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(10) Social development, such as interpersonal skills, recreation-leisure skills, and relationships with others;

(11) Academic/educational development, including functional learning skills;

(12) Independent living development such as meal preparation, budgeting and personal finances, survival skills, mobility skills (orientation to the neighborhood, town, city), laundry, housekeeping, shopping, bedmaking, care of clothing, and orientation skills (for individuals with visual impairments);

(13) Vocational development, including present vocational skills;

(14) Affective development such as interests, and skills involved with expressing emotions, making judgments, and making independent decisions; and

(15) The presence of identifiable maladaptive or inappropriate behaviors of the individual based on systematic observation (including, but not limited to, the frequency and intensity of identified maladaptive or inappropriate behaviors).

(c) Data interpretation—(1) The State must ensure that a licensed psychologist identifies the intellectual functioning measurement of individuals with MR or a related condition.

(2) Based on the data compiled in paragraph (b) of this section, the State intellectual disability authority, using appropriate personnel, as designated by the State, must validate that the individual has MR or is a person with a related condition and must determine whether specialized services for intellectual disability are needed. In making this determination, the State intellectual disability authority must make a qualitative judgment on the extent to which the person's status reflects, singly and collectively, the characteristics commonly associated with the need for specialized services, including

(i) Inability to—

(A) Take care of the most personal care needs;

(B) Understand simple commands;(C) Communicate basic needs and

wants; (D) Be employed at a productive wage level without systematic long term supervision or support; (E) Learn new skills without aggressive and consistent training;

(F) Apply skills learned in a training situation to other environments or settings without aggressive and consistent training;

(G) Demonstrate behavior appropriate to the time, situation or place without direct supervision; and

(H) Make decisions requiring informed consent without extreme difficulty;

(ii) Demonstration of severe maladaptive behavior(s) that place the person or others in jeopardy to health and safety; and

(iii) Presence of other skill deficits or specialized training needs that necessitate the availability of trained MR personnel, 24 hours per day, to teach the person functional skills.

 $[57\ {\rm FR}\ 56506,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 30,\ 1992;\ 58\ {\rm FR}\ 25784,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 28,\ 1993,\ {\rm as}\ amended\ at\ 71\ {\rm FR}\ 39229,\ July\ 12,\ 2006]$

§483.138 Maintenance of services and availability of FFP.

(a) Maintenance of services. If a NF mails a 30 day notice of its intent to transfer or discharge a resident, under §483.12(a) of this chapter, the agency may not terminate or reduce services until—

(1) The expiration of the notice period; or

(2) A subpart E appeal, if one has been filed, has been resolved.

(b) Availability of FFP. FFP is available for expenditures for services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries during—

(1) The 30 day notice period specified in §483.12(a) of this chapter; or

(2) During the period an appeal is in progress.

Subpart D—Requirements That Must Be Met by States and State Agencies: Nurse Aide Training and Competency Evaluation, and Paid Feeding Assistants

SOURCE: 56 FR 48919, Sept. 26, 1991, unless otherwise noted.