§ 29.3030  Greenish (V).
A color term applied to greenish-tinted tobacco. Any leaf which has a
greenish tinge or a pale green color affecting 20 percent or more of its surface
may be described as greenish. (See Rule 17.)

§ 29.3031  Group.
A division of a type covering closely related grades based on certain charac-
teristics which are related to stalk position or the general quality of the to-
bacco. Groups in Burley, Types 31 and 32, are as follows: Flyings (X), Lugs or
Cutters (C), Leaf (B), Tips (T), Mixed (M), Nondescript (N), and Scrap (S).

§ 29.3032  Injury.
Hurt or impairment from any cause except the fungous or bacterial dis-
eases which attack tobacco in its cured state. (See definition of Damage.) In-
jury to tobacco may be caused by field diseases, insects, or weather condi-
tions; insecticides, fungicides, or cell growth inhibitors; nutritional defi-
ciencies or excesses; or improper fer-
tilizing, harvesting, curing, or han-
dling. Injured tobacco includes dead,
burnt, hail-cut, torn, broken, frost-
bitten, sunburned, sunscalded, scorched, fire-killed, bulk-burnt,
steam-burnt, barn-burnt, house-burnt, bleached, bruised, discolored, or de-
formed leaves; or tobacco affected by
wildfire, rust, frog- eye, mosaic, root
rot, wilt, black shank, or other dis-
eases. (See Elements of quality and
Rule 14.)

§ 29.3033  Leaf.
Whole, unstemmed leaf. Leaf, when
applied to tobacco in strip form, shall
describe the divided unit of a whole leaf.
[49 FR 16758, Apr. 20, 1984]

§ 29.3034  Leaf scrap.
A by-product of unstemmed tobacco. Leaf scrap results from handling
unstemmed tobacco and consists of loose and tangled whole or broken leaves.

§ 29.3035  Leaf structure.
The cell development of a leaf as in-
dicated by its porosity or solidity. (See Elements of quality.)

§ 29.3036  Leaf surface.
The smoothness or roughness of the
web or lamina of a tobacco leaf. Leaf
surface is affected to some extent by
the size and shrinkage of the veins or
fibers. (See Elements of quality.)

§ 29.3037  Length.
The linear measurement of cured to-
bacco leaves from the butt of the mid-
rrib to the extreme tip. Length, as an
element of quality, does not apply to
tobacco in strip form. (See Elements of
quality.)

§ 29.3038  Lot.
A pile, basket, bulk, bale or bales,
shet, case hoghead, tierce, package,
or other definite package unit.

§ 29.3039  Maturity.
The degree of ripeness. Tobacco is
mature when it reaches its prime state of development. The extremes are ex-
pressed as immature and mellow. (See Elements of quality.)

§ 29.3040  Mixed color (M).
Distinctly different colors of the type mingled together. (See Rule 16.)