screening tool for detection of breast cancer or other uses is a nonelectrically powered or an AC-powered device applied to the skin that displays the color patterns of heat sensitive cholesteric liquid crystals that respond to temperature variations of the surface of the body. This generic type of device may include image display and recording equipment, patient and equipment supports, a means to ensure thermal contact between the patient’s skin and the liquid crystals, component parts, and accessories.

(b) Classification. Class III.

(3) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. As of the enactment date of the amendments, May 28, 1976, an approval under section 515 of the act is required before the device described in paragraph (b)(1) may be commercially distributed. See §884.3.


§884.2990 Breast lesion documentation system.

(a) Identification. A breast lesion documentation system is a device for use in producing a surface map of the breast as an aid to document palpable breast lesions identified during a clinical breast examination.

(b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control is FDA’s guidance entitled “Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Breast Lesion Documentation System.” See §884.3(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[58 FR 44415, Aug. 27, 2003]

Subpart D—Obstetrical and Gynecological Prosthetic Devices

§884.3200 Cervical drain.

(a) Identification. A cervical drain is a device designed to provide an exit channel for draining discharge from the cervix after pelvic surgery.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§884.3575 Vaginal pessary.

(a) Identification. A vaginal pessary is a removable structure placed in the vagina to support the pelvic organs and is used to treat conditions such as uterine prolapse (falling down of uterus), uterine retroposition (backward displacement), or gynecologic hernia.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§884.3650 Fallopian tube prosthesis.

(a) Identification. A fallopian tube prosthesis is a device designed to maintain the patency (openness) of the fallopian tube and is used after reconstructive surgery.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§884.3900 Vaginal stent.

(a) Identification. A vaginal stent is a device used to enlarge the vagina by stretching, or to support the vagina and to hold a skin graft after reconstructive surgery.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

Subpart E—Obstetrical and Gynecological Surgical Devices

§884.4100 Endoscopic electrocautery and accessories.

(a) Identification. An endoscopic electrocautery is a device used to perform female sterilization under endoscopic observation. It is designed to coagulate fallopian tube tissue with a probe heated by low-voltage energy. This generic type of device may include the following accessories: electrical generators, probes, and electrical cables.

(b) Classification. Class II. The special controls for this device are:

(1) FDA’s:


(ii) “510(k) Sterility Review Guidance 2/12/90 (K–90),”

(iii) “Guidance (‘Guidelines’) for Evaluation of Laparoscopic Bipolar and Thermal Coagulators (and Accessories),”