§ 30.4

§30.3 Electronic Export Information filer requirements, parties to export transactions, and responsibilities of parties to export transactions.

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(b) * * *

(2) USPPI. For purposes of filing EEI, the USPPI is the person or legal entity in the United States that receives the primary benefit, monetary or otherwise, from the transaction. Generally, that person or entity is the U.S. seller, manufacturer, order party, or foreign entity if in the United States at the time goods are purchased or obtained for export. The foreign entity shall be listed as the USPPI if it is in the United States when the items are purchased or obtained for export. The foreign entity shall then follow the provisions for filing the EEI specified in §§ 30.3 and 30.6 pertaining to the USPPI.

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(iii) If a U.S. order party directly arranges for the sale and export of goods to the FPPI, the U.S. order party shall be listed as the USPPI in the EEI.

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- (4) Carrier. A carrier is an individual or legal entity in the business of transporting passengers or goods. Airlines, trucking companies, railroad companies, shipping lines, and pipeline companies are all examples of carriers.
 - (c) * * *
 - (2) * * *

(ii) Obtaining a power of attorney or written authorization from the USPPI to file the EEI.

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- (3) Carrier responsibilities. (i) The carrier must not load or move cargo unless the required documentation, from the USPPI or authorized agent, contains the required AES proof of filing, postdeparture, downtime, exclusion or exemption citations. This information must be cited on the first page of the bill of lading, air waybill, or other commercial loading documents.
- (ii) The carrier must annotate the AES proof of filing, postdeparture, downtime, exclusion or exemption citations on the carrier's outbound manifest when required.
- (iii) The carrier is responsible for presenting the required AES proof of filing, postdeparture, downtime, exclusion or exemption citations to the CBP Port Director at the port of export as stated in Subpart E of this part. Such presentation shall be without material change or amendment of the

proof of filing, postdeparture, downtime, exclusion or exemption citation.

(iv) The carrier shall notify the USPPI or the authorized agent of changes to the transportation data, and the USPPI or the authorized agent shall electronically transmit the corrections, cancellations, or amendments as soon as the corrections are known in accordance with §30.9. Manifest amendments must be made in accordance with CBP regulations.

(v) Retain documents pertaining to the export shipment as specified in §30.10.

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§ 30.4 Electronic Export Information filing procedures, deadlines, and certification statements.

electronic filing options (predeparture and postdeparture) for transmitting EEI are available to the USPPI or authorized agent. The electronic postdeparture filing takes into account that complete information concerning export shipments may not always be available prior to exportation and accommodates these circumstances by providing, when authorized, for filing of EEI after departure. For example, for exports of seasonal and agricultural commodities, only estimated quantities, values, and consignees may be known prior to exportation. The procedures for obtaining certification as an AES filer and for applying for authorization to file on a postdeparture basis are described in

- (a) *EEI transmitted predeparture*. The EEI shall always be transmitted prior to departure for the following types of shipments:
- (1) Used self-propelled vehicles as defined in 19 CFR 192.1 of U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulations.
- (2) Essential and precursor chemicals requiring a permit from the DEA;
- (3) Shipments defined as "sensitive" by Executive Order;
- (4) Shipments where a U.S. government agency requires predeparture filing;
- (5) Shipments defined as "routed export transactions" (see §30.3(e));
- (6) Shipments to countries where complete outbound manifests are required prior to clearing vessels or aircraft for export (see U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulations 19 CFR 4.75(c) and 122.74(b)(2) for a listing of these countries):

- (7) Items identified on the USML of the ITAR (22 CFR 121);
- (8) Exports that require a license from the BIS, unless the BIS has approved postdeparture filing privileges for the USPPI;
- (9) Shipments of rough diamonds classified under HS subheadings 7102.10, 7102.21, and 7102.31 and exported (reexported) in accordance with the Kimberley Process; and
- (10) Shipments for which the USPPI has not been approved for postdeparture filing.
- (b) Filing deadlines for EEI transmitted predeparture. The USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the required EEI and have received the AES ITN no later than the time period specified as follows:
- (1) For USML shipments, refer to the ITAR (22 CFR 120 through 130) for specific requirements concerning predeparture filing time frames. In addition, if a filer is unable to acquire an ITN because the AES is not operating, the filer shall not export until the AES is operating and an ITN is acquired.
- (2) For non-USML shipments, file the EEI and provide the ITN as follows:
- (i) For vessel cargo, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI required by §30.6 and provide the filing citation or exemption legend to the exporting carrier twenty-four hours prior to loading cargo on the vessel at the U.S. port where the cargo is laden.
- (ii) For air cargo, including cargo being transported by Air Express Couriers, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI required by \$30.6 and provide the filing citation or exemption legend to the exporting carrier no later than two (2) hours prior to the scheduled departure time of the aircraft.
- (iii) For truck cargo, including cargo departing by Express Consignment Couriers, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI required by \$30.6 and provide the filing citation or exemption legend to the exporting carrier no later than one (1) hour prior to the arrival of the truck at the United States border to go foreign.
- (iv) For rail cargo, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI required by §30.6 and provide the filing citation or exemption legend to the ex-

- porting carrier no later than two (2) hours prior to the time the train arrives at the U.S. border to go foreign.
- (v) For mail and cargo shipped by other methods, except pipeline, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI required by §30.6 and provide the filing citation or exemption legend to the exporting carrier no later than two (2) hours prior to exportation. (See §30.46 for filing deadlines for shipments sent by pipeline.)
- (vi) For all other modes, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the required EEI no later than two (2) hours prior to exportation.
- (3) For non-USML shipments when the AES is unavailable, use the following instructions:
- (i) If the participant's AES is unavailable, the filer must delay the export of the goods or find an alternative filing method;
- (ii) If AES or AESDirect is unavailable, the goods may be exported and the filer must:
- (A) Provide the appropriate downtime filing citation as described in §30.7(b) and Appendix D; and
- (B) Report the EEI at the first opportunity AES is available.
- (c) EEI transmitted postdeparture. Postdeparture filing is only available for approved USPPIs and provides for the electronic filing of the data elements required by §30.6 no later than ten calendar days from the date of exportation. For USPPIs approved for postdeparture filing, all shipments than those for (other which predeparture filing is specifically required), by all methods of transportation, may be exported with the filing of EEI made postdeparture. Certified AES authorized agents or service centers may transmit information postdeparture on behalf of USPPIs approved for postdeparture filing, or the approved USPPI may transmit the data postdeparture itself. However, authorized agents or service centers will not be approved for postdeparture filing
- (d) Proof of filing citation and exemption and exclusion legends. The USPPI or the authorized agent shall provide the exporting carrier with the proof of filing citation and exemption and exclusion legends as described in §30.7.

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EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 78 FR 16376, Mar. 14, 2013, §30.4 was amended by revising paragraphs (a)(6) and (8); redesignating paragraphs (a)(9) and (10) as paragraphs (a)(10) and (11); adding new paragraph (a)(9); revising paragraph (b)(1) and paragraph (b)(2) introductory text; redesignating paragraph (b)(3) as (b)(4); adding a new paragraph (b)(4); adding paragraph (b)(5); and revising paragraph (c), effective Jan. 8, 2014. At 78 FR 67928, Nov. 13, 2013, the effective date was delayed until Apr. 5, 2014. For the convenience of the user, the added and revised text is set forth as follows:

§ 30.4 Electronic Export Information filing procedures, deadlines, and certification statements.

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(a) * * *

(6) Shipments where complete outbound manifests are required prior to clearing vessels going directly to the countries identified in U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulations 19 CFR 4.75(c) and aircraft going directly or indirectly to those countries. (See U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulation 19 CFR 122.74(b)(2));

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- (8) Shipments that require a license from the BIS and exports listed under BIS's grounds for denial of postdeparture filing status (see 15 CFR 758.2);
- (9) Shipments that require a license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

* * * * * *

(b) * * *

- (1) For USML shipments, refer to the ITAR (22 CFR 123.22(b)(1)) for specific requirements concerning predeparture filing time frames. In addition, if a filer is unable to acquire an ITN because the AES or AES*Direct* is not operating, the filer shall not export until the AES is operating and an ITN is acquired. The downtime filing citation is not to be used when the filer's system is down or experiencing delays.
- (2) For non-USML shipments, except shipments between the United States and Puerto Rico, file the EEI and provide the ITN as follows (See §30.4(b)(3), for filing timeframes for shipments between the United States and Puerto Rico):

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(3) For shipments between the United States and Puerto Rico, the AES proof of filing citation, postdeparture filing citation, or exemption citation must be presented to the

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carrier by the time the shipment arrives at the port of unloading.

- (4) For non-USML shipments when the AES or AES*Direct* is unavailable, use the following instructions:
- (i) If the participant's AES is unavailable, the filer must delay the export of the goods or find an alternative filing method:
- (ii) If AES or AES *Direct* is unavailable, the goods may be exported and the filer must:
- (A) Provide the appropriate downtime filing citation as described in §30.7(b) and Appendix D; and
- (B) Report the EEI at the first opportunity AES or AES*Direct* is available.
- (5) For used self-propelled vehicles as defined in 19 CFR 192.1 of U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulations, the USPPI or the authorized agent shall file the EEI as required by \$30.6 and provide the filing citation to the CBP at least 72 hours prior to export. The filer must also provide the carrier with the filing citation as required by paragraph (b) of this section.
- (c) EEItransmittedpostdeparture. Postdeparture filing is only available for approved USPPIs and provides for the electronic filing of the data elements required by §30.6 no later than five (5) calendar days after the date of exportation. For USPPIs approved for postdeparture filing, all shipments (other than those for which predeparture filing is specifically required), by all methods of transportation, may be exported with the filing of EEI made postdeparture. Authorized agents or service centers may transmit information postdeparture on behalf of USPPIs approved for postdeparture filing, or the approved USPPI may transmit the data postdeparture itself.

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§ 30.5 Electronic Export Information filing application and certification processes and standards.

Prior to filing EEI, the USPPI or the authorized agent must be certified to file through the AES. A service center shall be certified to transmit electronically to the AES. The USPPI, authorized agent, or service center may use a software package designed by a certified vendor to file EEI through the AES. Once an authorized agent has successfully completed the certification process, any USPPI using that agent does not have to be certified. The certified authorized agent shall have a properly executed power of attorney or written authorization from the USPPI or FPPI, and be physically located in the United States to file EEI through