- (f) The State VR agency or alternate participant must maintain, and provide as we may require, adequate documentation of all services and costs for all disabled or blind recipients with respect to whom a State VR agency or alternate participant could potentially request payment for services and costs under this subpart; and
- (g) The amount to be paid must be reasonable and necessary and be in compliance with the cost guidelines specified in §416.2217.
- [48 FR 6297, Feb. 10, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 8456, Mar. 8, 1990; 59 FR 11918, Mar. 15, 1994]

§ 416.2209 Responsibility for making payment decisions.

The Commissioner will decide:

- (a) Whether a continuous period of 9 months of SGA has been completed:
- (b) Whether a disability or blindness recipient whose disability or blindness has ceased should continue to receive benefits under section 1631(a)(6) of the Social Security Act for a month after October 1984 or, in the case of a blindness recipient, for a month after March 1988, based on his or her continued participation in a VR program;
- (c) If and when medical recovery has occurred:
- (d) Whether documentation of VR services and expenditures is adequate;
- (e) If payment is to be based on completion of a continuous 9-month period of SGA, whether the VR services contributed to the continuous period of SGA:
- (f) Whether a VR service is a service described in § 416.2214; and
- (g) What VR costs were reasonable and necessary and will be paid.

[55 FR 8456, Mar. 8, 1990, as amended at 59 FR 11918, Mar. 15, 1994; 61 FR 31026, June 19, 1996; 68 FR 40125, July 7, 2003]

§416.2210 What we mean by "SGA" and by "a continuous period of 9 months".

(a) What we mean by "SGA". In determining whether an individual's work is SGA, we will follow the rules in §§ 416.972 through 416.975. We will follow these same rules for individuals who are statutorily blind, but we will evaluate the earnings in accordance with the rules in § 404.1584(d) of this chapter.

- (b) What we mean by "a continuous period of 9 months". A continuous period of 9 months ordinarily means a period of 9 consecutive calendar months. Exception: When an individual does not perform SGA in 9 consecutive calendar months, he or she will be considered to have done so if—
- (1) The individual performs 9 months of SGA within 10 consecutive months and has monthly earnings that meet or exceed the guidelines in §416.974(b)(2), or §404.1584(d) of this chapter if the individual is statutorily blind, or
- (2) The individual performs at least 9 months of SGA within 12 consecutive months, and the reason for not performing SGA in 2 or 3 of those months was due to circumstances beyond his or her control and unrelated to the impairment (e.g., the employer closed down for 3 months).
- (c) What work we consider. In determining if a continuous period of SGA has been completed, all of an individual's work activity may be evaluated for purposes of this section, including work performed before October 1, 1981, during a trial work period, and after eligibility for disability or blindness payments ended. We will ordinarily consider only the first 9 months of SGA that occurs. The exception will be if an individual who completed 9 months of SGA later stops performing SGA, received VR services and then performs SGA for a 9-month period. See §416,2215 for the use of the continuous period in determining payment for VR services.

 $[48\ FR\ 6297,\ Feb.\ 10,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 55\ FR\ 8457,\ Mar.\ 8,\ 1990]$

§ 416.2211 Criteria for determining when VR services will be considered to have contributed to a continuous period of 9 months.

The State VR agency or alternate participant may be paid for VR services if such services contribute to the individual's performance of a continuous 9-month period of SGA. The following criteria apply to individuals who received more than just evaluation services. If a State VR agency or alternate participant claims payment for services to an individual who received only evaluation services, it must establish that the individual's continuous period or medical recovery (if medical

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recovery occurred before completion of a continuous period) would not have occurred without the services provided. In applying the criteria below, we will consider services described in §416.2214 that were initiated, coordinated or provided, including services before October 1, 1981.

- (a) Continuous period without medical recovery. If an individual who has completed a "continuous period" of SGA has not medically recovered as of the date of completion of the period, the determination as to whether VR services contributed will depend on whether the continuous period began one year or less after VR services ended or more than one year after VR services ended
- (1) One year or less. Any VR services which significantly motivated or assisted the individual in returning to, or continuing in, SGA will be considered to have contributed to the continuous period.
- (2) More than one year. (i) If the continuous period was preceded by transitional work activity (employment or self-employment which gradually evolved, with or without periodic interruption, into SGA), and that work activity began less than a year after VR services ended, any VR services which significantly motivated or assisted the individual in returning to, or continuing in, SGA will be considered to have contributed to the continuous period.
- (ii) If the continuous period was not preceded by transitional work activity that began less than a year after VR services ended, VR services will be considered to have contributed to the continuous period only if it is reasonable to conclude that the work activity which constitutes a continuous period could not have occurred without the VR services (e.g., training).
- (b) Continuous period with medical recovery occurring before completion. (1) If an individual medically recovers before a continuous period has been completed, VR services under paragraph (a) of this section will not be payable unless some VR services contributed to the medical recovery. VR services will be considered to have contributed to the medical recovery if—

- (i) The individualized written rehabilitation program (IWRP), or in the case of an alternate participant, a similar document, included medical services; and
- (ii) The medical recovery occurred, at least in part, because of these medical services. (For example, the individual's medical recovery was based on improvement in a back condition which, at least in part, stemmed from surgery initiated, coordinated or provided under an IWRP).
- (2) In some instances, the State VR agency or alternate participant will not have provided, initiated, or coordinated medical services. If this happens, payment for VR services may still be possible under paragraph (a) of this section if: (i) The medical recovery was not expected by us; and (ii) the individual's impairment is determined by us to be of such a nature that any medical services provided would not ordinarily have resulted in, or contributed to, the medical cessation.

 $[48\ {\rm FR}\ 6297,\ {\rm Feb}.\ 10,\ 1983,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 59\ {\rm FR}\ 11918,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 15,\ 1994]$

§416.2212 Payment for VR services in a case where an individual continues to receive disability or blindness benefits based on participation in an approved VR program.

Section 1631(a)(6) of the Act contains the criteria we will use in determining if an individual whose disability or blindness has ceased should continue to receive disability or blindness benefits because of his or her continued participation in an approved VR program. A VR agency or alternate participant can be paid for the cost of VR services provided to an individual if the individual was receiving benefits based on this provision in a month(s) after October 1984 or, in the case of a blindness recipient, in a month(s) after March 1988. If this requirement is met, a VR agency or alternate participant can be paid for the costs of VR services provided within the period specified in §416.2215, subject to the other payment and administrative provisions of this subpart.

 $[55~{\rm FR}~8457,~{\rm Mar.}~8,~1990,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~61~{\rm FR}~31026,~{\rm June}~19,~1996]$