Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6805(a)) and section 5g of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 7b–2); and
(b) The Federal Trade Commission, with respect to designated payment systems and participants therein not otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of any Federal functional regulators (including the Commission) as described in paragraph (a) of this section.

APPENDIX A TO PART 233—MODEL NOTICE

(Date)
(Name of foreign sender or foreign banking office)
(Address)
Re: U.S. Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act Notice
Dear [Name of foreign counterparty]:
On [date], U.S. government officials informed us that your institution processed payments through our facilities for Internet gambling transactions restricted by U.S. law on [dates, recipients, and other relevant information if available].
We provide this notice to comply with U.S. Government regulations implementing the Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act of 2006 (Act), a U.S. federal law. Our policies and procedures established in accordance with those regulations provide that we will notify a foreign counterparty if we learn that the counterparty has processed payments through our facilities for Internet gambling transactions restricted by the Act. This notice ensures that you are aware that we have received information that your institution has processed payments for Internet gambling restricted by the Act.

PART 234—DESIGNATED FINANCIAL MARKET UTILITIES (REGULATION HH)

Sec.
234.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.
234.2 Definitions.
234.3 Standards for payment systems.
234.4 Standards for central securities depositories and central counterparties.
234.5 Changes to rules, procedures, or operations.
234.6 Access to Federal Reserve Bank accounts and services.

234.7 Interest on balances.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 5461 et seq.
SOURCE: 77 FR 45919, Aug. 2, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

§ 234.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.
(a) Authority. This part is issued under the authority of sections 805, 806, and 810 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act) (Pub. L. 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376; 12 U.S.C. 5464, 5465, and 5469).
(b) Purpose and scope. This part establishes risk-management standards governing the operations related to the payment, clearing, and settlement activities of designated financial market utilities. The risk-management standards do not apply, however, to a designated financial market utility that is a derivatives clearing organization registered under section 5b of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 7a–1) or a clearing agency registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78q–1), which are governed by the risk-management standards promulgated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission or the Securities and Exchange Commission, respectively, for which each is the Supervisory Agency (as defined below). In addition, this part sets out requirements and procedures for a designated financial market utility that proposes to make a change to its rules, procedures, or operations that could materially affect the nature or level of risks presented by the designated financial market utility and for which the Board is the Supervisory Agency.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 78 FR 76979, Dec. 20, 2013, §234.1 was amended by revising paragraph (b), effective Feb. 18, 2014. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

234.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

* * * * *

(b) Purpose and scope. This part establishes risk-management standards governing the operations related to the payment, clearing, and settlement activities of designated financial market utilities. In addition, this part sets out requirements and procedures for a designated financial market utility