

for Rural Business Enterprises Guaranteed Loans” are referred to as “Appendix K.”

[52 FR 6501, Mar. 4, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 4, Jan. 3, 1989, and 54 FR 26946, June 27, 1989; 54 FR 42483, Oct. 17, 1989]

§ 1980.496 Exception authority.

The Administrator may in individual cases grant an exception to any requirement or provision of this subpart which is not inconsistent with any applicable law or opinion of the Comptroller General, provided the Administrator determines that application of the requirement or provision would adversely affect the Government’s interest. Requests for exceptions must be in writing by the State Director and submitted through the Assistant Administrator, Community and Business Programs. Requests must be supported with documentation to explain the adverse effect on the Government’s interest, propose alternative courses of action, and show how the adverse effect will be eliminated or minimized if the exception is granted.

§ 1980.497 General administrative.

Refer to appendix G of this subpart (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 Office) for advice on how to interact with the OGC on liquidations and property management.

(a) *Office of the General Counsel (OGC)*. In performing the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 functions with respect to B&I, D & D, and DARBE loans, the advice and assistance of OGC may be sought and followed on any legal matter. However, it is the responsibility of the lender to ascertain that all requirements for making, securing, and servicing the loan are duly met. If FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 has any questions concerning the lender’s resolution of these matters, OGC should be consulted. Assistance of OGC will be requested on all loans as specified herein and all liquidations and workouts.

(b) *Contact with OGC*. Initial informal contact with OGC should be made as soon as possible. FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 State Directors should use the following for-

mat in formally requesting legal assistance on workouts.

(1) *Origination*: All written requests should come from the State Director.

(2) *Method*: Request should be made by referral memorandum to the Regional Attorney setting forth a brief statement of the facts, the reason assistance is requested, the extent of legal assistance sought, the date when FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354’s response to the lender’s liquidation plan (if any) is due and:

(i) *Projected losses on collateral*: e.g., projected losses on collateral are expected to be significant.

(ii) *Unusual or complex nature of primary collateral*: e.g., multi-state foreclosures or foreclosure of leases or general intangibles.

(iii) *Presence of other major creditors or of senior creditors*: e.g., guaranteed loan collateral may be subject to a prior lien or other creditors may have rights in other assets of borrower, such as inventory and accounts receivable.

(iv) *Litigation is pending or threatened*: e.g., bankruptcy, other foreclosure suits.

(3) *Materials to submit*: Referral memorandums will be accompanied by a copy of lender’s liquidation plan together with a copy of FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354’s planned response and principal loan papers, conditional commitment for guarantee, guarantee documents and any comments from the National Office. If lender refuses to prepare a plan, the State Director should so state. DO NOT SEND DOCKETS unless specifically requested by OGC.

(c) *Reviews prior to issuance of the loan note guarantee*. After the conditional commitment for guarantee has been issued and proposed with closing documents prepared by the lender and forwarded to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 with the lender’s legal counsel’s opinion in the suggested format of appendix H of this subpart, but prior to issuing the loan note guarantee, the State Director will forward the loan docket to the Regional Attorney for review. After an

§ 1980.498

administrative review, the State Director will include with the docket a letter with recommendations and indicating any special items, documents or problems that need to be addressed specifically which may have a significant impact upon the loan or may be contrary to the regulation. The docket will be assembled for OGC review in accordance with §1980.451 Administrative B 5 of this subpart and indexed and tabbed.

(d) *Please submit the following for OGC review.* Copies of:

(1) Letter from FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 National Office authorizing loan guarantee containing conditions (if applicable);

(2) Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-14, including any amendments;

(3) Loan Agreement;

(4) Promissory Notes;

(5) Security documents—Real Estate Mortgage, Security Agreement, Financing Statements, and Leases (if applicable);

(6) Personal or corporation guarantees with related security documents;

(7) Proposed Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-35.

(8) Proposed Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-34.

(9) Proposed Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-36, if any;

(10) Proposed Lender's Certification (§1980.60 of subpart A of this part); and

(11) Opinion of Lender's Counsel in form prescribed by OGC.

(e) *Do not submit for OGC review* feasibility studies, title information, or the original application unless specifically requested to do so.

(f) *OGC advice.* The Regional Attorney will review the docket and furnish advice to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 on whether it may issue the LOAN NOTE GUARANTEE AFTER THE LOAN IS CLOSED. SUCH ADVICE IS FOR THE BENEFIT OF FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 ONLY AND DOES NOT RELIEVE THE LENDER OF ITS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER FmHA or its successor agency

7 CFR Ch. XVIII (1-1-13 Edition)

under Public Law 103-354 REGULATIONS. The Regional Attorney at his/her option may attend the loan closing. Upon receipt of the Regional Attorney's advice, the State Director will correct or cause to be corrected any noted deficiencies before issuing the Loan Note Guarantee.

(g) *Delegation of authority.* The State Director may delegate those administrative duties and responsibilities as authorized in the Administrative sections of this subpart, except those specifically reserved to the State Director.

§ 1980.498 Business and Industry Disaster Loans.

(a) *Introduction.* This section contains regulations for the Business and Industry Disaster (BID) loan program. The purpose of the program is to provide loan guarantees under the authority of the Dire Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1992, Public Law 102-368. These guaranteed loans cover costs arising from the consequences of natural disasters such as Hurricanes Andrew and Iniki and Typhoon Omar that occur after August 23, 1992, and receive a Presidential declaration. Also included are the costs to any producer of crops and livestock that are a consequence of at least a 40 percent loss to a crop, 25 percent loss to livestock, or damage to building structures from a microburst wind occurrence in calendar year 1992. No BID loan guarantee will be approved after September 30, 1993. All provisions of subparts A and E of part 1980 of this chapter apply to BID loans, except as provided in this section. All forms used in connection with a BID loan will be those used with other Business and Industry (B&I) loans, except as provided in paragraph (m) of this section.

(b) *Location of Applicants.* (1) Section 1980.405 of this subpart. "Rural area determinations," will not apply to BID loans. BID loans may be made in rural and nonrural areas.

(2) Eligible borrowers' businesses must be located within the area covered by the Presidential declaration except for those with qualifying losses from microburst wind in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.