- (ii) Services expressly offered by the State as an inducement for beneficiaries to participate in a primary care case-management system, a competing health care plan or other system that furnishes health care services in a more cost-effective manner.
- (f) Restriction of freedom of choice—(1) Waiver of appropriate requirements of section 1902 of the Act may be authorized for States to restrict beneficiaries to obtaining services from (or through) qualified providers or practitioners that meet, accept, and comply with the State reimbursement, quality and utilization standards specified in the State's waiver request.
- (2) An agency may qualify for a waiver under this paragraph (f) only if its applicable State standards are consistent with access, quality and efficient and economic provision of covered care and services and the restrictions it imposes—
- (i) Do not apply to beneficiaries residing at a long-term care facility when a restriction is imposed unless the State arranges for reasonable and adequate beneficiary transfer.
- (ii) Do not discriminate among classes of providers on grounds unrelated to their demonstrated effectiveness and efficiency in providing those services; and
- (iii) Do not apply in emergency circumstances.
- (3) Demonstrated effectiveness and efficiency refers to reducing costs or slowing the rate of cost increase and maximizing outputs or outcomes per unit of cost.
- (4) The agency must make payments to providers furnishing services under a freedom of choice waiver under this paragraph (f) in accordance with the timely claims payment standards specified in §447.45 of this chapter for health care practitioners participating in the Medicaid program.
 - (g) [Reserved]
- (h) Waivers approved under section 1915(b)(1) of the Act—(1) Basic rules. (i) An agency must submit, as part of it's waiver request, assurance that the entities described in paragraph (h)(2) of this section will be excluded from participation under an approved waiver.
- (ii) FFP is available in payments to an entity that furnishes services under

- a section 1915(b)(1) waiver only if the agency excludes from participation any entity described in paragraph (h)(2) of this section.
- (2) Entities that must be excluded. The agency must exclude an entity that meets any of the following conditions:
- (i) Could be excluded under section 1128(b)(8) of the Act as being controlled by a sanctioned individual.
- (ii) Has a substantial contractual relationship (direct or indirect) with an individual convicted of certain crimes, as described in section 1128(b)(8)(B) of the Act.
- (iii) Employs or contracts directly or indirectly with one of the following:
- (A) Any individual or entity that, under section 1128 or section 1128A of the Act, is precluded from furnishing health care, utilization review, medical services, or administrative services.
- (B) Any entity described in paragraph (h)(2)(i) of this section.
- (3) Definitions. As used in this section, substantial contractual relationship means any contractual relationship that provides for one or more of the following services:
- (i) The administration, management, or provision of medical services.
- (ii) The establishment of policies, or the provision of operational support, for the administration, management, or provision of medical services.

[56 FR 8847, Mar. 1, 1991, as amended at 59 FR 4599, Feb. 1, 1994; 59 FR 36084, July 15, 1994; 67 FR 41094, June 14, 2002]

§ 431.56 Special waiver provisions applicable to American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands.

- (a) Statutory basis. Section 1902(j) of the Act provides for waiver of all but three of the title XIX requirements, in the case of American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (b) Waiver provisions. American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands may request, and CMS may approve, a waiver of any of the title XIX requirements except the following:
- (1) The Federal medical assistance percentage specified in section 1903 of the Act and § 433.10(b) of this chapter.
- (2) The limit imposed by section 1108(c) of the Act on the amount of

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Federal funds payable to American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands for care and services that meet the section 1905(a) definition for Medicaid assistance.

(3) The requirement that payment be made only with respect to expenditure made by American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands for care and services that meet the section 1905(a) definition of medical assistance.

Subpart C—Administrative Requirements: Provider Relations

§ 431.105 Consultation to medical facilities.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section implements section 1902(a)(24) of the Act, which requires that the State plan provide for consultative services by State agencies to certain institutions furnishing Medicaid services.
- (b) State plan requirements. A State plan must provide that health agencies and other appropriate State agencies furnish consultative services to hospitals, nursing homes, home health agencies, clinics, and laboratories in order to assist these facilities to—
- (1) Qualify for payments under the maternal and child health and crippled children's program (title V of the Act), Medicaid or Medicare:
- (2) Establish and maintain fiscal records necessary for the proper and efficient administration of the Act; and
- (3) Provide information needed to determine payments due under the Act for services furnished to beneficiaries.
- (c) State plan option: Consultation to other facilities. The plan may provide that health agencies and other appropriate State agencies furnish consultation to other types of facilities if those facilities are specified in the plan and provide medical care to individuals receiving services under the programs specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 431.107 Required provider agreement.

(a) Basis and purpose. This section sets forth State plan requirements, based on sections 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(27), 1902(a)(57), and 1902(a)(58) of the Act, that relate to the keeping of records and the furnishing of information by

- all providers of services (including individual practitioners and groups of practitioners).
- (b) Agreements. A State plan must provide for an agreement between the Medicaid agency and each provider or organization furnishing services under the plan in which the provider or organization agrees to:
- (1) Keep any records necessary to disclose the extent of services the provider furnishes to beneficiaries:
- (2) On request, furnish to the Medicaid agency, the Secretary, or the State Medicaid fraud control unit (if such a unit has been approved by the Secretary under §455.300 of this chapter), any information maintained under paragraph (b)(1) of this section and any information regarding payments claimed by the provider for furnishing services under the plan;
- (3) Comply with the disclosure requirements specified in part 455, subpart B of this chapter; and
- (4) Comply with the advance directives requirements for hospitals, nursing facilities, providers of home health care and personal care services, hospices, and HMOs specified in part 489, subpart I, and §417.436(d) of this chapter.
- (5)(i) Furnish to the State agency its National Provider Identifier (NPI) (if eligible for an NPI); and
- (ii) Include its NPI on all claims submitted under the Medicaid program.
- [44 FR 41644, July 17, 1979, as amended at 57 FR 8202, Mar. 6, 1992; 75 FR 24449, May 5, 2010]

§ 431.108 Effective date of provider agreements.

- (a) Applicability—(1) General rule. Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, this section applies to Medicaid provider agreements with entities that, as a basis for participation in Medicaid—
- (i) Are subject to survey and certification by CMS or the State survey agency; or
- (ii) Are deemed to meet Federal requirements on the basis of accreditation by an accrediting organization whose program has CMS approval at the time of accreditation survey and accreditation decision.