

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 88.306-94

(d) *Credit use.* (1) All credits generated in accordance with these provisions may be freely traded or banked for later use, subject to the provisions contained in this subpart, without discount or depreciation of such credits.

(2) A covered fleet owner or operator desiring to demonstrate full or partial compliance with covered fleet purchase requirements by the redemption of credits shall surrender sufficient credits as established in this paragraph. In lieu of purchasing a CFFV, a fleet owner or operator shall surrender credits equal to the credit value for the corresponding vehicle class and credit calculation method used in that area from either Table C94-1.3, C94-2.3, C94-3.3, C94-4.3, or C94-5.3 of this subpart.

(3) Credits earned within the boundaries of a covered nonattainment area may be traded within those boundaries whether or not that area encompasses parts of more than one state.

(4) Credits issued as a result of CFFV purchase requirements in one nonattainment area may not be used to demonstrate compliance in another nonattainment area, even if a state contains more than one covered nonattainment area.

(5) Credit allocation. (i) Credits generated by the purchase of LDVs and LDTs of 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR or less may be used to demonstrate compliance with covered fleet purchase requirements applicable to LDVs or LDTs of 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR or less.

(ii) Credits generated by the purchase of vehicles of more than 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR may not be used to demonstrate compliance with the covered fleet purchase requirements for vehicles weighing 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR or less.

(iii) Credits generated by the purchase of vehicles of 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR or less may not be used to demonstrate compliance with requirements for vehicles of more than 8,500 pounds (3,900 kilograms) GVWR.

(iv) Credits generated by the purchase of a HDV of a particular weight subclass may be used to demonstrate compliance with required heavy-duty vehicle purchases for the same or lighter weight subclasses. These credits may not be used to demonstrate com-

pliance with required HDV purchases for vehicles of heavier weight subclasses than the weight subclass of the vehicle which generated the credits.

§ 88.305-94 Clean-fuel fleet vehicle labeling requirements for heavy-duty vehicles.

(a) All clean-fuel heavy-duty engines and vehicles used as LEVs, ULEVs, and ZEVs that are also regulated under 40 CFR part 86 shall comply with the labeling requirements of 40 CFR 86.095-35 (or later applicable sections), and shall also include an unconditional statement on the label indicating that the engine or vehicle is a LEV, ULEV, or ZEV, and meets all of the applicable requirements of this part 88.

(b) All heavy-duty clean-fuel fleet vehicles not regulated under 40 CFR part 86 shall have a permanent legible label affixed to the engine or vehicle in a readily visible location, which contains the following information:

(1) The label heading: vehicle emissions classification information (e.g., "This is a Low Emission Vehicle");

(2) Full corporate name and trademark of the manufacturer;

(3) A statement that this engine or vehicle meets all applicable requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency clean-fuel fleet vehicle program, as described in this part 88, but not necessarily those requirements found in 40 CFR part 86.

[59 FR 50080, Sept. 30, 1994]

§ 88.306-94 Requirements for a converted vehicle to qualify as a clean-fuel fleet vehicle.

(a) For purposes of meeting the requirements of section 246 of the Clean Air Act or the SIP revisions, conversions of engines or vehicles which satisfy the requirements of this section shall be treated as a purchase of a clean-fuel vehicle under subpart C of this part.

(b) The engine or vehicle must be converted using a conversion configuration which has been certified according to the provisions of 40 CFR part 86 using applicable emission standards and other provisions from part 88 for clean-fuel engines and vehicles. The following requirements will also apply: