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- (2) The governing body must appoint the administrator responsible for the management of the RNHCI.
- (c) Standard: Affiliations and disclosure. (1) An affiliation is permissible if it is between one of the following:
- (i) An individual serving as an uncompensated director, trustee, officer, or other member of the governing body of an RNHCI and a provider of medical treatment or services.
- (ii) An individual who is a director, trustee, officer, employee, or staff member of an RNHCI and another individual, with whom he or she has a family relationship, who is affiliated with (or has an ownership interest in) a provider of medical treatment or services.
- (iii) The RNHCI and an individual or entity furnishing goods or services as a vendor to both providers of medical treatment or services and RNHCIs.
- (2) The RNHCI complies with the disclosure requirements of §§ 420.206 and 455.104 of this chapter.
- (3) The RNHCI furnishes written notice, including the identity of each new individual or company, to CMS at the time of a change, if a change occurs in any of the following:
- (i) Persons with an ownership or control interest, as defined in §§ 420.201 and 455.101 of this chapter.
- (ii) The officers, directors, agents, or managing employees.
- (iii) The religious entity, corporation, association, or other company responsible for the management of the RNHCI.
- (iv) The RNHCI's administrator or director of nonmedical nursing services.
- [64 FR 67047, Nov. 30, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 66720, Nov. 28, 2003]

$\$\,403.740$ Condition of participation: Staffing.

The RNHCI must be staffed with qualified experienced personnel who are present in sufficient numbers to meet the needs of the patients.

- (a) Standard: Personnel qualifications. The RNHCI must ensure that staff who supervise or furnish services to patients are qualified to do so and that staff allowed to practice without direct supervision have specific training to furnish these services.
- (b) Standard: Education, training, and performance evaluation. (1) The RNHCI

must ensure that staff (including contractors and other individuals working under arrangement) have the necessary education and training concerning their duties so that they can furnish services competently. This education includes, but is not limited to, training related to the individual job description, performance expectations, applicable organizational policies and procedures, and safety responsibilities.

- (2) Staff must demonstrate, in practice, the skills and techniques necessary to perform their duties and responsibilities.
- (3) The RNHCI must evaluate the performance of staff and implement measures for improvement.

§ 403.742 Condition of participation: Physical environment.

- A RNHCI must be designed, constructed, and maintained to ensure the safety of the patients, staff, and the public.
- (a) Standard: Buildings. The physical plant and the overall environment must be maintained in a manner that ensures the safety and well-being of the patients. The RNHCI must have the following:
- (1) Emergency power for emergency lights, for fire detection and alarm systems, and for fire extinguishing systems.
- (2) Procedures for the proper storage and disposal of trash.
- (3) Proper ventilation and temperature control and appropriate lighting levels to ensure a safe and secure environment.
- (4) A written disaster plan to address loss of power, water, sewage, and other emergencies.
- (5) Facilities for emergency gas and water supply.
 - (6) An effective pest control program.
- (7) A preventive maintenance program to maintain essential mechanical, electrical, and fire protection equipment operating in an efficient and safe manner.
- (8) A working call system for patients to summon aid or assistance.
- (b) Standard: Patient rooms. Patient rooms must be designed and equipped for adequate care, comfort, and privacy of the patient.

- (1) Patient rooms must meet the following conditions:
- (i) Accommodate no more than four patients.
- (ii) Measure at least 80 square feet per patient in multiple patient rooms and at least 100 square feet in single patient rooms.
- (iii) Have direct access to an exit corridor.
- (iv) Be designed or equipped to assure full visual privacy for each patient.
- (v) Have at least one window to the outside.
- (vi) Have a floor at or above grade level.
- (2) The RNHCI must furnish each patient with the following:
- (i) A separate bed of proper size and height for the convenience of the patient
 - (ii) A clean, comfortable mattress.
- (iii) Bedding appropriate to the weather and climate.
- (iv) Functional furniture appropriate to the patient's needs and individual closet space with clothes racks and shelves accessible to the patient.
- (3) CMS may permit variances in requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section relating to rooms on an individual basis when the RNHCI adequately demonstrates in writing that the variances meet the following:
- (i) Are in accordance with the special needs of the patients.
- (ii) Will not adversely affect patients' health and safety.

\$403.744 Condition of participation: Life safety from fire.

- (a) General. An RNHCI must meet the following conditions:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section—
- (i) The RNHCI must meet the applicable provisions of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code of the National Fire Protection Association. The Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved the NFPA 101® 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code, issued January 14, 2000, for incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. A copy of the Code is available for inspection at the CMS Information Resource Center, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD or

at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/

federal_register/ code of federal_regulations/

ibr locations.html. Copies may be obtained from the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269. If any changes in this edition of the Code are incorporated by reference, CMS will publish notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER to announce the changes.

- (ii) Chapter 19.3.6.3.2, exception number 2 of the adopted Life Safety Code does not apply to an RNHCI.
- (2) The RNHCI must have written fire control plans that contain provisions for prompt reporting of fires; extinguishing fires; protection of patients, staff, and the public; evacuation; and cooperation with fire fighting authorities.
- (3) The RNHCI must maintain written evidence of regular inspection and approval by State or local fire control agencies.
- (4) Notwithstanding any provisions of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code to the contrary, the RNHCI may place alcohol-based hand rub dispensers in its facility if—
- (i) Use of alcohol-based hand rub dispensers does not conflict with any State or local codes that prohibit or otherwise restrict the placement of alcohol-based hand rub dispensers in health care facilities;
- (ii) The dispensers are installed in a manner that minimizes leaks and spills that could lead to falls;
- (iii) The dispensers are installed in a manner that adequately protects against inappropriate access;
- (iv) The dispensers are installed in accordance with chapter 18.3.2.7 or chapter 19.3.2.7 of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code, as amended by NFPA Temporary Interim Amendment 00–1(101), issued by the Standards Council of the National Fire Protection Association on April 15, 2004. The Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved NFPA Temporary Interim Amendment 00–1(101) for incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. A