# **Environmental Protection Agency**

Tier 3 engine means an engine subject to the Tier 3 emission standards listed in §89.112(a).

Ultimate purchaser means, with respect to any new nonroad engine, new nonroad vehicle, or new nonroad equipment, the first person who in good faith purchases such new nonroad engine, nonroad vehicle, or nonroad equipment for purposes other than resale.

United States means the States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Used solely for competition means exhibiting features that are not easily removed and that would render its use other than in competition unsafe, impractical, or highly unlikely.

U.S.-directed production volume means the number of nonroad equipment, vehicle, or marine diesel engine units produced by a manufacturer for which the manufacturer has reasonable assurance that sale was or will be made to ultimate purchasers in the United States.

[59 FR 31335, June 17, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 52102, Oct. 4, 1996; 63 FR 18998, Apr. 16, 1998; 63 FR 56996, Oct. 23, 1998; 65 FR 73331, Dec. 29, 1999; 67 FR 68339, Nov. 8, 2002; 69 FR 39212, June 29, 2004; 70 FR 40444, July 13, 2005; 72 FR 53126, Sept. 18, 2007]

## §89.3 Acronyms and abbreviations.

The following acronyms and abbreviations apply to part 89.

AECD Auxiliary emission control device ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

CAA Clean Air Act

CAAA Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990

CI Compression-ignition

CO Carbon monoxide

CO2 Carbon dioxide

EGR Exhaust gas recirculation

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FEL Family emission limit

FTP Federal Test Procedure g/kW-hr Grams per kilowatt hour

HC Hydrocarbons

ICI Independent Commercial Importer

kW Kilowatt

NIST National Institute for Standards and Testing

NMHC Nonmethane hydrocarbon

NTIS National Technical Information Service

NO Nitric oxide

NO<sub>2</sub> Nitrogen dioxide

NO<sub>x</sub> Oxides of nitrogen

O<sub>2</sub> Öxygen

OEM Original equipment manufacturer

PM Particulate matter

SAE Society of Automotive Engineers SEA Selective Enforcement Auditing

SI Spark-ignition

THC Total hydrocarbon

U.S.C. United States Code

VOC Volatile organic compounds

[59 FR 31335, June 17, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 56997, Oct. 23, 1998]

#### §89.4 [Reserved]

#### §89.5 Table and figure numbering; position.

(a) Tables for each subpart appear in an appendix at the end of the subpart. Tables are numbered consecutively by order of appearance in the appendix. The table title will indicate the model year (if applicable) and the topic.

(b) Figures for each subpart appear in an appendix at the end of the subpart. Figures are numbered consecutively by order of appearance in the appendix. The figure title will indicate the model year (if applicable) and the topic.

# §89.6 Reference materials.

The materials listed in this section are incorporated by reference into this part with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To enforce any edition other than that specified in this section, a document must be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and the material must be available to the public. All approved materials are available for inspection at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center (Air Docket) in the EPA Docket Center (EPA/DC) at Rm. 3334, EPA West Bldg., 1301 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC. The EPA/DC Public Reading Room hours of operation are 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number of the EPA/DC Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the Air Docket is (202) 566-1742. These approved materials are also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

### §89.7

For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741–6030 or go to http://www.archives.gov/federal register/

code\_of\_federal\_regulations/

ibr locations.html. In addition, these materials are available from the sources listed below.

- (a) ASTM material. Copies of these materials may be obtained from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Dr., P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428–2959, or by calling (877) 909–ASTM, or at http://www.astm.org.
- (1) ASTM D86-97, Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (2) ASTM D93-09 (Approved December 15, 2009), Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (3) ASTM D129-95, Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products (General Bomb Method), IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (4) ASTM D287-92, Standard Test Method for API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products (Hydrometer Method), IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (5) ASTM D445-09 (Approved July 1, 2009), Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (the Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity), IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (6) ASTM D613-95, Standard Test Method for Cetane Number of Diesel Fuel Oil, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (7) ASTM D1319-98, Standard Test Method for Hydrocarbon Types in Liquid Petroleum Products by Fluorescent Indicator Adsorption, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (8) ASTM D2622-98, Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products by Wavelength Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.
- (9) ASTM D5186-96, Standard Test Method for "Determination of the Aromatic Content and Polynuclear Aromatic Content of Diesel Fuels and Aviation Turbine Fuels By Supercritical Fluid Chromatography, IBR approved for appendix A to subpart D.

- (10) ASTM E29-93a, Standard Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications, IBR approved for \$89.120, 89.207, 89.509.
- (b) California Air Resources Board Test Procedure. The material is from Title 13, California Code of Regulations, Sections 2420–2427, as amended by California Air Resources Board Resolution 92–2 and published in California Air Resources Board mail out #93–42, September 1, 1993. Copies of these materials may be obtained from the California Air Resources Board, Haagen-Smit Laboratory, 9528 Telstar Ave., El Monte, CA 91731–2908, or by calling (800) 242–4450.
- (1) California Regulations for New 1996 and Later Heavy-Duty Off-Road Diesel Cycle Engines, IBR approved for §§ 89.112, 89.119, 89.508.
  - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) SAE material. Copies of these materials may be obtained from the Society of Automotive Engineers International, 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, or by calling (877) 606-7323 (United States and Canada only) or (724) 776-4970 (outside the United States and Canada only), or at http://www.sae.org.
- (1) SAE J244, June 83, Recommended Practice for Measurement of Intake Air or Exhaust Gas Flow of Diesel Engines, IBR approved for §89.416.
- (2) SAE J1937, November 89, Recommended Practice for Engine Testing with Low Temperature Charge Air Cooler Systems in a Dynamometer Test Cell, IBR approved for §89.327.
- (3) SAE Paper 770141, 1977, Optimization of a Flame Ionization Detector for Determination of Hydrocarbon in Diluted Automotive Exhausts, Glenn D. Reschke, IBR approved for §89.319.

[77 FR 2461, Jan. 18, 2012]

# § 89.7 Treatment of confidential information.

- (a) Any manufacturer may assert that some or all of the information submitted pursuant to this part is entitled to confidential treatment as provided by part 2, subpart B of this chapter.
- (b) Any claim of confidentiality must accompany the information at the time it is submitted to EPA.