

TABLE 5 TO SUBPART DDDDD OF PART 63—PERFORMANCE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

As stated in §63.7520, you must comply with the following requirements for performance testing for existing, new or reconstructed affected sources:

To conduct a performance test for the following pollutant...	You must...	Using...
1. Filterable PM .....	a. Select sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas. c. Determine oxygen or carbon dioxide concentration of the stack gas. d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas. e. Measure the PM emission concentration  f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter. Method 2, 2F, or 2G at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 or A–2 to part 60 of this chapter. Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–2 to part 60 of this chapter, or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10–1981. <sup>a</sup> Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter. Method 5 or 17 (positive pressure fabric filters must use Method 5D) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 or A–6 of this chapter. Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–7 of this chapter.
2. TSM .....	a. Select sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas. c. Determine oxygen or carbon dioxide concentration of the stack gas. d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas. e. Measure the TSM emission concentration. f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter. Method 2, 2F, or 2G at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 or A–2 of this chapter. Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter, or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10–1981. <sup>a</sup> Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter. Method 29 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–8 of this chapter Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–7 of this chapter.
3. Hydrogen chloride .....	a. Select sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas. c. Determine oxygen or carbon dioxide concentration of the stack gas. d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas. e. Measure the hydrogen chloride emission concentration. f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter. Method 2, 2F, or 2G at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–2 of this chapter. Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–2 of this chapter, or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10–1981. <sup>a</sup> Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter. Method 26 or 26A (M26 or M26A) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–8 of this chapter. Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–7 of this chapter.
4. Mercury .....	a. Select sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. b. Determine velocity and volumetric flow-rate of the stack gas. c. Determine oxygen or carbon dioxide concentration of the stack gas. d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas. e. Measure the mercury emission concentration.  f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter. Method 2, 2F, or 2G at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 or A–2 of this chapter. Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter, or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10–1981. <sup>a</sup> Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter. Method 29, 30A, or 30B (M29, M30A, or M30B) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–8 of this chapter or Method 101A at 40 CFR part 61, appendix B of this chapter, or ASTM Method D6784. <sup>a</sup> Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–7 of this chapter.
5. CO .....	a. Select the sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–1 of this chapter.

## Pt. 63, Subpt. DDDDD, Table 6

## 40 CFR Ch. I (7–1–13 Edition)

To conduct a performance test for the following pollutant...	You must...	Using...
	b. Determine oxygen concentration of the stack gas.  c. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas. d. Measure the CO emission concentration	Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter, or ASTM D6522–00 (Reapproved 2005), or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10–1981. <sup>a</sup>  Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–3 of this chapter.  Method 10 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–4 of this chapter. Use a measurement span value of 2 times the concentration of the applicable emission limit.

[76 FR 15664, Mar. 21, 2011, as amended at 78 FR 7200, Jan. 31, 2013]

TABLE 6 TO SUBPART DDDDD OF PART 63—FUEL ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS

As stated in § 63.7521, you must comply with the following requirements for fuel analysis testing for existing, new or reconstructed affected sources. However, equivalent methods (as defined in § 63.7575) may be used in lieu of the prescribed methods at the discretion of the source owner or operator:

To conduct a fuel analysis for the following pollutant . . .	You must . . .	Using . . .
1. Mercury .....	a. Collect fuel samples .....  b. Composite fuel samples ..... c. Prepare composited fuel samples .....  d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.  e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.  f. Measure mercury concentration in fuel sample.  g. Convert concentration into units of pounds of mercury per MMBtu of heat content.  h. Calculate the mercury emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu.	Procedure in § 63.7521(c) or ASTM D5192 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D7430 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D6883 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D2234/D2234M <sup>a</sup> (for coal) or EPA 1631 or EPA 1631E or ASTM D6323 <sup>a</sup> (for solid), or EPA 821–R–01–013 (for liquid or solid), or ASTM D4177 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid), or ASTM D4057 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid), or equivalent.  Procedure in § 63.7521(d) or equivalent. EPA SW–846–3050B <sup>a</sup> (for solid samples), EPA SW–846–3020A <sup>a</sup> (for liquid samples), ASTM D2013/D2013M <sup>a</sup> (for coal), ASTM D5198 <sup>a</sup> (for biomass), or EPA 3050 <sup>a</sup> (for solid fuel), or EPA 821–R–01–013 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid or solid), or equivalent.  ASTM D5865 <sup>a</sup> (for coal) or ASTM E711 <sup>a</sup> (for biomass), or ASTM D5864 <sup>a</sup> for liquids and other solids, or ASTM D240 <sup>a</sup> or equivalent.  ASTM D3173 <sup>a</sup> , ASTM E871 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D5864 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D240, or ASTM D95 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4006 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4177 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or equivalent.  ASTM D6722 <sup>a</sup> (for coal), EPA SW–846–7471B <sup>a</sup> (for solid samples), or EPA SW–846–7470A <sup>a</sup> (for liquid samples), or equivalent.  Equation 8 in § 63.7530.  Equations 10 and 12 in § 63.7530.
2. HCl .....	a. Collect fuel samples .....  b. Composite fuel samples ..... c. Prepare composited fuel samples .....  d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.  e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.	Procedure in § 63.7521(c) or ASTM D5192 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D7430 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D6883 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D2234/D2234M <sup>a</sup> (for coal) or ASTM D6323 <sup>a</sup> (for coal or biomass), ASTM D4177 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or equivalent.  Procedure in § 63.7521(d) or equivalent. EPA SW–846–3050B <sup>a</sup> (for solid samples), EPA SW–846–3020A <sup>a</sup> (for liquid samples), ASTM D2013/D2013M <sup>a</sup> (for coal), or ASTM D5198 <sup>a</sup> (for biomass), or EPA 3050 <sup>a</sup> or equivalent.  ASTM D5865 <sup>a</sup> (for coal) or ASTM E711 <sup>a</sup> (for biomass), ASTM D5864, ASTM D240 <sup>a</sup> or equivalent.  ASTM D3173 <sup>a</sup> or ASTM E871 <sup>a</sup> , or D5864 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D240 <sup>a</sup> , or ASTM D95 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4006 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4177 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057 <sup>a</sup> (for liquid fuels) or equivalent.