- (1) Cattle, bison, or captive cervids destroyed because the animals are infected with or exposed to tuberculosis;
- (2) Cattle, bison, or captive cervids that have been classified as suspect for tuberculosis, except that the payment of indemnity for the destruction of suspect cattle, bison, and captive cervids will be withheld until the tuberculosis status of the suspect animal has been determined and, if the cattle, bison, or captive cervid is found to be infected with tuberculosis, until all cattle, bison, and captive cervids 12 months of age or older in the claimant's herd have been tested for tuberculosis under APHIS or State supervision; and
- (3) Other livestock destroyed because they are classified as exposed to tuberculosis by the designated tuberculosis epidemiologist by reason of an association with an affected herd of cattle, bison, or captive cervids.
- (b) In each case, the joint State-Federal indemnity paid, together with the amount for net salvage the owner receives, may not exceed the appraised value of the animal, as determined in accordance with §50.9. Additionally, the Department will in no case pay more than \$3,000 for an animal that is destroyed.

[67 FR 7591, Feb. 20, 2002]

## § 50.4 Classification of cattle, bison, captive cervids, and other livestock as infected, exposed, or suspect.

- (a) Cattle, bison, and captive cervids are classified as infected with tuberculosis on the basis of an intradermal tuberculin test applied by a Federal, State, or an accredited veterinarian or by other diagnostic procedure approved in advance by the Administrator.
- (b) Cattle, bison, and captive cervids are classified as exposed to tuberculosis when such cattle, bison, and captive cervids (1) are part of a known infected herd, or (2) are found to have moved from an infected herd before the time infection was disclosed in such herd and after the time such herd had apparently become infected, or (3) are found to have been exposed by virtue of nursing a reactor dam: *Provided*, That cattle, bison, and captive cervids classified as exposed to tuberculosis shall be removed direct to slaughter.

- (c) Cattle and bison are classified as suspects for tuberculosis based on a positive response to an official tuberculin test, in accordance with the "Uniform Methods and Rules—Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication" (incorporated into the regulations by reference in part 77). Captive cervids are classified as suspects for tuberculosis in the same manner as cattle and bison.
- (d) The designated tuberculosis epidemiologist will determine whether livestock other than cattle, bison, or captive cervids are classified as exposed to tuberculosis by reason of association with an affected herd of cattle, bison, or captive cervids.

 $[40~\mathrm{FR}~27009,~\mathrm{June}~26,~1975,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~52~\mathrm{FR}~39614,~\mathrm{Oct.}~23,~1987;~56~\mathrm{FR}~36998,~\mathrm{Aug.}~2,~1991;~60~\mathrm{FR}~37809,~\mathrm{July}~24,~1995;~63~\mathrm{FR}~34264,~\mathrm{June}~24,~1998;~67~\mathrm{FR}~7591,~\mathrm{Feb.}~20,~2002]$ 

## § 50.5 Record of tests.

When any cattle, bison, or captive cervid in a herd is classified by an APHIS or State representative or accredited veterinarian as a reactor to a test for tuberculosis, a complete test record shall be made for such herd, including the reactor tag number of each reacting animal and the registration name and number of each reacting registered animal. VS Form 6-22 or an equivalent State form shall be used for the record of any herd having any reactor to a tuberculin test. A copy of the applicable test record shall be given to the owner of any such herd, and one copy of each such record shall be furnished to the appropriate State veterinarian's office.

[40 FR 27009, June 26, 1975, as amended at 52 FR 39614, Oct. 23, 1987; 56 FR 36998, Aug. 2, 1991; 60 FR 37809, July 24, 1995; 63 FR 34264, June 24, 1998]

## § 50.6 Identification of animals to be destroyed because of tuberculosis.

- (a) Livestock to be destroyed because of tuberculosis must be identified as follows:
- (1) Livestock classified as reactors for tuberculosis must be identified within 15 days after being classified as reactors, except that the veterinarian in charge may extend the time limit for identification to 30 days when he or