### **Federal Acquisition Regulation**

acquisitions at or below the simplified acquisition threshold also apply to acquisitions conducted prior to July 3, 1995, that used small purchase procedures. The retention periods for acquisitions above the simplified acquisition threshold also apply to acquisitions conducted prior to July 3, 1995, that used other than small purchase procedures.

Document	Retention period
(1) Records pertaining to Contract Disputes Act ac- tions.	6 years and 3 months after final action or decision for files created prior to Octo- ber 1, 1979. 1 year after final action or decision for files created on or after Oc- tober 1, 1979.
(2) Contracts (and related records or documents, including successful proposals) exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold for other than construction.	6 years and 3 months after final payment.
(3) Contracts (and related records or documents, including successful proposals) at or below the simplified acquisition threshold for other than construction.	3 years after final payment.
(4) Construction contracts: (i) Above \$2,000	6 years and 3 months after final payment.
(ii) \$2,000 or less	3 years after final payment.
(iii) Related records or documents, including successful proposals, except for contractor's payrolls (see (b)(4)(iv)).	Same as contract file.
(iv) Contractor's payrolls submitted in accord- ance with Department of Labor regulations, with related certifi- cations, anti-kickback affidavits, and other re- lated papers.	years after contract completion unless contract performance is the subject of an enforcement action on that date.
(5) Solicited and unsolicited unsuccessful offers, quotations, bids, and proposals: (i) Relating to contracts above the simplified acquisition threshold.	If filed separately from contract file, until contract is completed. Otherwise, the same as related contract file.
(ii) Relating to contracts at or below the sim- plified acquisition threshold.	year after date of award or until final payment, which- ever is later.

Document	Retention period
(6) Files for canceled solicitations.	5 years after cancellation.
(7) Other copies of procure- ment file records used by component elements of a contracting office for ad- ministrative purposes.	Upon termination or completion.
(8) Documents pertaining generally to the contractor as described at 4.801(c)(3).	Until superseded or obsolete.
(9) Data submitted to the Federal Procurement Data System (FPDS). Electronic data file maintained by fiscal year, containing unclassified records of all procurements other than simplified acquisitions, and information required under 4.603.	5 years after submittal to FPDS.
(10) Investigations, cases pending or in litigation (including protests), or similar matters.	Until final clearance or settlement, or, if related to a document identified in (b)(1)–(9), for the retention period specified for the related document, whichever is later.

[65 FR 36022, June 6, 2000, as amended at 73 FR 21778, Apr. 22, 2008]

## Subpart 4.9—Taxpayer Identification Number Information

AUTHORITY: 40 U.S.C. 486(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

Source: 63 FR 58589, Oct. 30, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

### 4.900 Scope of subpart.

This subpart provides policies and procedures for obtaining—

- (a) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) information that may be used for debt collection purposes; and
- (b) Contract information and payment information for submittal to the payment office for Internal Revenue Service (IRS) reporting purposes.

### 4.901 Definition.

Common parent, as used in this subpart, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated

#### 4.902

basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

[60 FR 28493, May 31, 1995, as amended at 66 FR 2127, Jan. 10, 2001]

#### 4.902 General.

- (a) Debt collection. 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) requires each contractor doing business with a Government agency to furnish its TIN to that agency. 31 U.S.C. 3325(d) requires the Government to include, with each certified voucher prepared by the Government payment office and submitted to a disbursing official, the TIN of the contractor receiving payment under the voucher. The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the contractor's relationship with the Government.
- (b) Information reporting to the IRS. The TIN is also required for Government reporting of certain contract information (see 4.903) and payment information (see 4.904) to the IRS.

### 4.903 Reporting contract information to the IRS.

- (a) 26 U.S.C. 6050M, as implemented in 26 CFR, requires heads of Federal executive agencies to report certain information to the IRS.
- (b)(1) The required information applies to contract modifications—
- (i) Increasing the amount of a contract awarded before January 1, 1989, by \$50,000 or more; and
- (ii) Entered into on or after April 1, 1990.
- (2) The reporting requirement also applies to certain contracts and modifications thereto in excess of \$25,000 entered into on or after January 1, 1989.
  - (c) The information to report is—
- (1) Name, address, and TIN of the contractor:
- (2) Name and TIN of the common parent (if any);
  - (3) Date of the contract action;
- (4) Amount obligated on the contract action; and
- (5) Estimated contract completion date.
- (d) Transmit the information to the IRS through the Federal Procurement Data System (see Subpart 4.6 and implementing instructions).

### 4.904 Reporting payment information to the IRS.

26 U.S.C. 6041 and 6041A, as implemented in 26 CFR, in part, require payors, including Government agencies, to report to the IRS, on Form 1099, payments made to certain contractors. 26 U.S.C. 6109 requires a contractor to provide its TIN if a Form 1099 is required. The payment office is responsible for submitting reports to the IRS.

### 4.905 Solicitation provision.

The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.204–3, Taxpayer Identification, in solicitations that—

- (a) Do not include the provisionat 52.204–7, System for Award Management; and
- (b) Are not conducted under the procedures of part 12.

[68 FR 56672, Oct. 1, 2003, as amended at 77 FR 69718, Nov. 20, 2012; 78 FR 37678, June 21, 2013]

## Subpart 4.10—Administrative Matters

SOURCE: 62 FR 51230, Sept. 30, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

### 4.1001 Policy.

Contracts may identify the items or services to be acquired as separately identified line items. Contract line items should provide unit prices or lump sum prices for separately identifiable contract deliverables, and associated delivery schedules or performance periods. Line items may be further subdivided or stratified for administrative purposes (e.g., to provide for traceable accounting classification citations).

[62 FR 51230, Sept. 30, 1997]

# Subpart 4.11—System for Award Management

SOURCE: 68 FR 56672, Oct. 1, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

### 4.1100 Scope.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for requiring contractor registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) database to—