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- (b) *Permit*. The port director shall permit the transfer unless he has reason to believe that the merchandise will not be moved promptly from the zone or will be made the subject of an application for admission in accordance with §146.32(a).
- (c) Treatment of merchandise. Upon the issuance of a permit to lade, or unlade, the merchandise will be treated as though the lading or unlading were in the Customs territory.
- (d) Delay in zone transit. Merchandise delayed while transiting a zone must be made the subject of an application for admission in accordance with \$146.32, or it must be removed from the zone.

§ 146.35 Temporary deposit in a zone; incomplete documentation.

- (a) General. Temporary deposit of merchandise in a zone is allowed in circumstances where the information or documentation necessary to complete the Customs Form 214 is not available at the time of arrival of merchandise within the jurisdiction of the port. The merchandise will be subject to examination as provided in §146.36.
- (b) Application. An application for temporary deposit will be made to the port director on a properly signed and uniquely numbered Customs Form 214, annotated clearly "Temporary Deposit in a Zone".
- (c) *Conditions*. Merchandise temporarily deposited under the provisions of this section has no zone status and is considered to be in the Customs territory. It will:
- (1) Be physically segregated from all other zone merchandise;
- (2) Be held under the bond and at the risk of the operator; and
- (3) Be manipulated only to the extent necessary to obtain sufficient information about the merchandise to file the appropriate admission or entry documentation.
- (d) Approval. The port director shall approve the application for temporary deposit of merchandise in a zone if the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section are met.
- (e) Submission of CBP Form 214. A complete and accurate CBP Form 214 must be submitted, as provided in §146.32, within 15 calendar days with no

exceptions granted by the port director, or the merchandise will be placed in general order.

[T.D. 86-16, 51 FR 5049, Feb. 11, 1986, as amended by CBP Dec. 10-29, 75 FR 52452, Aug. 26, 2010]

§ 146.36 Examination of merchandise.

Except for direct delivery procedures provided for in §146.39, all merchandise covered by a Customs Form 214 may be retained for Customs examination at the place of unlading, the zone, or another location, as designated by the port director. The port director may authorize release of the merchandise without examination, as provided in §151.2 of this chapter. If a physical examination is conducted, the Customs officer shall note the results of the examination on the examination invoices

§ 146.37 Operator admission responsibilities.

- (a) Maintenance of admission documentation. The operator shall maintain either:
- (1) Lot file. The operator shall open and maintain a lot file containing a copy of the Customs Form 214, the examination invoice, and all other documentation necessary to account for the merchandise covered by each Customs Form 214. The lot file will be maintained in sequential order by using the unique number assigned to each Customs Form 214 as the file reference number; or
- (2) Authorized inventory method. Where a Customs authorized inventory method other than a lot system (specific identification of merchandise) is used, e.g., First-In-First-Out (FIFO), no lot file is required but the operator shall maintain a file of all Customs Form's 214 in sequential order.
- (b) Examination invoice. The operator shall give a copy of the examination invoice to the person making entry to transfer the merchandise from the zone upon request of that person or the port director.
- (c) Liability for merchandise. The operator will be held liable under its bond for the receipt of merchandise admitted in the quantity and condition as