days of the alleged act of discrimination. The agency may extend this time period for good cause.

- (e) If the agency receives a complaint over which it does not have jurisdiction, it shall promptly notify the complainant and shall make reasonable efforts to refer the complaint to the appropriate government entity.
- (f) The agency shall notify the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board upon receipt of any complaint alleging that a building or facility that is subject to the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4151–4157), or section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 792), is not readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons.
- (g) Within 180 days of the receipt of a complete complaint for which it has jurisdiction, the agency shall notify the complainant of the results of the investigation in a letter containing—
- (1) Findings of fact and conclusions of law:
- (2) A description of a remedy for each violation found:
 - (3) A notice of the right to appeal.
- (h) Appeals of the findings of fact and conclusions of law or remedies must be filed by the complainant within 90 days of receipt from the agency of the letter required by §201.170(g). The agency may extend this time for good cause.
- (i) Timely appeals shall be accepted and processed by the head of the agency.
- (j) The head of the agency shall notify the complainant of the results of the appeal within 60 days of the receipt of the request. If the head of the agency determines that additional information is needed from the complainant, he or she shall have 60 days from the date of receipt of the additional information to make his or her determination on the appeal.
- (k) The time limits cited in paragraphs (g) and (j) of this section may be extended with the permission of the Assistant Attorney General.
- (1) The agency may delegate its authority for conducting complaint investigations to other Federal agencies, except that the authority for making

the final determination may not be delegated to another agency.

 $[51~\mathrm{FR}~4575,\,4579,\,\mathrm{Feb}.~5,\,1986,\,\mathrm{as}$ amended at 51 FR 4576, Feb. 5, 1986; 68 FR 32975, June 3, 2003]

§§ 201.171-201.999 [Reserved]

Subpart H—Debt Collection

AUTHORITY: 19 U.S.C. 1335; 5 U.S.C. 5514(b)(1); 31 U.S.C. 3716(b); 31 U.S.C. 3720A(b)(4); 31 CFR chapter IX; 26 CFR 301 6402-6(b)

SOURCE: 62 FR 38019, July 16, 1997, unless otherwise noted

§ 201.201 Definitions.

Except where the context clearly indicates otherwise or where the term is defined elsewhere in this section, the following definitions shall apply to this subpart.

- (a) Agency means a department, agency, court, court administrative office, or instrumentality in the executive, judicial, or legislative branch of Government, including government corporations.
- (b) Certification means a written statement received by a paying agency from a creditor agency that requests the paying agency to offset the salary of an employee and specifies that required procedural protections have been afforded the employee.
- (c) Chairman means the Chairman of the Commission.
- (d) *Compromise* means the settlement or forgiveness of a debt.
- (e) Creditor agency means an agency of the Federal government to which the debt is owed.
- (f) *Director* means the Director, Office of Finance of the Commission or an official designated to act on the Director's behalf.
- (g) Disposable pay means that part of current basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay, and, in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay, remaining for each pay period after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld. The Commission shall allow the following deductions in determining the amount of disposable pay that is subject to salary offset:
 - (1) Federal employment taxes;

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- (2) Amounts mandatorily withheld for the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home:
- (3) Fines and forfeiture ordered by a court-martial or by a commanding officer;
 - (4) Amounts deducted for Medicare;
- (5) Federal, state, or local income taxes to the extent authorized or required by law, but no greater than would be the case if the employee claimed all dependents to which he or she is entitled and such additional amounts for which the employee presents evidence of a tax obligation supporting the additional withholding;
 - (6) Health insurance premiums;
- (7) Normal retirement contributions, including employee contributions to the Thrift Savings Plan;
- (8) Normal life insurance premiums (e.g., Serviceman's Group Life Insurance and "Basic Life" Federal Employee's Group Life Insurance premiums), not including amounts deducted for supplementary coverage.
- (h) *Employee* means a current employee of the Commission or other agency, including a current member of the Armed Forces or a Reserve of the Armed Forces of the United States.
- (i) Federal Claims Collection Standards (FCCS) means standards published at 31 CFR chapter IX.
- (j) Hearing official means an individual responsible for conducting any hearing with respect to the existence or amount of a debt claimed and for rendering a decision on the basis of such hearing. A hearing official may not be under the supervision or control of the Chairman when the Commission is the creditor agency but may be an administrative law judge.
- (k) Notice of Intent to Offset or Notice of Intent means a written notice from a creditor agency to an employee, organization, or entity stating that the debtor is indebted to the creditor agency and apprising the debtor of certain procedural rights.
- (1) Notice of Salary Offset means a written notice from the paying agency to an employee after a certification has been issued by a creditor agency, informing the employee that salary offset will begin at the next officially established pay interval.

- (m) Office of Finance means the Office of Finance of the Commission.
- (n) Paying agency means the agency of the Federal government that employs the individual who owes a debt to an agency of the Federal government. In some cases, the Commission may be both the creditor agency and the paying agency.

[62 FR 38019, July 16, 1997, as amended at 68 FR 32976, June 3, 2003]

§ 201.202 Purpose and scope of salary and administrative offset rules.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of sections 201.201 through 201.207 is to implement 5 U.S.C. 5514, 31 U.S.C. 3716, and 31 U.S.C. 3720A which authorize the collection by salary offset, administrative offset, or tax refund offset of debts owed by persons, organizations, or entities to the Federal government. Generally, however, a debt may not be collected by such means if it has been outstanding for more than ten years after the agency's right to collect the debt first accrued. These proposed regulations are consistent with the Office of Personnel Management regulations on salary offset, codified at 5 CFR Part 550, subpart K, and with regulations on administrative offset codified at 31 CFR part 901.
- (b) Scope. (1) Sections 201.201 through 201.207 establish agency procedures for the collection of certain debts owed the Government.
- (2) Sections 201.201 through 201.207 apply to collections by the Commission from:
- (i) Federal employees who are indebted to the Commission:
- (ii) Employees of the Commission who are indebted to other agencies; and
- (iii) Other persons, organizations, or entities that are indebted to the Commission.
- (3) Sections 201.201 through 201.207 do not apply:
- (i) To debts or claims arising under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. et seq.), the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), or the tariff laws of the United States;
- (ii) To a situation to which the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) applies; or