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(4) Adding or deleting special item numbers, national stock numbers, or revising their description.

(b) Requests should be forwarded to the General Services Administration, Federal Supply Service, Office of Acquisition (FC), Washington, DC 20406.

[48 FR 42368, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 54 FR 29282, July 11, 1989; 56 FR 55372, Oct. 25, 1991; 59 FR 53718, Oct. 25, 1994; 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

PART 39—ACQUISITION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

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AUTHORITY: 40 U.S.C. 121(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

SOURCE: 61 FR 41470, Aug. 8, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

39.000 Scope of part.

This part prescribes acquisition policies and procedures for use in acquiring—

(a) Information technology, including financial management systems, consistent with other parts of this regulation, OMB Circular No. A-127, Financial Management Systems, and OMB Circular No. A-130, Management of Federal Information Resources; and

(b) Electronic and information technology.

[66 FR 20897, Apr. 25, 2001]

39.001 Applicability.

This part applies to the acquisition of information technology by or for the use of agencies except for acquisitions

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of information technology for national security systems. However, acquisitions of information technology for national security systems shall be conducted in accordance with 40 U.S.C. 11302 with regard to requirements for performance and results-based management; the role of the agency Chief Information Officer in acquisitions; and accountability. These requirements are addressed in OMB Circular No. A-130.

 $[61\ {\rm FR}\ 41470,\ {\rm Aug.}\ 8,\ 1996,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 70\ {\rm FR}\ 57455,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 30,\ 2005]$

39.002 Definitions.

As used in this part—

Modular contracting means use of one or more contracts to acquire information technology systems in successive, interoperable increments.

National security system means any telecommunications or information system operated by the United States Government, the function, operation, or use of which—

(1) Involves intelligence activities;

(2) Involves cryptologic activities related to national security;

(3) Involves command and control of military forces;

(4) Involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system: or

(5) Is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions. This does not include a system that is to be used for routine administrative and business applications, such as payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications.

Year 2000 compliant with respect to information technology, means that the information technology accurately processes date/time data (including, but not limited to, calculating, comparing, and sequencing) from, into, and between the twentieth and twenty-first centuries, and the years 1999 and 2000 and leap year calculations, to the extent that other information technology, used in combination with the information technology being acquired, properly exchanges date/time data with it.

[61 FR 41470, Aug. 8, 1996, as amended at 62
FR 274, Jan. 2, 1997; 62 FR 44830, Aug. 22, 1997;
63 FR 9068, Feb. 23, 1998; 66 FR 2133, Jan. 10, 2001]