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- 1. Legalistic or overly complex presentations that make the substance of the disclosure difficult to understand:
- 2. Vague "boilerplate" explanations that are imprecise and readily subject to different interpretations;
- 3. Complex information copied directly from legal documents without any clear and concise explanation of the provision(s); and
- 4. Disclosure repeated in different sections of the document that increases the size of the document but does not enhance the quality of the information.
- [71 FR 53261, Sept. 8, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 976, Jan. 4, 2008]

REGULATION 13B-2: MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS AND PREPARATION OF RE-QUIRED REPORTS

§ 240.13b2-1 Falsification of accounting records.

No person shall directly or indirectly, falsify or cause to be falsified, any book, record or account subject to section 13(b)(2)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act.

(15 U.S.C. 78m(b)(2); 15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78m(b)(1), 78o(d), 78j(b), 78n(a), 78t(b), 78t(c)) [44 FR 10970, Feb. 23, 1979]

§ 240.13b2-2 Representations and conduct in connection with the preparation of required reports and documents.

- (a) No director or officer of an issuer shall, directly or indirectly:
- (1) Make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant in connection with: or
- (2) Omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material fact necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading, to an accountant in connection with:
- (i) Any audit, review or examination of the financial statements of the issuer required to be made pursuant to this subpart; or
- (ii) The preparation or filing of any document or report required to be filed with the Commission pursuant to this subpart or otherwise.
- (b)(1) No officer or director of an issuer, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, shall directly or indirectly take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudu-

- lently influence any independent public or certified public accountant engaged in the performance of an audit or review of the financial statements of that issuer that are required to be filed with the Commission pursuant to this subpart or otherwise if that person knew or should have known that such action, if successful, could result in rendering the issuer's financial statements materially misleading.
- (2) For purposes of paragraphs (b)(1) and (c)(2) of this section, actions that, "if successful, could result in rendering the issuer's financial statements materially misleading" include, but are not limited to, actions taken at any time with respect to the professional engagement period to coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudulently influence an auditor:
- (i) To issue or reissue a report on an issuer's financial statements that is not warranted in the circumstances (due to material violations of generally accepted accounting principles, generally accepted auditing standards, or other professional or regulatory standards):
- (ii) Not to perform audit, review or other procedures required by generally accepted auditing standards or other professional standards:
- (iii) Not to withdraw an issued re-
- (iv) Not to communicate matters to an issuer's audit committee.
- (c) In addition, in the case of an investment company registered under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-8), or a business development company as defined in section 2(a)(48) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(48)), no officer or director of the company's investment adviser, sponsor, depositor, trustee, or administrator (or, in the case of paragraph (c)(2) of this section, any other person acting under the direction thereof) shall, directly or indirectly:
- (1)(i) Make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant in connection with; or
- (ii) Omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material

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fact necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading to an accountant in connection with:

- (A) Any audit, review, or examination of the financial statements of the investment company required to be made pursuant to this subpart; or
- (B) The preparation or filing of any document or report required to be filed with the Commission pursuant to this subpart or otherwise; or
- (2) Take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudulently influence any independent public or certified public accountant engaged in the performance of an audit or review of the financial statements of that investment company that are required to be filed with the Commission pursuant to this subpart or otherwise if that person knew or should have known that such action, if successful, could result in rendering the investment company's financial statements materially misleading.

[68 FR 31830, May 28, 2003]

REGULATION 13D-G

SOURCE: Sections 240.13d-1 through 240.13f-1 appear at 43 FR 18495, Apr. 28, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

ATTENTION ELECTRONIC FILERS

THIS REGULATION SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH REGULATION S-T (PART 232 OF THIS CHAPTER), WHICH GOVERNS THE PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS IN ELECTRONIC FORMAT. MANY PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS IN PAPER FORMAT CONTAINED IN THIS REGULATION ARE SUPERSEDED BY THE PROVISIONS OF REGULATION S-T FOR DOCUMENTS REQUIRED TO BE FILED IN ELECTRONIC FORMAT.

§ 240.13d-1 Filing of Schedules 13D and 13G.

(a) Any person who, after acquiring directly or indirectly the beneficial ownership of any equity security of a class which is specified in paragraph (i) of this section, is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than five percent of the class shall, within 10 days after the acquisition, file with the Commission, a statement containing

the information required by Schedule 13D (§ 240.13d-101).

- (b)(1) A person who would otherwise be obligated under paragraph (a) of this section to file a statement on Schedule 13D (§240.13d–101) may, in lieu thereof, file with the Commission, a short-form statement on Schedule 13G (§240.13d–102), *Provided*, That:
- (i) Such person has acquired such securities in the ordinary course of his business and not with the purpose nor with the effect of changing or influencing the control of the issuer, nor in connection with or as a participant in any transaction having such purpose or effect, including any transaction subject to §240.13d-3(b), other than activities solely in connection with a nomination under §240.14a-11; and
 - (ii) Such person is:
- (A) A broker or dealer registered under section 15 of the Act (15 U.S.C. 780):
- (B) A bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c);
- (C) An insurance company as defined in section 3(a)(19) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c);
- (D) An investment company registered under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-8):
- (E) Any person registered as an investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-3) or under the laws of any state:
- (F) An employee benefit plan as defined in Section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq. ("ERISA") that is subject to the provisions of ERISA, or any such plan that is not subject to ERISA that is maintained primarily for the benefit of the employees of a state or local government or instrumentality, or an endowment fund:
- (G) A parent holding company or control person, provided the aggregate amount held directly by the parent or control person, and directly and indirectly by their subsidiaries or affiliates that are not persons specified in §240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(A) through (J), does not exceed one percent of the securities of the subject class;