§ 9.116 Sonoma Coast.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Sonoma Coast”.

(b) Approved map. The approved maps for determining the boundary of the Sonoma Coast viticultural area are the following six U.S.G.S. topographic maps:

1. Sonoma County, California, scale 1:100,000, dated 1970;
2. Mark West Springs, California, 7.5-minute series, dated 1958, photoinspected 1978;
3. Healdsburg, California, 7.5-minute series, dated 1955, photorevised 1980;
4. Jimtown, California, 7.5-minute series, dated 1955, photorevised 1975;
5. Guerneville, California, 7.5-minute series, dated 1955; and
6. Cazadero, California, 7.5-minute series, dated 1978.

(c) Boundary description. In general, the boundary description of the Sonoma Coast viticultural area is found on the U.S.G.S. Topographic Map of Sonoma County, California, scale 1:100,000, dated 1970. When a point of the boundary description is found on one of the 7.5-minute quadrangles, the boundary description indicates this in parentheses. The boundary description is as follows:

1. The beginning point is the point at which the Sonoma County-Mendocino County line meets the shoreline of the Pacific Ocean.
2. The boundary follows the shoreline of the Pacific Ocean southerly to the Sonoma County-Marin County line.
3. The boundary follows the Sonoma County-Marin County line southeasterly to San Pablo Bay.
4. The boundary follows the shoreline of San Pablo Bay easterly to the Sonoma County-Napa County line.
5. The boundary follows the Sonoma County-Napa County line northerly to the peak of Arrowhead Mountain.
6. From the peak of Arrowhead Mountain, the boundary proceeds in a straight line westerly to the peak of Sonoma Mountain.
7. From the peak of Sonoma Mountain, the boundary proceeds in a straight line northerly to the peak of Taylor Mountain.
8. From the peak of Taylor Mountain, the boundary proceeds in a straight line northerly to the point, near the benchmark at 184 ft. elevation in Section 34, Township 8 North, Range 8 West, at which Mark West Road crosses an unnamed stream which flows northerly into Mark West Creek. (Mark West Springs map)
9. From this point, the boundary proceeds northerly in a straight line to the headwaters of Brooks Creek, in Section 4, Township 8 North, Range 8 West. (Mark West Springs map)
10. The boundary follows Brooks Creek northwesterly to its confluence with the Russian River. (Healdsburg map)
11. The boundary proceeds southwesterly in a straight line to an unidentified peak at elevation 672 ft. (Healdsburg map)
12. The boundary proceeds northwesterly in a straight line to the peak identified as Black Peak. (Healdsburg map)
13. The boundary proceeds westerly in a straight line to an unidentified peak at elevation 857 ft. (Healdsburg map)
14. The boundary follows Fitch Mountain northwesterly in a straight line to the peak at elevation 991 ft. (Healdsburg map)
15. The boundary proceeds northwesterly in a straight line to the intersection, near a benchmark at elevation 154 ft. in the town of Chiquita, of a light-duty road (known locally as Chiquita Road) and a southbound primary highway, hard surface road (known locally as Healdsburg Avenue). (Jimtown map)
16. The boundary follows that road (known locally as Healdsburg Avenue) southerly through the city of Healdsburg to the point at which it is a light-duty, hard or improved surface road, identified on the map as Redwood Highway, which crosses the Russian River, immediately south of the city of Healdsburg at a bridge (known locally...
§ 9.117 Stags Leap District.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Stags Leap District."

(b) Approved map. The appropriate map for determining the boundaries of the Stags Leap District viticultural area is one U.S.G.S. topographic map in the 7.5 minute series, scaled 1:24000, titled "Yountville, Calif.," 1951 (photorevised 1968).

(c) Boundaries. The Stags Leap District viticultural area is located in Napa County, California, within the Napa Valley viticultural area. The boundaries are as follows:

1. Commencing at the intersection of the intermittent stream (drainage creek) with the Silverado Trail at the 60 foot contour line in T6N/R4W, approximately 7 miles north of the city of Napa.

2. Then southwest in a straight line, approximately 900 feet, to the main channel of the Napa River.

3. Then following the main branch of the Napa River (not the southern branch by the levee) in a northerly direction, until it intersects the medium-duty road (Grant Bdy) in T7N/R4W, known locally as the Yountville Cross Road.

4. Then northeast along the Yountville Cross Road until it intersects the medium-duty road, the Silverado Trail.

5. Then north along the Silverado Trail approximately 590 feet to a gully entering the Silverado Trail from the east.

6. Then northeast along the center line of that gully, approximately 800 feet, until it intersects the 400 foot contour line in Section 30 of T7N/R4W.

7. Then in a generally southeast direction, following the 400 foot contour line through Sections 29, 32, 33, 4, and 3, until it intersects the intermittent stream in the southwest corner of Section 3 in T6N/R4W.