Pt. 48

of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, unless the OCC determines that the disclosures at the holding company level do not adequately capture the potential impact of the scenarios on the capital of the covered institution.

- (c) Information to be disclosed in the summary. The information disclosed shall, at a minimum, include—
- (1) A description of the types of risks included in the stress test under this part;
- (2) A summary description of the methodologies used in the stress test;
- (3) Estimates of aggregate losses, preprovision net revenue, provisions for loan and lease losses, net income, and pro forma capital ratios (including regulatory and any other capital ratios specified by the OCC); and
- (4) An explanation of the most significant causes of the changes in regulatory capital ratios.
- (d) Disclosure of estimates for the planning horizon. (1) The disclosure of the estimates of aggregate losses, pre-provision net revenue, provisions for loan and lease losses, net income, and pro forma capital ratios (including regulatory and any other capital ratios specified by the OCC), as required by paragraph (b) of this section, must reflect the estimated cumulative effects, as well as the estimated capital ratios, at the end of the planning horizon for the severely adverse scenario.
- (2) With respect to the capital ratio disclosure required in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the disclosure must also include the value at the beginning of the planning horizon, and the minimum over the planning horizon of the estimated quarter-end values of each ratio.

PART 47 [RESERVED]

PART 48—RETAIL FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Sec.

- 48.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.
- 48.2 Definitions.
- 48.3 Prohibited transactions.
- 48.4 Supervisory non-objection.
- 48.5 Application and closing out of offsetting long and short positions.
- 48.6 Disclosure.
- 48.7 Recordkeeping.

- 48.8 Capital requirements.
- 48.9 Margin requirements.
- 48.10 Required reporting to customers.
- 48.11 Unlawful representations.
- 48.12 Authorization to trade.
- 48.13 Trading and operational standards.
- 48.14 Supervision.
- 48.15 Notice of transfers.
- 48.16 Customer dispute resolution.
- 48.17 Reservation of authority.

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 27 et seq.; 12 U.S.C. 1 et seq., 24, 93a, 161, 1461 et seq., 1462a, 1463, 1464, 1813(q), 1818, 1831o, 3101 et seq., 3102, 3106a, 3108, and 5412.

SOURCE: 76 FR 41384, July 14, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

§48.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

- (a) Authority—(1) National banks. A national bank may offer or enter into retail foreign exchange transactions. A national bank offering or entering into retail foreign exchange transactions must comply with the requirements of this part.
- (2) Federal savings associations. A Federal savings association may offer or enter into retail foreign exchange transactions. A Federal savings association offering or entering into retail foreign exchange transacions must comply with the requirements of this part as if each reference to a national bank were a reference to a Federal savings association.
- (b) Purpose. This part establishes rules applicable to retail foreign exchange transactions engaged in by national banks and applies on or after the effective date.
- (c) *Scope*. Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, this part applies to national banks.
- (d) International applicability. Sections 48.3 and 48.5 to 48.16 do not apply to retail foreign exchange transactions between a foreign branch of a national bank and a non-U.S. customer. With respect to those transactions, the foreign branch remains subject to any disclosure, recordkeeping, capital, margin, reporting, business conduct, documentation, and other requirements of foreign law applicable to the branch.

[76 FR 41384, July 14, 2011, as amended at 76 FR 56096, Sept. 12, 2011]

§ 48.2 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in this section, for purposes of this part, the