for the continued stay. If they find that the beneficiary no longer needs inpatient hospital services, their decision is final.

§ 456.136 Notification of adverse decision.

The UR plan must provide that written notice of any adverse final decision on the need for continued stay under §456.135 (f) through (h) is sent to—
(a) The hospital administrator;
(b) The attending physician;
(c) The Medicaid agency;
(d) The beneficiary; and
(e) If possible, the next of kin or sponsor.

§ 456.137 Time limits for final decision and notification of adverse decision.

The UR plan must provide that—
(a) The committee makes a final decision on a beneficiary’s need for continued stay and gives notice under §456.136 of an adverse final decision within 2 working days after the assigned continued stay review dates, except as required under paragraph (b) of this section.
(b) If the committee makes an adverse final decision on a beneficiary’s need for continued stay before the assigned review date, the committee gives notice under §456.136 within 2 working days after the date of the final decision.

UR PLAN: MEDICAL CARE EVALUATION STUDIES

§ 456.141 Purpose and general description.

(a) The purpose of medical care evaluation studies is to promote the most effective and efficient use of available health facilities and services consistent with patient needs and professionally recognized standards of health care.
(b) Medical care evaluation studies—
(1) Emphasize identification and analysis of patterns of patient care; and
(2) Suggest appropriate changes needed to maintain consistently high quality patient care and effective and efficient use of services.

§ 456.142 UR plan requirements for medical care evaluation studies.

(a) The UR plan must describe the methods that the committee uses to select and conduct medical care evaluation studies under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
(b) The UR plan must provide that the UR committee—
(1) Determines the methods to be used in selecting and conducting medical care evaluation studies in the hospital;
(2) Documents for each study—
(i) Its results; and
(ii) How the results have been used to make changes to improve the quality of care and promote more effective and efficient use of facilities and services;
(3) Analyzes its findings for each study; and
(4) Takes action as needed to—
(i) Correct or investigate further any deficiencies or problems in the review process for admissions or continued stay cases;
(ii) Recommend more effective and efficient hospital care procedures; or
(iii) Designate certain providers or categories of admissions for review prior to admission.

§ 456.143 Content of medical care evaluation studies.

Each medical care evaluation study must—
(a) Identify and analyze medical or administrative factors related to the hospital’s patient care;
(b) Include analysis of at least the following:
(1) Admissions;
(2) Durations of stay;
(3) Ancillary services furnished, including drugs and biologicals;
(4) Professional services performed in the hospital; and
(c) If indicated, contain recommendations for changes beneficial to patients, staff, the hospital, and the community.

§ 456.144 Data sources for studies.

Data that the committee uses to perform studies must be obtained from one or more of the following sources:
(a) Medical records or other appropriate hospital data;