- (7) Date and results of calibration of test equipment and the name and address of the company or agency that performed the calibration;
- (8) The serial number of each production davit, along with records of its inspections and tests carried out under this section; and
- (9) The original purchaser of each davit and the vessel on which it was installed, if known.
- (d) Independent laboratory responsibility. The independent laboratory must perform or witness, as appropriate, the inspections and tests under this section for each Coast Guard-approved davit to be installed on a U.S.-flagged vessel. If the manufacturer also produces davits for approval by other maritime safety administrations, the inspections may be coordinated with inspection visits for those administrations.
- (e) Production inspections and tests. Each approved davit must be inspected and tested in accordance with the procedures in 46 CFR part 159, subpart 159.007 and the load test described in IMO Revised recommendation on testing, Part 2, paragraph 6.1.1 (incorporated by reference, see §160.132–5 of this subpart).

## § 160.132-17 Marking and labeling.

- (a) Each davit must be marked with a plate or label permanently affixed in a conspicuous place readily for inspection and sufficiently durable to withstand continuous exposure to environmental conditions at sea for the life of the davit.
- (b) The plate or label must be in English, but may also be in other languages.
- (c) The plate or label must contain the—  $\,$
- (1) Name and address of the manufacturer:
- (2) Manufacturer's model identification;
- (3) Name of the independent laboratory that witnessed the prototype or production tests;
  - (4) Serial number of the davit;
- (5) U.S. Coast Guard approval number:
  - (6) Month and year of manufacture;
- (7) Safe working load of the davit; and
  - (8) Word "SOLAS".

# § 160.132-19 Operating instructions and information for the ship's training manual.

- (a) Each davit must have instructions and information for the ship's training manual that use the symbols from IMO Res. A.760(18) (incorporated by reference, see §160.132–5 of this subpart) to describe the location and operation of the davit.
- (b) The instructions and information required by paragraph (a) of this section may be combined with similar material for survival craft and rescue boats, and their complete launching systems.
- (c) The davit manufacturer must make operating instructions and information required by paragraph (a) of this section available in English to the purchaser of a davit approved by the Coast Guard.

# § 160.132-21 Operation and maintenance instructions.

- (a) Each davit must have operation and maintenance instructions that—
- (1) Follows the general format and content specified in IMO MSC.1 Circ. 1205 (incorporated by reference, see §160.132–5 of this subpart); and
- (2) Includes a checklist for use in monthly, external visual inspections of the dayit.
- (b) The davit manufacturer must make the manual required by paragraph (a) of this section available in English to the purchaser of a davit approved by the Coast Guard.
- (c) The operation and maintenance instructions required by paragraph (a) of this section may be combined with similar material for survival craft and rescue boats, and their complete launching systems.

# § 160.132-23 Procedure for approval of design or material change.

(a) Each change in design, material, or construction from the plans approved under 46 CFR 159.005–13 and §160.132–13(h) of this subpart must be approved by the Commandant before being used in any production davit. The manufacturer must submit any such change following the procedures in §160.132–9 of this subpart, but documentation on items that are unchanged from the plans approved under

#### § 160.133-1

46 CFR 159.005-13 and \$160.115-13(h) of this subpart need not be resubmitted.

- (b) Unless determined by the Commandant to be unnecessary, a prototype davit with each change described in paragraph (a) of this section must be made and tested according to the procedures for new approvals in §§160.132–9 through 160.132–13 of this subpart.
- (c) Determinations of equivalence of design, construction, and materials will be made by the Commandant only.

## Subpart 160.133—Release Mechanisms for Lifeboats and Rescue Boats (SOLAS)

SOURCE: USCG-2010-0048, 76 FR 62983, Oct. 11, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 160.133-1 Scope.

This subpart prescribes standards, tests, and procedures for seeking Coast Guard approval of a release mechanism used for davit-launched and free-fall lifeboats approved under subpart 160.135 of this part, and rescue boats approved under subpart 160.156 of this part.

### § 160.133-3 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in the IMO LSA Code (incorporated by reference, see §160.133-5 of this subpart), in this subpart, the term:

Commandant means the Chief of the Lifesaving and Fire Safety Standards Division. Address: Commandant (CG-ENG-4), Attn: Lifesaving and Fire Safety Division, U.S. Coast Guard Stop 7509, 2703 Martin Luther King Jr. Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20593-7509; telephone 202-372-1392 or fax 202-372-1924

Full load means the weight of the complete lifeboat or rescue boat including all required equipment, provisions, fuel, and the number of persons for which it is approved. This is also known as the "condition B" weight.

Independent laboratory has the same meaning as 46 CFR 159.001–3. A list of accepted independent laboratories is available from the Commandant and online at <a href="http://cgmix.uscg.mil">http://cgmix.uscg.mil</a>.

Light load means the weight of the complete lifeboat or rescue boat empty and does not include fuel, required

equipment, or the equivalent weight of persons. This is also known as the "condition A" weight.

Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection (OCMI) means an officer of the Coast Guard designated as such by the Commandant and who fulfills the duties described in 46 CFR 1.01–15(b). The "cognizant OCMI" is the OCMI who has immediate jurisdiction over a vessel or geographic area for the purpose of performing the duties previously described.

SOLAS means the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974, as amended.

[USCG-2010-0048, 76 FR 62983, Oct. 11, 2011, as amended by USCG-2013-0671, 78 FR 60158, Sept. 30, 2013]

# § 160.133-5 Incorporation by reference.

(a) Certain material is incorporated by reference into this part with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To enforce any edition other than that specified in this section, the Coast Guard must publish notice of change in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER and the material must be available to the public. All approved material is available for inspection at Coast Guard Headquarters. Contact Commandant (CG-ENG-4), Attn: Lifesaving and Fire Safety Division, U.S. Coast Guard Stop 7509, 2703 Martin Luther King Jr. Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20593-7509. You may also inspect this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030 or http://www.archives.gov/ go t.o federal\_register/

code\_of\_federal\_regulations/

*ibr\_locations.html.* You may obtain copies of the material from the sources specified in the following paragraphs.

- (b) American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA, 19428–2959.
- (1) ASTM A 36/A 36M-08, Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel, (approved May 15, 2008), IBR approved for §160.133-7 ("ASTM A 36").
- (2) ASTM A 276-08a, Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and