Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA § 52.1841

firm and dry; that not less than 75 percent, by weight, of the dates are reasonably well developed and reasonably well fleshted and that the remainder are fairly well developed and fairly well fleshted.

(c) (C) classification. If the whole or pitted dates, whole dry dates for processing, date pieces, or macerated dates possess a fairly good character, a score of 28 to 31 points may be given. Dates that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard or U.S. Grade C (Dry) or U.S. Standard (Dry), whichever is applicable, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). “Fairly good character” has the following meanings with respect to the following styles:

(1) Whole; pitted. (i) In whole or pitted dates other than whole dry dates for processing the dates may be firm but are pliable; may possess semi-dry calyx ends; and not less than 80 percent, by weight, of the dates are fairly well developed and are fairly well fleshted, or at time of packing are in a state of ripeness that within 15 days will develop into such character and the remainder may fail to possess such fairly good character or may possess dry calyx ends.

(ii) In whole dry dates for processing the dates may be firm and dry but are fairly well developed and fairly well fleshted.

(2) Pieces; macerated. The character may be variable throughout the units or mass but not seriously affected by dry calyx end material or inedible portions of dates.

(d) (SStd) classification. Dates that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section may be given a score of 0 to 27 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

LOT INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION

§ 52.1010 Ascertaining the grade of a lot.

The grade of a lot of the processed product covered by these standards is determined by the procedures set forth in the regulations governing inspection and certification of processed fruits and vegetables, processed products thereof, and certain other processed food products (§§ 52.1 to 52.87).


SCORE SHEET

§ 52.1011 Score sheet for dates.

Size and kind of container.

Container mark or identification.

Label or brand.

Net weight.

Style.

Count (per lb.).

Moisture content (if determined).

One variety (□) Yes (□) No.

Factors

Score points.

Color .......... 20 (A) 18–20

(B) (B-Dry) 16–17

(C) (C-Dry) 14–15

(SStd) 10–13

Uniformity of size. 10 (A) 9–10

(B) (B-Dry) 8

(C) (C-Dry) 7

(SStd) 6–1

Absence of defects. 30 (A) 27–30

(B) (B-Dry) 24–26

(C) (C-Dry) 21–23

(SStd) 10–20

Character ...... 40 (A) 36–40

(B) (B-Dry) 32–35

(C) (C-Dry) 28–31

(SStd) 0–27

Total score 100

Grade.

1 Limiting rule.

Subpart—United States Standards for Grades of Processed Raisins


§ 52.1841 Product description.

Processed Raisins are dried grapes of the Vinifera varieties, such as Thompson Seedless (Sultana), Muscat of Alexandria, Muscatel Gordo Blanco, Sultana, Black Corinth or White Corinth. The processed raisins are prepared

1Compliance with the provisions of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or with applicable State laws and Regulations.
§ 52.1842 Product description of Layer or (Cluster) raisins with seeds.

Raisins with Seeds that are referred to as Layer or Cluster raisins means that the raisins have not been detached from the main bunch.

§ 52.1843 Summary of types (varieties) of processed raisins.

(a) Type I—Seedless Raisins.
   (1) Natural.
   (2) Dipped, Vine-dried, or similarly processed raisins.
   (b) Type II—Golden Seedless Raisins.
   (c) Type III—Raisins with Seeds.
      (1) Natural.
      (i) Seeded (seeds removed).
      (ii) Unseeded-capstemmed (loose).
      (iii) Unseeded-uncapstemmed (loose).
      (iv) Layer (or Cluster).
      (2) Dipped, Vine-dried, or other similarly processed raisins.
         (i) Seeded (seeds removed).
         (ii) Unseeded-capstemmed (loose).
         (iii) Unseeded-uncapstemmed (loose).
      (d) Type IV—Sultana Raisins.
      (e) Type V—Zante Currant Raisins.
         (1) Unseeded.
         (2) Seeded.
      (f) Type VI—Mixed Types or Varieties of Raisins. A mixture of two or more different types (varieties) of raisins including sub-types outlined in this section but other than: (1) Mixtures containing Layer or Cluster Raisins with seeds; (2) Mixtures containing Unseeded-capstemmed and Unseeded-uncapstemmed Raisins with Seeds; and (3) mixture of Seeded and Unseeded Raisins with Seeds.


§ 52.1844 Definition of terms.

(a) Capstems means small woody stems exceeding 1/8-inch in length which attach the raisins to the branches of the bunch.

(b) A piece of stem means a portion of the branch or main stem.

(c) Seeds refers to whole, fully developed seeds which have not been removed during the processing of seeded raisins with seeds.

(d) Damaged raisins means raisins affected by sunburn, scars, insect injury, mechanical injury, or other similar means which seriously affect the appearance, edibility, keeping quality, or shipping quality of the raisins. In seeded Raisins with Seeds, mechanical injury resulting from normal seeding operations is not considered damage.

(e) Sugared means either external or internal sugar crystals are present and the accumulation of such crystallized fruit sugars in the flesh or on the surface of the raisins is readily apparent.

(f) Grit, sand, or silt means any particle or earthy material.

(g) Moisture means the percentage by weight of the processed raisins, exclusive of branch and heavy stem material, that is moisture when determined by the “Dried Fruit Moisture Tester Method” or in accordance with other methods that give equivalent results.

(h) Slightly discolored means a raisin affected by a brown to dark brown discolored area around the capstem end of the raisin that is less than the area of a circle 1/8-inch in diameter.

(i) Discolored means a raisin affected by a brown to dark brown discolored area around the capstem end of the raisin that equals or exceeds the area of a circle 1/8-inch in diameter; Provided, That the overall appearance, keeping quality, and edibility of the product are not seriously affected.

(j) Well-matured means raisins that are full-fleshed, may have fine wrinkles and are rounded in appearance.

(k) Reasonably well-matured means raisins that are reasonably full-fleshed and may have shallow wrinkles with thick edged ridges.

(l) Fairly well-matured means raisins that are thin-fleshed and angular in appearance.

(m) Substandard development means raisins that are practically lacking in flesh.

(n) Undeveloped refers to extremely light berries that are lacking in sugary