Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 556.425 Morantel tartrate.
A tolerance of 0.7 part per million is established for N-methyl-1,3-propanediamine (MAPA, marker residue) in the liver (target tissue) of cattle and goats. A tolerance for residues of morantel tartrate in milk is not required.
[59 FR 17922, Apr. 15, 1994]

§ 556.426 Moxidectin.
(a) Acceptable daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total residues of moxidectin is 4 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.
(b) Tolerances—(1) Cattle—(i) Fat (the target tissue). The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 900 parts per billion (ppb).
(ii) Liver. The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 200 ppb.
(iii) Muscle. The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 50 ppb.
(iv) Milk. The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 40 ppb.
(2) Sheep—(i) Fat (the target tissue). The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 900 parts per billion (ppb).
(ii) Liver. The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 200 ppb.
(iii) Muscle. The tolerance for parent moxidectin (the marker residue) is 50 ppb.

§ 556.428 Narasin.
(a) Acceptable daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total residues of narasin is 5 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.
(b) Tolerances—(1) Chickens (abdominal fat). The tolerance for parent narasin (the marker residue) is 480 parts per billion.
(2) [Reserved]
[66 FR 23589, May 9, 2001]

§ 556.430 Neomycin.
(a) Acceptable daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total residues of neomycin is 6 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.
(b) Tolerances. Tolerances are established for residues of parent neomycin in uncooked edible tissues as follows:
(1) Cattle, swine, sheep, and goats. 7.2 parts per million (ppm) in fat, 3.6 ppm in liver, and 1.2 ppm in muscle.
(2) Turkeys. 7.2 ppm in skin with adhearing fat, 3.6 ppm in liver, and 1.2 ppm in muscle.
(3) Milk. A tolerance is established for residues of parent neomycin of 0.15 ppm.
[64 FR 31498, June 11, 1999]

§ 556.440 Nequinate.
A tolerance of 0.1 part per million is established for negligible residues of nequinate in the uncooked edible tissues of chickens.

§ 556.445 Nicarbazin.
A tolerance of 4 parts per million is established for residues of nicarbazin in uncooked chicken muscle, liver, skin, and kidney.
[42 FR 56729, Oct. 28, 1977]

§ 556.460 Novobiocin.
Tolerances for residues of novobiocin are established at 0.1 part per million in milk from dairy animals and 1 part