## § 60.2735

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 78 FR 9201, Feb. 7, 2013, § 60.2730 was amended by revising (o)(9); however, the amendment could not be incorporated because (o)(9) doesn't exist.

## § 60.2735 Is there a minimum amount of monitoring data I must obtain?

For each continuous monitoring system required or optionally allowed under §60.2730, you must monitor and collect data according to this section:

- (a) You must operate the monitoring system and collect data at all required intervals at all times compliance is required except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions or out-ofspecified in control periods (as §60.2770(o) of this part), and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments. A monitoring system malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring system to provide valid data. Monitoring system failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. You are required to effect monitoring system repairs in response to monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods and to return the monitoring system to operation as expeditiously as practicable.
- (b) You may not use data recorded during the monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions or out-of control periods, or required monitoring system quality assurance or control activities in calculations used to report emissions or operating levels. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system.
- (c) Except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods, and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments, fail-

ure to collect required data is a deviation of the monitoring requirements.

[76 FR 15780, Mar. 21, 2011]

MODEL RULE—RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

## § 60.2740 What records must I keep?

You must maintain the items (as applicable) as specified in paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) through (w) of this section for a period of at least 5 years:

- (a) Calendar date of each record.
- (b) Records of the data described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (6) of this section:
- (1) The CISWI unit charge dates, times, weights, and hourly charge rates
- (2) Liquor flow rate to the wet scrubber inlet every 15 minutes of operation, as applicable.
- (3) Pressure drop across the wet scrubber system every 15 minutes of operation or amperage to the wet scrubber every 15 minutes of operation, as applicable.
- (4) Liquor pH as introduced to the wet scrubber every 15 minutes of operation, as applicable.
- (5) For affected CISWI units that establish operating limits for controls other than wet scrubbers under §60.2675(d) through (g) or §60.2680, you must maintain data collected for all operating parameters used to determine compliance with the operating limits. For energy recovery units using activated carbon injection or a dry scrubber, you must also maintain records of the load fraction and corresponding sorbent injection rate records.
- (6) If a fabric filter is used to comply with the emission limitations, you must record the date, time, and duration of each alarm and the time corrective action was initiated and completed, and a brief description of the cause of the alarm and the corrective action taken. You must also record the percent of operating time during each 6-month period that the alarm sounds, calculated as specified in §60.2675(c).
  - (c)-(d) [Reserved]
- (e) Identification of calendar dates and times for which data show a deviation from the operating limits in table 3 of this subpart or a deviation