§ 135.147

§ 135.147 Dual controls required.

No person may operate an aircraft in operations requiring two pilots unless it is equipped with functioning dual controls. However, if the aircraft type certification operating limitations do not require two pilots, a throwover control wheel may be used in place of two control wheels.

§ 135.149 Equipment requirements: General.

No person may operate an aircraft unless it is equipped with—

- (a) A sensitive altimeter that is adjustable for barometric pressure;
- (b) Heating or deicing equipment for each carburetor or, for a pressure carburetor, an alternate air source;
- (c) For turbojet airplanes, in addition to two gyroscopic bank-and-pitch indicators (artificial horizons) for use at the pilot stations, a third indicator that is installed in accordance with the instrument requirements prescribed in § 121.305(j) of this chapter.
 - (d) [Reserved]
- (e) For turbine powered aircraft, any other equipment as the Administrator may require.

[Doc. No. 16097, 43 FR 46783, Oct. 10, 1978, as amended at Amdt. 135–1, 44 FR 26737, May 7, 1979; Amdt. 135–34, 54 FR 43926, Oct. 27, 1989; Amdt. 135–38, 55 FR 43310, Oct. 26, 1990]

§ 135.150 Public address and crewmember interphone systems.

No person may operate an aircraft having a passenger seating configuration, excluding any pilot seat, of more than 19 unless it is equipped with—

- (a) A public address system which—
- (1) Is capable of operation independent of the crewmember interphone system required by paragraph (b) of this section, except for handsets, headsets, microphones, selector switches, and signaling devices;
- (2) Is approved in accordance with §21.305 of this chapter;
- (3) Is accessible for immediate use from each of two flight crewmember stations in the pilot compartment;
- (4) For each required floor-level passenger emergency exit which has an adjacent flight attendant seat, has a microphone which is readily accessible to the seated flight attendant, except that one microphone may serve more

than one exit, provided the proximity of the exits allows unassisted verbal communication between seated flight attendants:

- (5) Is capable of operation within 10 seconds by a flight attendant at each of those stations in the passenger compartment from which its use is accessible;
- (6) Is audible at all passenger seats, lavatories, and flight attendant seats and work stations; and
- (7) For transport category airplanes manufactured on or after November 27, 1990, meets the requirements of §25.1423 of this chapter.
- (b) A crewmember interphone system which—
- (1) Is capable of operation independent of the public address system required by paragraph (a) of this section, except for handsets, headsets, microphones, selector switches, and signaling devices;
- (2) Is approved in accordance with §21.305 of this chapter;
- (3) Provides a means of two-way communication between the pilot compartment and—
- (i) Each passenger compartment; and
- (ii) Each galley located on other than the main passenger deck level;
- (4) Is accessible for immediate use from each of two flight crewmember stations in the pilot compartment;
- (5) Is accessible for use from at least one normal flight attendant station in each passenger compartment:
- (6) Is capable of operation within 10 seconds by a flight attendant at each of those stations in each passenger compartment from which its use is accessible; and
- (7) For large turbojet-powered airplanes—
- (i) Is accessible for use at enough flight attendant stations so that all floor-level emergency exits (or entryways to those exits in the case of exits located within galleys) in each passenger compartment are observable from one or more of those stations so equipped;
- (ii) Has an alerting system incorporating aural or visual signals for use by flight crewmembers to alert flight attendants and for use by flight attendants to alert flight crewmembers;

- (iii) For the alerting system required by paragraph (b)(7)(ii) of this section, has a means for the recipient of a call to determine whether it is a normal call or an emergency call; and
- (iv) When the airplane is on the ground, provides a means of two-way communication between ground personnel and either of at least two flight crewmembers in the pilot compartment. The interphone system station for use by ground personnel must be so located that personnel using the system may avoid visible detection from within the airplane.

[Doc. No. 24995, 54 FR 43926, Oct. 27, 1989]

§ 135.151 Cockpit voice recorders.

- (a) No person may operate a multiengine, turbine-powered airplane or rotorcraft having a passenger seating configuration of six or more and for which two pilots are required by certification or operating rules unless it is equipped with an approved cockpit voice recorder that:
- $\begin{array}{c} (1) \ \ Is \ installed \ in \ compliance \ with \$23.1457(a)(1) \ and \ (2), \ (b), \ (c), \ (d)(1)(i), \\ (2) \ and \ (3), \ (e), \ (f), \ and \ (g); \$25.1457(a)(1) \\ and \ (2), \ (b), \ (c), \ (d)(1)(i), \ (2) \ and \ (3), \ (e), \\ (f), \ and \ (g), \ \$27.1457(a)(1) \ and \ (2), \ (b), \\ (c), \ (d)(1)(i), \ (2) \ and \ (3), \ (e), \ (f), \ and \ (g); \\ (c), \ (d)(1)(i), \ (2) \ and \ (2), \ (b), \ (c), \ (d)(1)(i), \\ (2) \ and \ (3), \ (e), \ (f), \ and \ (g) \ of \ this \ chapter, \ as \ applicable; \ and \end{array}$
- (2) Is operated continuously from the use of the check list before the flight to completion of the final check list at the end of the flight.
- (b) No person may operate a multiengine, turbine-powered airplane or rotorcraft having a passenger seating configuration of 20 or more seats unless it is equipped with an approved cockpit voice recorder that—
- (1) Is installed in accordance with the requirements of $\S23.1457$ (except paragraphs (a)(6), (d)(1)(ii), (4), and (5)); $\S25.1457$ (except paragraphs (a)(6), (d)(1)(ii), (4), and (5)); $\S27.1457$ (except paragraphs (a)(6), (d)(1)(ii), (4), and (5)); or $\S29.1457$ (except paragraphs (a)(6), (d)(1)(ii), (4), and (5)) of this chapter, as applicable; and
- (2) Is operated continuously from the use of the check list before the flight to completion of the final check list at the end of the flight.

- (c) In the event of an accident, or occurrence requiring immediate notification of the National Transportation Safety Board which results in termination of the flight, the certificate holder shall keep the recorded information for at least 60 days or, if requested by the Administrator or the Board, for a longer period. Information obtained from the record may be used to assist in determining the cause of accidents or occurrences in connection with investigations. The Administrator does not use the record in any civil penalty or certificate action.
- (d) For those aircraft equipped to record the uninterrupted audio signals received by a boom or a mask microphone the flight crewmembers are required to use the boom microphone below 18,000 feet mean sea level. No person may operate a large turbine engine powered airplane manufactured after October 11, 1991, or on which a cockpit voice recorder has been installed after October 11, 1991, unless it is equipped to record the uninterrupted audio signal received by a boom or mask microphone in accordance with §25.1457(c)(5) of this chapter.
- (e) In complying with this section, an approved cockpit voice recorder having an erasure feature may be used, so that during the operation of the recorder, information:
- (1) Recorded in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section and recorded more than 15 minutes earlier; or
- (2) Recorded in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section and recorded more than 30 minutes earlier; may be erased or otherwise obliterated.
- (f) By April 7, 2012, all airplanes subject to paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of this section that are manufactured before April 7, 2010, and that are required to have a flight data recorder installed in accordance with §135.152, must have a cockpit voice recorder that also—
- (1) Meets the requirements in §23.1457(d)(6) or §25.1457(d)(6) of this chapter, as applicable; and
- (2) If transport category, meet the requirements in $\S25.1457(a)(3)$, (a)(4), and (a)(5) of this chapter.
- (g)(1) No person may operate a multiengine, turbine-powered airplane or rotorcraft that is manufactured on or