§ 9.126 Santa Clara Valley.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Santa Clara Valley.”

(b) Approved Maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the “Santa Clara Valley” viticultural area are 25 U.S.G.S. Quadrangle (7.5 Minute Series) maps. They are titled:

(1) Calaveras Reservoir, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(3) Chittenden, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1980);
(4) Cupertino, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(5) Gilroy, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1981);
(7) Lick Observatory, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1968), photoinspected 1973;
(8) Loma Prieta, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1968);
(9) Los Gatos, Calif., 1963 (photorevised 1980);
(10) Milpitas, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(11) Milpitas, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(12) Morgan Hill, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1980);
(13) Mt. Madonna, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1980);
(15) Mountain View, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1981);
(16) Newark, Calif., 1959 (photorevised 1980);
(17) Niles, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(18) Pacheco Peak, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1971);
(19) Palo Alto, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1973);
(20) San Felipe, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1971);
(21) San Jose East, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(22) San Jose West, Calif., 1961 (photorevised 1980);
(23) Santa Teresa Hills, Calif., 1953 (photorevised 1980);
(24) Three Sisters, Calif., 1954 (photorevised 1980);
(25) Watsonville East, Calif., 1955 (photorevised 1980); and

(c) The boundaries of the proposed Santa Clara Valley viticultural area are as follows:

(1) The beginning point is at the junction of Elephant Head Creek and Pacheco Creek (approx. .75 mile southwest of the Pacheco Ranger Station) on the Pacheco Peak, Calif. U.S.G.S. map.
(2) From the beginning point the boundary moves in a northerly direction up Elephant Head Creek approx. 1.2 miles until it intersects the 600 foot elevation contour line;
(3) Then it meanders in a northwesterly direction along the 600 foot contour line approx. 55 miles until it intersects Vargas Road in the northwest portion of Sec. 25, T4S/R1W on the Niles, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(4) Then it travels in a northwesterly direction approx. .6 mile to the intersection of Morrison Canyon Road in the eastern portion of Sec. 23, T4S/R1W;
(5) Then it follows Morrison Canyon Road west approx. 1.5 miles to Mission...
Boulevard (Highway 238) at Sec. 22, T5S/R1W;
(6) Then it moves northwest on Mis-

sion Boulevard (Highway 238) approx. .6
mile to the intersection of Mowry Ave-

 nue just past the Sanatorium at Sec.
22, T5S/R1W;
(7) It then goes in a southwesterly di-

rection on Mowry Avenue approx. 3.6
miles to the intersection of Nimitz

Freeway (Highway 880) (depicted on the
map as Route 17) at Sec. 5, T5S/R1W, on
the Newark, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(8) It then moves along the Nimitz

Freeway (Highway 880) in a southeast-

erly direction for approx. 9 miles to the
intersection of Calaveras Boulevard

(Highway 237) at Milpitas, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(9) Then it follows Highway 237 in a

westerly direction approx. 7.2 miles to
intersection of Bay Shore Freeway

(Highway 101) at Moffett Field on the
Mt. View, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(10) Then in a northwest direction
follow Bay Shore Freeway (Highway

101) for approx. 6.5 miles to the inter-

section of the San Francisquito Creek

(Santa Clara County/San Mateo County

boundary) at Palo Alto, T5S/R2W, on
the Palo Alto, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(11) Then it heads west on San

Francisquito Creek (Santa Clara Coun-

ty/San Mateo County boundary) approx.
7 miles until it converges with Los

Trancos Creek (Santa Clara County/

San Mateo County boundary) near
Bench Mark 172, approx. 100 feet east of
Alpine Road;
(12) It travels south approx. 4 miles
along Los Trancos Creek (Santa Clara

County/San Mateo County boundary) until
it intersects the 600 foot eleva-
tion contour line at El Corte De
Madera, approx. .5 mile north of
Trancos Woods on the Mindego Hill,
Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(13) It moves along the 600 foot ele-
vation contour line in a southeasterly di-
rection approx. 10 miles to Regnart
Road at Regnart Creek on the
Cupertino, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(14) It goes northeast along Regnart
Road, approx. .7 mile to the 400 foot
elevation contour line (.3 mile south-
west of Regnart School);
(15) It travels along the 400 foot ele-
vation contour line southeast approx.
1.4 miles to the north section line of
Section 36, T7S/R2W at Blue Hills, CA;
(16) The boundary goes east on the
section line approx. .4 mile to Saratoga
Sunnyvale Road (Highway 85);
(17) It travels south on Saratoga
Sunnyvale Road (Highway 85) approx. 1
mile to the south section line of Sec-

tion 36, T7/8S R2W;
(18) Then it goes west on the section
line approx. .75 mile to the first inter-
section of the 600 foot elevation con-
tour line;
(19) It follows the 600 foot elevation
contour line southeast approx. .75 mile
to Pierce Road south of Calabazas
Creek;
(20) It then travels south on Pierce
Road approx. .4 mile to the first inter-
section of the 800 foot elevation con-
tour line;
(21) Then it runs southeast approx. 28
miles on the 800 foot elevation contour
to the east section line of Sec. 25,
T10S/R2E/R3E approx. .5 mile north of
Little Arthur Creek on the Mt. Ma-
donna, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(22) Then it goes on the section line
approx. .5 mile to the 800 foot eleva-
tion contour line approx. .2 mile
south of Little Arthur Creek;
(23) Then it goes southeast along the
800 foot elevation contour line approx.
2.7 miles to Hecker Pass Road (High-
way 152) approx. 1.25 miles east of
Hecker Pass on the Watsonville East,
Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(24) The boundary goes northeast on
Hecker Pass Road (Highway 152) approx.
.75 mile to the intersection of the 600 foot elevation contour line just
west of Bodfish Creek;
(25) It travels southeast along the 600
foot elevation contour line approx. 7.3
miles to the first intersection of the
western section line of Sec. 30, T11S/
R3E/R4E on the Chittenden, Calif.
U.S.G.S. map;
(26) Then it follows south along the
section line approx. 1.9 miles to the
south township line at Sec. 31, T11S/
T12S, R3E/R4E;
(27) It moves in an easterly direction
along the township line approx. 12.4
miles to the intersection of T11S/T12S
and R5E/R6E on the Three Sisters,
Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
(28) Then it goes north along R5E/R6E
range line approx. 5.3 miles to Pacheco
Creek on the Pacheco Creek, Calif. U.S.G.S. map; (29) Then it moves northeast along Pacheco Creek approx. .5 mile to Elephant Head Creek at the point of beginning.


§ 9.127 Cayuga Lake.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Cayuga Lake.”

(b) Approved maps. The appropriate map for determining the boundaries of the Cayuga Lake viticultural area is one U.S.G.S. map scaled 1:250,000, titled “Elmira, New York; Pennsylvania,” 1962 (revised 1978).

(c) Boundaries. The Cayuga Lake viticultural area is located within the counties of Seneca, Tompkins, and Cayuga, in the State of New York, within the Finger Lakes viticultural area. The boundaries are as follows:

(1) Commencing at the intersection of State Route 90 with State Route 5 in Cayuga County, north of Cayuga Lake.

(2) Then south along State Route 90 to a point approximately one mile past the intersection of State Route 90 with State Route 226.

(3) Then south along the primary, all-weather, hard surface road, approximately ¾ mile, until it becomes State Route 90 again at Union Springs.

(4) Then south/southeast along State Route 90 until it intersects the light-duty, all-weather, hard or improved surface road, approximately 1.5 miles west of King Ferry.

(5) Then south along another light-duty, all-weather, hard or improved surface road, approximately 4 miles, until it intersects State Route 34B, just south of Lake Ridge.

(6) Then follow State Route 34B in a generally southeast direction until it intersects State Route 34, at South Lansing.

(7) Then south along State Route 34, until it meets State Route 13 in Ithaca.

(8) Then southwest along State Routes 34/13, approximately 1.5 miles, until it intersects State Route 79, in Ithaca.

(9) Then west along State Route 79, approximately ½ mile, until it intersects State Route 96.

(10) Then along State Route 96, in a generally northwest direction, until it intersects State Routes 414 and 96A in Ovid.

(11) Then north along State Routes 96/414, until they divide, approximately 2.5 miles north of Ovid.

(12) Then along State Route 414, in a generally northeast direction, until it meets U.S. Route 20 in the town of Seneca Falls.

(13) Then along U.S. Route 20, in a northeast direction, until it intersects State Routes 318, 89, and 5.

(14) Then along U.S. Route 20/State Route 5, in a northeast direction, to the beginning point, at the intersection with State Route 90.


§ 9.128 Seneca Lake.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Seneca Lake”.

(b) Approved Maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Seneca Lake viticultural area are 13 United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic maps (Scale: 1:24,000). The maps are titled:

(1) Burdett Quadrangle (New York—Schuyler Co. 1950 (photoinspected 1976));

(2) Montour Falls Quadrangle (New York 1978 (photorevised 1976));

(3) Beaver Dams Quadrangle (New York 1953);

(4) Reading Center Quadrangle (New York 1950 (photorevised 1978));

(5) Dundee Quadrangle (New York 1942 (photoinspected 1976));

(6) Dresden Quadrangle (New York 1943 (photorevised 1978));

(7) Penn Yan Quadrangle (New York—Yates Co. 1942 (photoinspected 1976));

(8) Stanley Quadrangle (New York 1962);

(9) Phelps Quadrangle (New York—Ontario Co. 1953);

(10) Geneva North Quadrangle (New York 1953 (photorevised 1976));

(11) Geneva South Quadrangle (New York 1953 (photorevised 1978));

(12) Ovid Quadrangle (New York—Seneca Co. 1970); and

(13) Lodi Quadrangle (New York 1942).

(c) Boundaries. The Seneca Lake viticultural area surrounds Seneca...