

**Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA**

**§ 29.2260**

KEY TO STANDARD GRADEMARKS

**§ 29.1225 Key to standard grademarks.**

*Groups*

B—Leaf. H—Smoking Leaf. C—Cutters. X—Lugs. P—Primings. M—Mixed Group. N—Nondescript. S—Scrap.

*Qualities*

1—Choice. 2—Fine. 3—Good. 4—Fair. 5—Low. 6—Poor.

*Color Symbols*

L—Lemon. LL—Whitish-lemon. F—Orange. FR—Orange red. R—Red. K—Variegated. KR—Variegated red or scorched. G—Green. V—Greenish. GR—Green red. GK—Green variegated. GG—Gray green. KL—Variegated lemon. KF—Variegated orange. KV—Variegated greenish. KM—Variegated mixed. KD—Variegated dark red. LL—Whitish-lemon.

*Combination Symbols*

XL—Lug side. PO—Oxidized primings. XO—Oxidized lugs or cutters. BO—Oxidized leaf or smoking leaf. GL—Thin-bodied nondescript. GF—Medium-bodied nondescript. LP—Lemon (primings side). FP—Orange (primings side). KK—Excessively scorched.

*Special Symbol*

S—Slick.

[42 FR 21092, Apr. 25, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 29672, June 28, 1983; 49 FR 16757, Apr. 20, 1984; 51 FR 25028, July 10, 1986; 52 FR 28534, July 31, 1987]

OFFICIAL STANDARD GRADES FOR VIRGINIA FIRE-CURED TOBACCO (U.S. TYPE 21)

AUTHORITY: Sections 29.2251 to 29.2481, issued under 7 U.S.C. 511m and 511r.

SOURCE: Sections 29.2251 through 29.2481 appear at 37 FR 13521, July 11, 1972, unless otherwise noted.

DEFINITIONS

**§ 29.2251 Definitions.**

As used in these standards, the words and phrases hereinafter defined shall have the indicated meanings so assigned.

**§ 29.2252 Air-dried.**

The condition of unfermented tobacco as customarily prepared for storage under natural atmospheric conditions.

**§ 29.2253 Body.**

The thickness and density of a leaf or the weight per unit of surface. (See chart, § 29.2351.)

**§ 29.2254 Brown colors.**

A group of colors ranging from a reddish brown to yellowish brown. These colors vary from low to medium saturation and from very low to medium brilliance. As used in these standards, the range is expressed as light brown (L), medium brown (F), and dark brown (D).

**§ 29.2255 Class.**

A major division of tobacco based on method of cure or principal usage.

**§ 29.2256 Clean.**

Tobacco is described as clean when it contains only a normal amount of sand or soil particles. Leaves grown on the lower portion of the stalk normally contain more dirt or sand than those from higher stalk positions. (See Rule 4, § 29.2395.)

**§ 29.2257 Color.**

The third factor of a grade based on the relative hues, saturation or chroma, and color values common to the type.

**§ 29.2258 Color intensity.**

The varying degree of saturation or chroma. Color intensity as applied to tobacco describes the strength or weakness of a specific color or hue. It is applicable to brown colors. (See chart, § 29.2351.)

**§ 29.2259 Color symbols.**

As applied to this type, color symbols are: L—light brown, F—medium brown, D—dark brown, M—mixed or variegated, G—green, GL—light green, and GD—dark green.

[45 FR 47115, July 14, 1980]

**§ 29.2260 Condition.**

The state of tobacco which results from the method of preparation or from the degree of fermentation. Words used to describe the condition of tobacco are undried, air-dried, steam-dried, sweating, sweated, and aged.