§ 1425.7

- (c) If CCC determines a CMA is in substantial but not total compliance with the requirements of this part, CCC may make the approval conditional on CMA coming into full compliance within a reasonable period of time as specified in the notification of conditional approval.
- (d) A CMA is approved to participate in a marketing assistance loan and LDP program until the CMA's approval is suspended or terminated by CCC.
- $[63\ {\rm FR}\ 17312,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 9,\ 1998,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 67\ {\rm FR}\ 64459,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 18,\ 2002]$

§ 1425.7 Suspension and termination of approval.

- (a) CCC may suspend a CMA from obtaining loans and LDP's when CCC determines the CMA has not:
- (1) Operated according to the CMA's application for approval or its last recertification submission;
- (2) Complied with applicable regulations:
- (3) Corrected deficiencies of the CMA's operation as noted by CCC; or
- (4) Violated any of its agreements with CCC.
- (b) A suspension may be lifted when CCC determines the CMA has complied with all requirements for approval. When suspensions are not lifted within 1 year, or a shorter time period if so indicated in CCC's suspension notification, the CMA's approval automatically terminates.
- (c) CCC may terminate a CMA's approval by giving the CMA written notice of the termination.
- (d) A CMA may, when it does not have any marketing assistance loans outstanding, through written notice to CCC, voluntarily terminate its participation in a loan and LDP program.
- (e) CCC may, on demand, call all outstanding CCC loans made to a suspended or terminated CMA. When loans are called, CCC will provide at least 10 calendar days written notice to the CMA. Commodities pledged as collateral for loans must be repaid by the date specified by CCC. If redemption is not made by the date specified, title to the commodity shall vest in CCC and CCC shall have no obligation to pay the commodity's market value above the principal amount of such loans.

§1425.8 Ownership and control.

- (a) CMA's must be owned and controlled by active members of the CMA.
- (b) The CMA must provide evidence that:
- (1) Active members own more than 50 percent of its allocated equity; and
- (2) A majority of directors are active members of the CMA or authorized representatives of active members.
- (c) An applicant cooperative or a CMA, not under the ownership or control, of its active members, may be approved by CCC if it is able to establish that, by retiring the equity of its inactive members or by obtaining new members, it can vest ownership and control in its active members, as required by this section, by a date specified by CCC.

§1425.9 Open membership.

- (a) The CMA shall provide CCC documented proof that the CMA admits every membership applicant who is eligible under the statute regulating the CMA
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, a CMA may refuse membership to an applicant whose admission would prejudice, hinder, or otherwise obstruct the interests or purposes of the CMA.

§1425.10 Financial ratio requirement.

To be financially able to make advances to their members and to market their commodities, CMA's shall have a current ratio of at least 1 dollar of current assets for each 1 dollar of current liabilities (current ratio of 1:1 or better) on the balance sheet it submits to CCC with its initial application or annual recertification required in §1425.4.

§§ 1425.11-1425.12 [Reserved]

§1425.13 Uniform marketing agreement.

- (a) A CMA must enter into a uniform marketing agreement with each member who delivers a commodity to a loan pool.
- (b) The identification number used by the member to report acreage on applicable farms to FSA must appear on the marketing agreement.