- (2) An audit of meetings concerning the accreditation process.
- (3) Evaluation of accreditation inspection results and the accreditation decision-making process.
- (4) Interviews with the accreditation organization's staff.
- (f) Onsite inspection of a State licensure program. An onsite inspection of a State licensure program office may include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (1) A review of documents.
- (2) An audit of meetings concerning the licensure or approval process.
- (3) Evaluation of State inspection results and the licensure or approval decision-making process.
 - (4) Interviews with State employees.

§ 493.565 Selection for validation inspection—laboratory responsibilities.

A laboratory selected for a validation inspection must do the following:

- (a) Authorize its accreditation organization or State licensure program, as applicable, to release to CMS or a CMS agent, on a confidential basis, a copy of the laboratory's most recent full, and any subsequent partial inspection.
- (b) Authorize CMS or a CMS agent to conduct a validation inspection.
- (c) Provide CMS or a CMS agent with access to all facilities, equipment, materials, records, and information that CMS or a CMS agent determines have a bearing on whether the laboratory is being operated in accordance with the requirements of this part, and permit CMS or a CMS agent to copy material or require the laboratory to submit material.
- (d) If the laboratory possesses a valid certificate of accreditation, authorize CMS or a CMS agent to monitor the correction of any deficiencies found through the validation inspection.

§ 493.567 Refusal to cooperate with validation inspection.

(a) Laboratory with a certificate of accreditation. (1) A laboratory with a certificate of accreditation that refuses to cooperate with a validation inspection by failing to comply with the requirements in § 493.565—

- (i) Is subject to full review by CMS or a CMS agent, in accordance with this part; and
- (ii) May be subject to suspension, revocation, or limitation of its certificate of accreditation under this part.
- (2) A laboratory with a certificate of accreditation is again deemed to meet the condition-level requirements by virtue of its accreditation when the following conditions exist:
- (i) The laboratory withdraws any prior refusal to authorize its accreditation organization to release a copy of the laboratory's current accreditation inspection, PT results, or notification of any adverse actions resulting from PT failure.
- (ii) The laboratory withdraws any prior refusal to allow a validation inspection.
- (iii) CMS finds that the laboratory meets all the condition-level requirements.
- (b) CLIA-exempt laboratory. If a CLIA-exempt laboratory fails to comply with the requirements specified in §493.565, CMS notifies the State of the laboratory's failure to meet the requirements.

§ 493.569 Consequences of a finding of noncompliance as a result of a validation inspection.

- (a) Laboratory with a certificate of accreditation. If a validation inspection results in a finding that the accredited laboratory is out of compliance with one or more condition-level requirements, the laboratory is subject to—
- (1) The same requirements and survey and enforcement processes applied to laboratories that are not accredited and that are found out of compliance following an inspection under this part; and
- (2) Full review by CMS, in accordance with this part; that is, the laboratory is subject to the principal and alternative sanctions in §493.1806.
- (b) CLIA-exempt laboratory. If a validation inspection results in a finding that a CLIA-exempt laboratory is out of compliance with one or more condition-level requirements, CMS directs the State to take appropriate enforcement action.