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an unnecessary admission or subsequent readmission of an individual; or

- (ii) Require the hospital to take other corrective action necessary to prevent or correct the inappropriate practice.
- (2) When payment with respect to admission of an individual patient is denied by a QIO under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, and liability is not waived in accordance with §§411.400 through 411.402 of this chapter, notice and appeals are provided under procedures established by CMS to implement the provisions of section 1155 of the Act, Right to Hearing and Judicial Review.
- (3) A determination under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, if it is related to a pattern of inappropriate admissions and billing practices that has the effect of circumventing the prospective payment system, is referred to the Department's Office of Inspector General for handling in accordance with §1001.201 of this title.

 $[67\ FR\ 56049,\ Aug.\ 30,\ 2002,\ as\ amended\ at\ 71\ FR\ 48140,\ Aug.\ 19,\ 2006]$

§412.509 Furnishing of inpatient hospital services directly or under arrangement.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of §412.521(b), the applicable payments made under this subpart are payment in full for all inpatient hospital services, as defined in §409.10 of this chapter. Inpatient hospital services do not include the following:
- (1) Physicians' services that meet the requirements of §415.102(a) of this subchapter for payment on a fee schedule basis.
- (2) Physician assistant services, as defined in section 1861(s)(2)(K)(i) of the
- (3) Nurse practitioners and clinical nurse specialist services, as defined in section 1861(s)(2)(K)(ii) of the Act.
- (4) Certified nurse midwife services, as defined in section 1861(gg) of the Act.
- (5) Qualified psychologist services, as defined in section 1861(ii) of the Act.
- (6) Services of an anesthetist, as defined in §410.69 of this subchapter.
- (b) Medicare does not pay any provider or supplier other than the long-term care hospital for services furnished to a Medicare beneficiary who is

an inpatient of the hospital except for services described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) of this section.

(c) The long-term care hospital must furnish all necessary covered services to the Medicare beneficiary who is an inpatient of the hospital either directly or under arrangements (as defined in § 409.3 of this subchapter).

§412.511 Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

A long-term care hospital participating in the prospective payment system under this subpart must meet the requirement of §§412.22(e)(3) and 412.22(h)(6) to report co-located status, if applicable, and the recordkeeping and cost reporting requirements of §§413.20 and 413.24 of this subchapter.

[71 FR 48140, Aug. 18, 2006]

§412.513 Patient classification system.

- (a) Classification methodology. CMS classifies specific inpatient hospital discharges from long-term care hospitals by long-term care diagnosis-related groups (LTC-DRGs) to ensure that each hospital discharge is appropriately assigned based on essential data abstracted from the inpatient bill for that discharge.
- (b) Assignment of discharges to LTC-DRGs. (1) The classification of a particular discharge is based, as appropriate, on the patient's age, sex, principal diagnosis (that is, the diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for causing the patient's admission to the hospital), secondary diagnoses, procedures performed, and the patient's discharge status.
- (2) Each discharge from a long-term care hospital is assigned to only one LTC-DRG (related, except as provided in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, to the patient's principal diagnosis), regardless of the number of conditions treated or services furnished during the patient's stay.
- (3) When the discharge data submitted by a hospital show a surgical procedure unrelated to a patient's principal diagnosis, the bill is returned to the hospital for validation and reverification. The LTC-DRG classification system provides a LTC-DRG, and an appropriate weighting factor, for those cases for which none of the