pay under §551.512(a)(2)) to be earned by the employee during a future period of service. This method may not be used to circumvent any bonus limitations that might otherwise apply. At the agency’s discretion, the portion of the bonus attributable to the employee’s half-rate overtime pay under §551.512(a)(2) may be excluded in applying bonus limitations, since it can be viewed as constituting additional FLSA overtime pay. (This method does not apply to nondiscretionary bonuses established as a percentage of a segment of pay, such as ratings-based cash awards under §451.104(g) of this chapter that are expressed as a percentage of basic pay, excluding locality adjustments. To meet overtime pay requirements for these types of bonuses, use one of the methods described in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section.)

(c) Group-based bonus distribution methods. (1) For employees who have earned nondiscretionary group cash awards or bonuses, payment of a bonus under one of the methods of distribution described in paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this section is considered to be in full compliance with the overtime pay requirements of this subpart. These methods may not be used to circumvent any bonus limitations that might otherwise apply.

(2) Percentage method. (i) Identify the amount of the group bonus under the agency’s bonus plan and the period of time during which it was earned;

(ii) Establish the group bonus as a percentage of the total pay (i.e., total remuneration before considering the group bonus, including straight time pay for any overtime hours, plus any half-rate overtime pay under §551.512(a)(2)) earned by employees in the group during the bonus period; and

(iii) Divide the amount of the group bonus by the total number of boosted hours credited to each individual employee in the bonus period to determine each employee’s share of the group bonus.

[64 FR 69181, Dec. 10, 1999]

FRACTIONAL HOURS OF WORK

§ 551.521 Fractional hours of work.

(a) An employee shall be compensated for every minute of regular overtime work.

(b) A quarter of an hour shall be the largest fraction of an hour used for crediting irregular or occasional overtime work under this subpart. When irregular or occasional overtime work is performed in other than the full fraction, odd minutes shall be rounded up or rounded down to the nearest full fraction of an hour used to credit overtime work.

[48 FR 36806, Aug. 15, 1983]

COMPENSATORY TIME OFF

§ 551.531 Compensatory time off.

(a) At the request of an employee who is not exempt under subpart B of this part, the head of an agency (or designee) may grant compensatory time off from an employee’s tour of duty instead of payment under §551.501 for an equal amount of irregular or occasional overtime work.

(b) At the request of an employee, as defined in §5 U.S.C. 2105, the head of an agency may grant compensatory time off from an employee’s basic work requirement under a flexible work schedule under 5 U.S.C. 6122 instead of payment under §551.501 of this part for an equal amount of overtime work, whether or not irregular or occasional in nature.
§551.541 Employees engaged in fire protection activities or law enforcement activities.

(a) An employee engaged in fire protection activities or law enforcement activities (as described in §§551.215 and 551.216, respectively) who receives compensation for those activities under 5 U.S.C. 5545(c)(1) or (2) or 5545b, or does not meet the definition of “employee” in 5 U.S.C. 5541(2) for the purposes of 5 U.S.C. 5542, 5543, and 5544, is subject to section 7(k) of the Act and this section. (See §551.501(a)(1) and (5)). Such an employee shall be paid at a rate equal to one and one-half times the employee’s hourly regular rate of pay for those hours in a tour of duty which exceed the overtime standard for a work period specified in section 7(k) of the Act.

(b) The tour of duty of an employee covered by paragraph (a) of this section shall include all time the employee is on duty. Meal periods and sleep periods are included in the tour of duty except as otherwise provided in §§551.411(c) and 551.432(b).

(c) Each agency shall establish the “work period” to be used for application of section 7(k) of the Act. The work period shall be at least seven days and not more than 28 days.

(d) A firefighter subject to section 7(k) of the Act who is compensated under part 550, subpart M, of this chapter is deemed to be appropriately compensated under section 7(k) of the Act and this part if the requirements of §550.1304(a) of this chapter are satisfied. (See 5 U.S.C. 5545b(d)(2).)


Subpart F—Child Labor