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- (2) Pacific shall encompass all ports in the States of Alaska, Hawaii, California, Oregon, and Washington. It also includes all ports in Guam, American Samoa, Northern Marianas, Johnston Island, Midway Island, and Wake Island.
- (ii) Through transportation means continuous transportation between origin and destination for which a through rate is assessed and which is offered or performed by one or more carriers, at least one of which is an ocean common carrier, between a United States point or port and a foreign point or port.
- (jj) Transshipment agreement means an agreement between an ocean common carrier serving a port or point of origin and another such carrier serving a port or point of destination, whereby cargo is transferred from one carrier to another carrier at an intermediate port served by direct vessel call of both such carriers in the conduct of through transportation and the publishing carrier performs the transportation on one leg of the through transportation on its own vessel or on a vessel on which it has rights to space under a filed and effective agreement. Such an agreement does not provide for the concerted discussion, publication or otherwise fixing of rates for the account of the cargo interests, conditions of service or other tariff matters other than the tariff description of the transshipment service offered, the port of transshipment and the participation of the nonpublishing carrier. An agreement that involves the movement of cargo in a domestic offshore trade as part of a through movement of cargo via transshipment involving the foreign commerce of the United States shall be considered to be in the foreign commerce of the United States and, therefore, subject to the Act and this
- (kk) Vessel-operating costs means any of the following expenses incurred by an ocean common carrier: salaries and wages of officers and unlicensed crew, including relief crews and others regularly employed aboard the vessel fringe benefits; expenses associated with consumable stores, supplies and equipment; vessel fuel and incidental costs; vessel maintenance and repair expense; hull and machinery insurance

costs; protection and indemnity insurance costs; costs for other marine risk insurance not properly chargeable to hull and machinery insurance or to protection and indemnity insurance accounts; and charter hire expenses.

Subpart B—Scope

§535.201 Subject agreements.

- (a) Ocean common carrier agreements. This part applies to agreements by or among ocean common carriers to:
- (1) Discuss, fix, or regulate transportation rates, including through rates, cargo space accommodations, and other conditions of service;
- (2) Pool or apportion traffic, revenues, earnings, or losses;
- (3) Allot ports or restrict or otherwise regulate the number and character of sailings between ports;
- (4) Limit or regulate the volume or character of cargo or passenger traffic to be carried;
- (5) Engage in exclusive, preferential, or cooperative working arrangements among themselves or with one or more marine terminal operators;
- (6) Control, regulate, or prevent competition in international ocean transportation; or
- (7) Discuss and agree on any matter related to service contracts.
- (b) Marine terminal operator agreements. This part applies to agreements among marine terminal operators and among one or more marine terminal operators and one or more ocean carriers to:
- (1) Discuss, fix, or regulate rates or other conditions of service; or
- (2) Engage in exclusive, preferential, or cooperative working arrangements, to the extent that such agreements involve ocean transportation in the foreign commerce of the United States.

§ 535.202 Non-subject agreements.

This part does not apply to the following agreements:

- (a) Any acquisition by any person, directly or indirectly, of any voting security or assets of any other person;
 - (b) Any maritime labor agreement;
- (c) Any agreement related to transportation to be performed within or between foreign countries;