be uniformly distributed throughout the airplane to provide the most effective egress of passengers in event of an emergency evacuation.

§ 125.271 Emergency and emergency evacuation duties.
(a) Each certificate holder shall, for each type and model of airplane, assign to each category of required crew-member, as appropriate, the necessary functions to be performed in an emergency or a situation requiring emergency evacuation. The certificate holder shall show those functions are realistic, can be practically accomplished, and will meet any reasonably anticipated emergency, including the possible incapacitation of individual crew-members or their inability to reach the passenger cabin because of shifting cargo in combination cargo-passenger airplanes.
(b) The certificate holder shall describe in its manual the functions of each category of required crew-members under paragraph (a) of this section.

Subpart I—Flight Crewmember Requirements
§ 125.281 Pilot-in-command qualifications.
No certificate holder may use any person, nor may any person serve, as pilot in command of an airplane unless that person—
(a) Holds at least a commercial pilot certificate, an appropriate category, class, and type rating, and an instrument rating; and
(b) Has had at least 1,200 hours of flight time as a pilot, including 500 hours of cross-country flight time, 100 hours of night flight time, including at least 10 night takeoffs and landings, and 75 hours of actual or simulated instrument flight time, at least 50 hours of which were actual flight.

§ 125.283 Second-in-command qualifications.
No certificate holder may use any person, nor may any person serve, as second in command of an airplane unless that person—
(a) Holds at least a commercial pilot certificate with appropriate category and class ratings, and an instrument rating; and
(b) For flight under IFR, meets the recent instrument experience requirements prescribed for a pilot in command in part 61 of this chapter.

§ 125.285 Pilot qualifications: Recent experience.
(a) No certificate holder may use any person, nor may any person serve, as a required pilot flight crewmember unless within the preceding 90 calendar days that person has made at least three takeoffs and landings in the type airplane in which that person is to serve. The takeoffs and landings required by this paragraph may be performed in a flight simulator if the flight simulator is qualified and approved by the Administrator for such purpose. However, any person who fails to qualify for a 90-consecutive-day period following the date of that person’s last qualification under this paragraph must reestablish recency of experience as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.
(b) A required pilot flight crewmember who has not met the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section may reestablish recency of experience by making at least three takeoffs and landings under the supervision of an authorized check airman, in accordance with the following:
(1) At least one takeoff must be made with a simulated failure of the most critical powerplant.
(2) At least one landing must be made from an ILS approach to the lowest ILS minimums authorized for the certificate holder.
(3) At least one landing must be made to a complete stop.
(c) A required pilot flight crewmember who performs the maneuvers required by paragraph (b) of this section in a qualified and approved flight simulator, as prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section, must—
(1) Have previously logged 100 hours of flight time in the same type airplane in which the pilot is to serve; and
(2) Be observed on the first two landings made in operations under this part by an authorized check airman who acts as pilot in command and occupies a pilot seat. The landings must be