§29.1009

and FP—orange (primings side), KK-excessively scorched.

[48 FR 29671, June 28, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 25027, July 10, 1986]

§29.1009 Condition.

The state of tobacco which results from the method of preparation or from the degree of fermentation. Words used to describe the condition of tobacco are: Undried, air-dried, steamdried, sweating, sweated, and aged.

§29.1010 Crude.

A subdegree of maturity. Crude leaves are usually hard and slick as a result of extreme immaturity. A similar condition may result from fire-kill, sunburn, or sunscald. Any leaf which is crude to the extent of 20 percent or more of its surface may be described as crude. (See Rule 20.)

§29.1011 Cured.

Tobacco dried of its sap by either natural or artificial processes.

§29.1012 Damage.

The effect of mold, must, rot, black rot, or other fungus or bacterial diseases which attack tobacco in its cured state. Tobacco having the odor of mold, must, or rot is considered damaged. (See Rule 21.)

§29.1013 Dirty.

The state of tobacco containing moderate to excessive amounts of dirt or sand, or tobacco to which additional quantities of dirt or sand have been added. (See Rule 24.)

§29.1014 Elasticity.

The flexible, springy nature of the tobacco leaf to recover approximately its original size and shape after it has been stretched.

§29.1015 Elements of quality.

Elements of quality and the degrees used in the specifications of the Official Standard Grades for Flue-cured, U.S. Types 11–14, and Foreign Type 92 are shown in chart form. Words have been selected to describe the degrees of each element.

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 49\ {\rm FR}\ 16755,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 20,\ 1984]$

7 CFR Ch. I (1–1–13 Edition)

§29.1016 Excessively scorched.

As applied to flue-cured tobacco, the combination symbol "KK" when used as the third factor of a grademark denotes that a lot contains over 50 percent of unripe tobacco.

[51 FR 25027, July 10, 1986]

§29.1017 Finish.

The reflectance factor in color perception. Finish indicates the sheen or shine of the surface of a tobacco leaf.

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ {\rm at}\ 51\ {\rm FR}\ 25027,\ {\rm July}\ 10,\ 1986]$

§29.1018 Fire-killed.

Any leaf of which 5 percent or more of its surface has a set green color caused by excessive heat in the curing process. Any lot containing 5 percent or more of such tobacco may be described as fire-killed. (See Rule 23.)

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ at\ 51\ {\rm FR}\ 25027,\ {\rm July}\ 10,\ 1986]$

§29.1019 Flue-cured.

Tobacco cured under artificial atmospheric conditions by a process of regulating the heat and ventilation without allowing smoke or fumes from the fuel to come in contact with the tobacco; or tobacco cured by some other process which accomplishes the same results.

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ {\rm at}\ 51\ {\rm FR}\ 25027,\ {\rm July}\ 10,\ 1986]$

§29.1020 Foreign matter.

Any extraneous substance or material such as straw, strings, rubber bands, grass, weeds, or an excessive amount of dirt or sand. (See Rule 24.)

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ {\rm at}\ 51\ {\rm FR}\ 25027,\ {\rm July}\ 10,\ 1986]$

§29.1021 Form.

The stage or preparation of tobacco such as stemmed or unstemmed.

[42 FR 21092, Apr. 25, 1977. Redesignated at 51 FR 25027, July 10, 1986]

§29.1022 Grade.

A subdivision of a type according to group, quality, and color.

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 21092,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 25,\ 1977.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ {\rm at}\ 51\ {\rm FR}\ 25027,\ {\rm July}\ 10,\ 1986]$