bushes, or vines that are destroyed or damaged beyond rehabilitation. Mortality does not include partial damage such as lost tree limbs.

Seedling means an immature tree, bush, or vine that was planted in the ground or other growing medium to grow a new tree, bush, or vine for commercial purposes.

Stand means a contiguous acreage of the same type of trees (including Christmas trees, ornamental trees, nursery trees, and potted trees), bushes (including shrubs), or vines.

State committee means the respective FSA committee.

Tree means a tall, woody plant having comparatively great height, and a single trunk from which an annual crop is produced for commercial purposes, such as a maple tree for syrup, papaya tree, or orchard tree. Trees used for pulp or timber are not considered eligible trees under this subpart.

Vine means a perennial plant grown under normal conditions from which an annual fruit crop is produced for commercial market for human consumption, such as grape, kiwi, or passion fruit, and that has a flexible stem supported by climbing, twining, or creeping along a surface. Perennials that are normally propagated as annuals such as tomato plants, biennials such as the plants that produce strawberries, and annuals such as pumpkins, squash, cucumbers, watermelon, and other melons, are excluded from the term vine in this subpart.

$\S 760.503$ Eligible losses.

- (a) To be considered an eligible loss under this subpart:
- (1) Eligible trees, bushes, or vines must have been lost or damaged as a result of natural disaster as determined by the Deputy Administrator;
- (2) The individual stand must have sustained a mortality loss or damage, as the case may be, loss in excess of 15 percent after adjustment for normal mortality or damage;
- (3) The loss could not have been prevented through reasonable and available measures; and
- (4) The trees, bushes, or vines, in the absence of a natural disaster, would not normally have required rehabilita-

tion or replanting within the 12-month period following the loss.

- (b) The damage or loss must be visible and obvious to the county committee representative. If the damage is no longer visible, the county committee may accept other evidence of the loss as it determines is reasonable.
- (c) The county committee may require information from a qualified expert, as determined by the county committee, to determine extent of loss in the case of plant disease or insect infestation.
- (d) The Deputy Administrator will determine the types of trees, bushes, and vines that are eligible.
- (e) An individual stand that did not sustain a sufficient loss as specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section is not eligible for payment, regardless of the amount of loss sustained.

§ 760.504 Eligible orchardists and nursery tree growers.

- (a) To be eligible for TAP payments, the eligible orchardist or nursery tree grower must:
- (1) Have planted, or be considered to have planted (by purchase prior to the loss of existing stock planted for commercial purposes) trees, bushes, or vines for commercial purposes, or have a production history, for commercial purposes, of planted or existing trees, bushes, or vines;
- (2) Have suffered eligible losses of eligible trees, bushes, or vines occurring between January 1, 2008, and September 30, 2011, as a result of a natural disaster or related condition;
- (3) Meet the risk management purchase requirement as specified in §760.104 or the waiver requirements in §760.105 or §760.107; and
- (4) Have continuously owned the stand from the time of the disaster until the time that the TAP application is submitted.
- (b) A new owner of an orchard or nursery who does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section may receive TAP payments approved for the previous owner of the orchard or nursery and not paid to the previous owner, if the previous owner of the orchard or nursery agrees to the succession in writing and if the new owner:

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- (1) Acquires ownership of trees, bushes, or vines for which benefits have been approved;
- (2) Agrees to complete all approved practices that the original owner has not completed; and
- (3) Otherwise meets and assumes full responsibility for all provisions of this part, including refund of payments made to the previous owner, if applicable
- (c) A producer seeking payment must not be ineligible under the restrictions applicable to citizenship and foreign corporations contained in §760.103(b) and must meet all other requirements of subpart B of this part.
- (d) Federal, State, and local governments and agencies and political subdivisions thereof are not eligible for payment under this subpart.

§ 760.505 Application.

- (a) To apply for TAP, a producer that suffered eligible tree, bush, or vine losses that occurred:
- (1) During calendar years 2008, 2009, or 2010, prior to May 7, 2010, must provide an application for payment and supporting documentation to FSA no later than July 6, 2010.
- (2) On or after May 7, 2010, must provide an application for payment and supporting documentation to FSA within 90 calendar days of the disaster event or date when the loss of trees, bushes, or vines is apparent to the producer.
- (b) The producer must submit the application for payment within the time specified in paragraph (a) of this section to the FSA administrative county office that maintains the producer's farm records for the agricultural operation.
- (c) A complete application includes all of the following:
- (1) A completed application form provided by FSA;
- (2) An acreage report for the farming operation as specified in part 718, subpart B, of this chapter;
- (3) Subject to verification and a loss amount determined appropriate by the county committee, a written estimate of the number of trees, bushes, or vines lost or damaged that is certified by the producer or a qualified expert, includ-

ing the number of acres on which the loss occurred; and

- (4) Sufficient evidence of the loss to allow the county committee to calculate whether an eligible loss occurred
- (d) Before requests for payment will be approved, the county committee:
- (1) Must make an eligibility determination based on a complete application for assistance:
- (2) Must verify actual qualifying losses and the number of acres involved by on-site visual inspection of the land and the trees, bushes, or vines;
- (3) May request additional information and may consider all relevant information in making its determination; and
- (4) Must verify actual costs to complete the practices, as documented by the producer.

§ 760.506 Payment calculations.

- (a) Payment to an eligible orchardist or nursery tree grower for the cost of replanting or rehabilitating trees, bushes, or vines damaged or lost due to a natural disaster, in excess of 15 percent damage or mortality (adjusted for normal damage or mortality), will be calculated as follows:
- (1) For the cost of planting seedlings or cuttings, to replace lost trees, bushes, or vines, the lesser of:
- (i) 70 percent of the actual cost of the practice, or
- (ii) The amount calculated using rates established by the Deputy Administrator for the practice.
- (2) For the cost of pruning, removal, and other costs incurred for salvaging damaged trees, bushes, or vines, or in the case of mortality, to prepare the land to replant trees, bushes, or vines, the lesser of:
- $\left(i \right)$ 50 percent of the actual cost of the practice, or
- (ii) The amount calculated using rates established by the Deputy Administrator for the practice.
- (b) An orchardist or nursery tree grower that did not plant the trees, bushes, or vines, but has a production history for commercial purposes on planted or existing trees and lost the trees, bushes, or vines as a result of a natural disaster, in excess of 15 percent