(iii) **Limitations.** Milk taken from cows during treatment (a maximum of eight daily infusions) and for 72 hours after the last treatment must not be used for human consumption. Following label use for up to 8 consecutive days, a 2-day pre-slaughter withdrawal period is required.

(2) **Dry cows**—(i) **Amount.** Infuse 500 mg per affected quarter at the time of dry off.

(ii) **Indications for use.** For the treatment of subclinical mastitis in dairy cattle at the time of dry off associated with *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus dysgalactiae*, and *Streptococcus uberis*.

(iii) **Limitations.** Milk taken from cows completing a 30-day dry off period may be used for food with no milk discard due to ceftiofur residues. Following intramammary infusion, a 16-day pre-slaughter withdrawal period is required for neonatal calves from treated cows regardless of colostrum consumption.


§ 526.363 **Cephapirin benzathine.**

(a) **Specifications.** Each 10 milliliter disposable syringe contains 300 milligrams of cephapirin activity (as cephapirin benzathine) in a peanut-oil gel.

(b) **Sponsor.** See No. 000010 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) **Related tolerances.** See § 556.115 of this chapter.

(d) **Conditions of use in lactating cows**—(1) **Amount.** Infuse the contents of one syringe into each quarter.

(2) **Indications for use.** Use in dry cows for treatment of mastitis caused by susceptible strains of *Streptococcus agalactiae* and *Staphylococcus aureus*, including penicillin-resistant strains.

(3) **Limitations.** Infuse each quarter following last milking, but no later than 30 days before calving. Milk from treated cows must not be used for food during the first 72 hours after calving. Animals infused with this product must not be slaughtered for food until 42 days after the latest infusion. For use in dry cows only.


§ 526.365 **Cephapirin sodium.**

(a) **Specifications.** Each 10-milliliter dose contains 200 milligrams of cephapirin sodium activity in a peanut-oil gel.

(b) **Sponsor.** See No. 000010 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) **Related tolerances.** See § 556.115 of this chapter.

(d) **Conditions of use in lactating cows**—(1) **Amount.** Infuse one dose into each infected quarter immediately after the quarter has been completely milked out. Do not milk out for 12 hours. Repeat once only in 12 hours.

(2) **Indications for use.** For the treatment of mastitis in lactating cows caused by susceptible strains of *Streptococcus agalactiae* and *Staphylococcus aureus* including strains resistant to penicillin.

(3) **Limitations.** If improvement is not noted within 48 hours after treatment, consult your veterinarian. Milk that has been taken from animals during treatment and for 96 hours after the last treatment must not be used for food. Treated animals must not be slaughtered for food until 4 days after the last treatment.


§ 526.464 **Cloxacillin intramammary dosage forms.**

§ 526.464a **Cloxacillin benzathine.**

(a) **Specifications.** Each dose contains cloxacillin benzathine equivalent to 500 milligrams of cloxacillin.

(b) **Related tolerances.** See § 556.165 of this chapter.

(c) **Sponsor.** See No. 000010 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use in dairy cows.

(1) **Amount.** Administer aseptically into each quarter immediately after last milking.