importer, the producer, the entity controlling production, or any other person under part 163 of this chapter; and

- (2) The documentation and information set forth in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(v) of this section, when requested by CBP. This documentation and information may be made available to CBP by the importer or the importer may arrange to have the documentation and information made available to CBP directly by the exporter, producer, or entity controlling production:
- (i) Documentation and other information regarding all apparel articles that meet the requirements specified in §10.843(a) of this subpart that were exported to the United States and that were entered during the applicable one-year period, whether or not a claim for duty-free treatment was made under §10.847 of this subpart. Those records and other information include, but are not limited to, work orders and other production records, purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading and other shipping documents:
- (ii) Records to document the cost of all yarn, fabric, fabric components, and knit-to-shape components that were used in the production of the articles in question, such as purchase orders, invoices, bills of lading and other shipping documents, and customs import and clearance documents, work orders and other production records, and inventory control records;
- (iii) Records to document the direct costs of processing operations performed in Haiti or one or more eligible countries described in §10.844(c) of this subpart, such as direct labor and fringe expenses, machinery and tooling costs, factory expenses, and testing and inspection expenses that were incurred in production;
- (iv) Affidavits or statements of origin that certify who manufactured the yarn, fabric, fabric components and knit-to-shape components. The affidavit or statement of origin should include a product description, name and address of the producer, and the date the articles were produced. An affidavit for fabric components should state whether or not subassembly operations occurred; and

(v) Summary accounting and financial records which relate to the source records provided for in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(ii) of this section.

Subpart P—United States-Oman Free Trade Agreement

SOURCE: CBP Dec. 11-01, 76 FR 701, Jan. 6, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§10.861 Scope.

This subpart implements the duty preference and related customs provisions applicable to imported goods under the United States-Oman Free Trade Agreement (the OFTA) signed on January 19, 2006, and under the United States-Oman Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (the Act; 120 Stat. 1191). Except as otherwise specified in this subpart, the procedures and other requirements set forth in this subpart are in addition to the customs procedures and requirements of general application contained elsewhere in this chapter. Additional provisions implementing certain aspects of the OFTA and the Act are contained in Parts 24, 162, and 163 of this chapter.

§ 10.862 General definitions.

As used in this subpart, the following terms will have the meanings indicated unless either the context in which they are used requires a different meaning or a different definition is prescribed for a particular section of this subpart:

- (a) Claim for preferential tariff treatment. "Claim for preferential tariff treatment" means a claim that a good is entitled to the duty rate applicable under the OFTA to an originating good or other good specified in the OFTA, and to an exemption from the merchandise processing fee;
- (b) Customs duty. "Customs duty" includes any customs or import duty and a charge of any kind imposed in connection with the importation of a good, including any form of surtax or surcharge in connection with such importation, but does not include any:
- (1) Charge equivalent to an internal tax imposed consistently with Article III:2 of the GATT 1994, in respect of

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like, directly competitive, or substitutable goods of the Party, or in respect of goods from which the imported good has been manufactured or produced in whole or in part;

- (2) Antidumping or countervailing duty; and
- (3) Fee or other charge in connection with importation;
- (c) Days. "Days" means calendar days;
- (d) Enterprise. "Enterprise" means any entity constituted or organized under applicable law, whether or not for profit, and whether privately-owned or governmentally-owned or controlled, including any corporation, trust, partnership, sole proprietorship, joint venture, association, or similar organization:
- (e) Foreign material. "Foreign material" means a material other than a material produced in the territory of one or both of the Parties:
- (f) GATT 1994. "GATT 1994" means the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, which is part of the WTO Agreement:
- (g) Good. "Good" means any merchandise, product, article, or material;
- (h) Harmonized System. "Harmonized System (HS)" means the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, including its General Rules of Interpretation, Section Notes, and Chapter Notes, as adopted and implemented by the Parties in their respective tariff laws:
- (i) Heading. "Heading" means the first four digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System;
- (j) HTSUS. "HTSUS" means the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States as promulgated by the U.S. International Trade Commission;
- (k) Originating. "Originating" means a good qualifying under the rules of origin set forth in General Note 31, HTSUS, and OFTA Chapter Three (Textiles and apparel) or Chapter Four (Rules of Origin);
- (1) Party. "Party" means the United States or the Sultanate of Oman;
- (m) *Person*. "Person" means a natural person or an enterprise:
- (n) Preferential tariff treatment. "Preferential tariff treatment" means the duty rate applicable under the OFTA

to an originating good and an exemption from the merchandise processing fee;

- (o) Subheading. "Subheading" means the first six digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System;
- (p) Textile or apparel good. "Textile or apparel good" means a good listed in the Annex to the Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (commonly referred to as "the ATC"), which is part of the WTO Agreement;
 - (q) Territory. "Territory" means:
- (1) With respect to Oman, all the lands of Oman within its geographical boundaries, the internal waters, maritime areas including the territorial sea, and airspace under its sovereignty, and the exclusive economic zone and continental shelf where Oman exercises sovereign rights and jurisdiction in accordance with its domestic law and international law, including the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea: and
 - (2) With respect to the United States.
- (i) The customs territory of the United States, which includes the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico,
- (ii) The foreign trade zones located in the United States and Puerto Rico, and
- (iii) Any areas beyond the territorial seas of the United States within which, in accordance with international law and its domestic law, the United States may exercise rights with respect to the seabed and subsoil and their natural resources; and
- (r) WTO Agreement. "WTO Agreement" means the Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization of April 15, 1994.

IMPORT REQUIREMENTS

§ 10.863 Filing of claim for preferential tariff treatment upon importation.

An importer may make a claim for OFTA preferential tariff treatment for an originating good by including on the entry summary, or equivalent documentation, the symbol "OM" as a prefix to the subheading of the HTSUS under which each qualifying good is classified, or by the method specified