmosphere from a capture system or control device.

Storage bin means a manmade enclosure for storage (including surge bins) of *processed stone* prior to the lime kiln.

Transfer point means a point in a conveying operation where the material is transferred to or from a belt conveyor.

Vent means an opening through which there is mechanically induced air flow for the purpose of exhausting from a building air carrying PM emissions from one or more emission units.

TABLE 1 TO SUBPART AAAAA OF PART 63—EMISSION LIMITS

As required in 63.7090(a), you must meet each emission limit in the following table that applies to you.

For	You must meet the following emission limit
 Existing lime kilns and their associated lime coolers that did not have a wet scrubber installed and operating prior to Jan- uary 5, 2004. 	PM emissions must not exceed 0.12 pounds per ton of stone feed (lb/tsf).
 Existing lime kilns and their associated lime coolers that have a wet scrubber, where the scrubber itself was installed and operating prior to January 5, 2004. 	PM emissions must not exceed 0.60 lb/tsf. If at any time after January 5, 2004 the kiln changes to a dry control system, then the PM emission limit in item 1 of this Table 1 applies, and the kiln is hereafter ineligible for the PM emission limit in item 2 of this Table 1 regardless of the method of PM control.
3. New lime kilns and their associated lime coolers	PM emissions must not exceed 0.10 lb/tsf.

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Part 63, Subpt. AAAAA, Table 2

For	You must meet the following emission limit
4. All existing and new lime kilns and their associated coolers at your LMP, and you choose to average PM emissions, ex- cept that any kiln that is allowed to meet the 0.60 lb/tsf PM emission limit is ineligible for averaging.	Weighted average PM emissions calculated according to Eq. 2 in §63.7112 must not exceed 0.12 lb/tsf (if you are aver- aging only existing kilns) or 0.10 lb/tsf (if you are averaging only new kilns). If you are averaging existing and new kilns, your weighted average PM emissions must not exceed the weighted average emission limit calculated according to Eq. 3 in §63.7112, except that no new kiln and its associated cooler considered alone may exceed an average PM emis- sions limit of 0.10 lb/tsf.
5. Stack emissions from all PSH operations at a new or exist- ing affected source.	PM emissions must not exceed 0.05 grams per dry standard cubic meter (g/dscm).
 Stack emissions from all PSH operations at a new or exist- ing affected source, unless the stack emissions are dis- charged through a wet scrubber control device. 	Emissions must not exceed 7 percent opacity.
7. Fugitive emissions from all PSH operations at a new or ex- isting affected source, except as provided by item 8 of this Table 1.	Emissions must not exceed 10 percent opacity.
 All PSH operations at a new or existing affected source en- closed in a building. 	All of the individually affected PSH operations must comply with the applicable PM and opacity emission limitations in items 5 through 7 of this Table 1, or the building must com- ply with the following: There must be no VE from the build- ing, except from a vent; and vent emissions must not exceed the stack emissions limitations in items 5 and 6 of this Table 1.
9. Each FF that controls emissions from only an individual, enclosed storage bin.	Emissions must not exceed 7 percent opacity.
10. Each set of multiple storage bins at a new or existing affected source, with combined stack emissions.	You must comply with the emission limits in items 5 and 6 of this Table 1.

TABLE 2 TO SUBPART AAAAA OF PART 63—OPERATING LIMITS

As required in §63.7090(b), you must meet each operating limit in the following table that applies to you.

For	You must
 Each lime kiln and each lime cooler (if there is a separate exhaust to the atmosphere from the associated lime cooler) equipped with an FF. 	Maintain and operate the FF such that the BLDS or PM detec- tor alarm condition does not exist for more than 5 percent of the total operating time in a 6-month period; and comply with the requirements in §63.7113(d) through (f) and Table 5 to this subpart. In lieu of a BLDS or PM detector maintain the FF such that the 6-minute average opacity for any 6-minute block period does not exceed 15 percent; and comply with the requirements in §63.7113(f) and (g) and Table 5 to this subpart.
2. Each lime kiln equipped with a wet scrubber	Maintain the 3-hour block exhaust gas stream pressure drop across the wet scrubber greater than or equal to the pres- sure drop operating limit established during the most recent PM performance test; and maintain the 3-hour block scrub- bing liquid flow rate greater than the flow rate operating limit established during the most recent performance test.
3. Each lime kiln equipped with an electrostatic precipitator	Install a PM detector and maintain and operate the ESP such that the PM detector alarm is not activated and alarm condi- tion does not exist for more than 5 percent of the total oper- ating time in a 6-month period, and comply with §63.7113(e); or, maintain the ESP such that the 6-minute average opacity for any 6-minute block period does not ex- ceed 15 percent, and comply with the requirements in §63.7113(g); and comply with the requirements in § 63.7113(f) and Table 5 to this subpart.
 Each PSH operation subject to a PM limit which uses a wet scrubber. 	Maintain the 3-hour block average exhaust gas stream pres- sure drop across the wet scrubber greater than or equal to the pressure drop operating limit established during the PM performance test; and maintain the 3-hour block average scrubbing liquid flow rate greater than or equal to the flow rate operating limit established during the performance test.
5. All affected sources	Prepare a written OM&M plan; the plan must include the items listed in §63.7100(d) and the corrective actions to be taken when required in Table 5 to this subpart.