- (d) The official designated under paragraph (c) of this section may decline to hear any witnesses or testimony not identified by the debtor in accordance with § 30.25(b)(2).
- (e) The decision of the designated official under paragraph (c) of this section constitutes the final decision of the Secretary.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221-3(a)(1) and 1226a-1, 31 U.S.C. 3716(b))

§ 30.27 When does the Secretary enter into a repayment agreement rather than offset?

- (a) If a debtor wants an opportunity to enter into a written agreement to repay a debt on terms acceptable to the Secretary, the debtor must:
- (1) File a request to enter into such agreement within 20 days after the date of the notice provided under §30.22; and
- (2) File the request at the address specified in the notice.
- (b) A request filed under paragraph (a) of this section must contain all information provided to the debtor in the notice under §30.22 or §30.33(b) that identifies the debtor and the debt, including the debtor's Social Security number and the program under which the debt arose, together with any corrections of that identifying information
- (c) If the Secretary receives a request filed in accordance with this section, the Secretary may enter into a written agreement requiring repayment in accordance with 4 CFR 102.11, instead of offsetting the debt.
- (d) In deciding whether to enter into the agreement, the Secretary may consider:
- (1) The Government's interest in collecting the debt; and
 - (2) Fairness to the debtor.
- (e)(1) A debtor that enters into a repayment agreement with the Secretary under this section waives any right to further review by the Secretary of the issues relating to the original debt identified in the notice under §30.22(b)(3)(ii) or §30.33(b)(3)(ii).
- (2) If a debtor breaches a repayment agreement, the Secretary may offset, or, under §30.30, refer to another agency for offset:

- (i) The amount owing under the agreement; or
- (ii) The entire original debt, to the extent not repaid.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221-3(a)(1) and 1226a-1, 31 U.S.C. 3716(b))

[51 FR 24099, July 1, 1986, as amended at 51 FR 35647, Oct. 7, 1986]

§ 30.28 When may the Secretary offset before completing the procedures under §§ 30.22–30.27?

- (a) The Secretary may offset before completing the procedures otherwise required by §§ 30.22–30.27 if:
- (1) Failure to offset would substantially prejudice the Government's ability to collect the debt; and
- (2) The amount of time remaining before the payment by the United States which is subject to offset does not reasonably permit completion of the procedures under §§ 30.22–30.27.
- (b) If the Secretary offsets under paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary:
- (1) Promptly completes the procedures under §§ 30.22–30.27 after initiating the offset; and
- (2) Refunds any amounts recovered under the offset that are later found not to be owed to the United States.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e–3(a)(1) and 1226a–1, 31 U.S.C. 3716(b))

§ 30.29 What procedures apply when the Secretary offsets to collect a debt owed another agency?

The Secretary may initiate offset to collect a debt owed another Federal agency if:

- (a) An official of that agency certifies in writing:
- (1) That the debtor owes a debt to the United States:
 - (2) The amount of the debt; and
- (3) That the agency has complied with 4 CFR 102.3; and
- (b) For offsets under 31 U.S.C. 3716, the Secretary makes an independent determination that the offset meets the standards under §30.21(a)(2).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3(a)(1) and 1226a-1, 31 U.S.C. 3716(b))