§ 109.107

Resolution A.654.(16), Graphical Symbols for Fire Control Plans—109.563

[CGD 95-028, 62 FR 51208, Sept. 30, 1997, as amended by USCG 1998-4442, 63 FR 52191, Sept. 30, 1998; USCG 1999-5151, 64 FR 67182, Dec. 1, 1999; USCG-2009-0702, 74 FR 49233, Sept. 25, 2009; USCG-2012-0832, 77 FR 59781, Oct. 1, 2012]

§ 109.107 Designation of master or person in charge.

The owner of a unit or his agent shall designate an individual to be the master or person in charge of the unit.

§ 109.109 Responsibilities of master or person in charge.

- (a) The master or person in charge shall— $\,$
- (1) Ensure that the provisions of the Certificate of Inspection are adhered to: and
- (2) Be fully cognizant of the provisions in the operating manual required by §109.121.
- (b) Nothing in this subpart shall be construed as limiting the master or person in charge, at his own responsibility, from diverting from the route prescribed in the Certificate of Inspection or taking such steps as he deems necessary and prudent to assist vessels in distress or for other emergency conditions.

§109.121 Operating manual.

- (a) Each unit must have on board an operating manual approved by the Coast Guard as meeting the requirements of this section.
- (b) The operating manual must be available to, and written in a manner that is easily understood by, the unit's operating personnel and include the following:
- (1) A table of contents and general index.
- (2) A general description of the unit, including major dimensions, tonnages, dry bulk capacities, damage stability standard to which designed, hook load capacity, rotary table capacity, set back load capacity, drilling derrick capacity, and the identification, the maximum deadweight in pounds and kilograms, and the rotor size in feet and meters of the helicopter used for the design of the helicopter deck.
- (3) Limiting design data for each mode of operation, including draft, air

gap, wave height, wave period, wind, current, temperature, and other environmental factors.

- (4) Instructions on the use of the stability data.
- (5) Lightweight data with a comprehensive listing of the inclusions and exclusions of semi-permanent equipment, together with guidance for the routine recording of lightweight alterations.
- (6) Information identifying the type, location, and quantities of permanent ballast.
- (7) Hydrostatic curves or tables.
- (8) The maximum allowable deck loadings either listed or shown on a plan.
- (9) A capacity plan showing the capacities and the vertical, longitudinal, and transverse centers of gravity of tanks and bulk material stowage spaces.
- (10) Tank sounding tables or curves showing capacities, the vertical, longitudinal, and transverse centers of gravity in graduated intervals, and the free surface data of each tank.
- (11) Stability information setting forth the maximum allowable height of the center of gravity in relation to draft data, displacement, and other applicable parameters unique to the design of the unit to determine compliance with the intact and damage stability criteria.
- (12) Examples of loading conditions for each mode of operation and instructions for developing other acceptable loading conditions.
- (13) Information concerning the use of any special crossflooding fitting for each operating condition which, if damage occurs, may require crossflooding for survival (surface units only) and the location of any valve that may require closure to prevent progressive flooding (all units).
- (14) Guidance for preparing the unit for the passage of a severe storm and the specific actions and approximate length of time to complete them or to attain a designated level of preparedness.
- (15) Guidance for operating the unit while changing its mode of operation and for preparing the unit to make a move and, for self-elevating units in