Environmental Protection Agency

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting appendix A to part 63, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

APPENDIX B TO PART 63-SOURCES DE-

FINED FOR EARLY REDUCTION PROVISIONS		presented in this appendix are designed to be applied to thoroughly mixed treatment units. A thoroughly mixed treatment unit is
Source	Location of def- inition	a unit that is designed and operated to approach or achieve uniform biomass distribution and organic compound concentration throughout the aeration unit by quickly dispersing the recycled biomass and the wastewater entering the unit. Detailed discussion on how to determine if a biological treatment unit is thoroughly mixed can be found in reference 7. Systems that are not thoroughly mixed treatment units should be subdivided into a series of zones that have uniform characteristics within each zone. The number of zones required to characterize a biological treatment system will depend on the design and operation of the treatment system. Detailed discussion on how to determine the number of zones in a biological treatment unit and examples of determination of $f_{\rm bio}$ can be found in reference 8. Each zone should then be modeled as a separate unit. The amount of air emissions and biodegradation from the modeling of these separate zones can then be added to reflect the entire system.
Organic Process Equipment in Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant Service at Chemical Plants and Other Designated Facilities.	56 FR 9315, March 6, 1991, An- nouncement of Negotiated Rulemaking	
a. All valves in gas or light liquid service within a process unit b. All pumps in light liquid service within a process unit c. All connectors in gas or light liquid service within a process unit d. Each compressor e. Each product accumulator vessel f. Each agitator g. Each pressure relief device h. Each open-ended valve or line i. Each sampling connection system j. Each instrumentation system k. Each pump, valve, or connector in heavy liquid service L. Each closed vent system and		

[57 FR 62002, Dec. 29, 1992]

control device

APPENDIX C TO PART 63—DETERMINA-TION OF THE FRACTION BIODEGRADED (Fbio) IN A BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT UNIT

I. Each closed vent system and

I. Purpose

The purpose of this appendix is to define the procedures for an owner or operator to use to calculate the site specific fraction of organic compounds biodegraded (F_{bio}) in a biological treatment unit. If an acceptable level of organic compounds is destroyed rather than emitted to the air or remaining in the effluent, the biological treatment unit may be used to comply with the applicable treatment requirements without the unit being covered and vented through a closed vent system to an air pollution control de-

The determination of F_{bio} shall be made on a system as it would exist under the rule. The owner or operator should anticipate changes that would occur to the wastewater flow and concentration of organics, to be treated by the biological treatment unit, as a result of enclosing the collection and treatment system as required by the rule.

II. Definitions

Unless otherwise specified, the procedures

Biological treatment unit = wastewater treatment unit designed and operated to promote the growth of bacteria to destroy organic materials in wastewater.

 f_{bio} = The fraction of individual applicable organic compounds in the wastewater biodegraded in a biological treatment unit.

 F_{bio} = The fraction of total applicable organic compounds in the wastewater biodegraded in a biological treatment unit.

Fe = The fraction of applicable organic compounds emitted from the wastewater to the atmosphere.

K1 = First order biodegradation rate constant, L/g MLVSS-hr

KL = liquid-phase mass transfer coefficient, m/s

M = compound specific mass flow weighted average of organic compounds in the wastewater, Mg/Yr

III. Procedures for Determination of fbio

The first step in the analysis to determine if a biological treatment unit may be used without being covered and vented through a closed-vent system to an air pollution control device is to determine the compoundspecific f_{bio} . The following procedures may be used to determine f_{bio} :