### **Environmental Protection Agency**

(c) The limitations for cyanide are the same as specified in §439.12(e), (f) and (g).

[67 FR 12273, Mar. 13, 2003]

## § 439.35 New source performance standards (NSPS).

- (a) Any new source subject to this subpart must achieve the same standards as specified in §439.15(a).
- (b) The limitations for cyanide are the same as specified in §439.12(e), (f) and (g).
- (c) Any new source subject to the provisions of this section that commenced discharging after November 21, 1988, and prior to November 20, 1998, must continue to achieve the standards specified for this section in the 1988 edition of 40 CFR part 439, until the expiration of the applicable time period specified in 40 CFR 122.29(d)(1), after which the source must achieve the standards specified in §439.33 and §439.34.

[68 FR 12273, Mar. 13, 2003]

# § 439.36 Pretreatment standards for existing sources (PSES).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 403.7 and 403.13, any existing source subject to this subpart must continue achieving the standards for cyanide specified in paragraph (b) of this section and must achieve the standards specified in § 439.16(a) by September 21, 2001.

- (a) Sources that discharge to a POTW with nitrification capability (defined at §439.1(i)) are not required to achieve the standards for ammonia (as N).
- (b) The standards for cyanide are the same as specified in §439.12(e), (f) and (g).

[68 FR 12274, Mar. 13, 2003]

#### §439.37 Pretreatment standards for new sources (PSNS).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 403.7, any new source subject to this subpart must achieve the same standards as specified in §439.36.

- (a) Sources that discharge to a POTW with nitrification capability (defined at §439.2(i)) are not required to achieve the pretreatment standard for ammonia (as N).
- (b) The pretreatment standards for cyanide are as follows:

Regulated parameter	Effluent limitation 1	
	Maximum daily dis- charge	Average monthly dis- charge must not exceed
Cyanide (T)	33.5	9.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mg/L (ppm).

- (c) When monitoring for cyanide at the end-of-pipe is impractical because of dilution by other process wastewaters, compliance with the cyanide pretreatment standards in paragraph (b) of this section must be demonstrated at in-plant monitoring points pursuant to 40 CFR 403.6(e) (2) and (4). Under the same provisions, the permitting authority may impose monitoring requirements on internal wastestreams for any other parameter(s) regulated by this section.
- (d) Compliance with the standard in paragraph (b) or (c) of this section may be achieved by certifying to the permit issuing authority that a facility's manufacturing processes neither use nor generate cyanide.

[63 FR 50434, Sept. 21, 1998; 64 FR 10393, Mar. 4, 1999; 64 FR 48104, Sept. 2, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 34832, June 11, 2003]

# Subpart D—Mixing/Compounding and Formulation

#### § 439.40 Applicability.

This subpart applies to discharges of process wastewater resulting from the manufacture of pharmaceutical products by mixing, compounding and formulating operations.

[63 FR 50435, Sept. 21, 1998]

### § 439.41 Special definitions.

For the purpose of this subpart:

- (a) Mixing, compounding, and formulating operations means processes that put pharmaceutical products in dosage forms.
- (b) Product means any pharmaceutical product manufactured by blending, mixing, compounding, and formulating pharmaceutical ingredients. The term includes pharmaceutical preparations for both human and veterinary use such as ampules,